Permit #: 70 **Permit Date:** 06/01/23 Permit Type: Planning Commission Case Number: PC 23-27 PC Meeting Date: f. 1st Tuesday of July **BZA Meeting Date:** Assigned Meeting Date: 07/06/2023 **Special Meeting Date:** Applicant Is: Engineer Applicant Name: Preston Ayer Applicant Address: 504 Autumn Springs Ct #6 Applicant City, State, ZIP: Franklin, TN 37067 Applicant Phone Number: 951-704-0890 Applicant Email: preston@sws-engr.com Description: Proposed single family dwelling on a steep slope Project Cost: 1250 **Square Feet:** 0 Lot Area: 0 Lot Coverage: 0 Heat/cooled area: 0 Proposed Height(ft.): 0 **#of stories:** 0 Lot Depth/Width Ratio: Avg. front setback of adjacent homes: Zoning District: Zone D Radnor Lake Impact Zone: No Steep Slope: Yes Plat/Subdivison: No Status: Open Assigned To: Desiree Lohr

Property

Parcel #	Address	Legal Description	Owner Name	Owner Phone	Zoning
16010000700	5429 FRANKLIN PIKE	LOT 5 DEER RUN SUBD.1ST REV	KF LEGACY, LLC		
Fees					
	Fee	Description		Notes	Amount
Variance/Adminis	trative Appeal				\$250.00
Residential Steep	Slope Review Fee		(2 reviews)		\$1,000.00
				Total	\$1,250.00
Payments					
Date	Paid By	Description	Payment Type	Accepted By	Amount
06/09/2023					\$1,250.00

Outstanding Balance

MEMORANDUM

То:	Mr. Stephen Snow					
From:	Zac Dufour, P.E.					
	Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.					
Date:	May 31, 2023					
Subject:	PC Case 22-18, 5421 Franklin Road					

We have completed our review of the Steep Slope site plan for the proposed new home located at 5429 Franklin Road. Please see below for engineering comments.

Comments

- 1. The elevations appear to violate the height zone requirements.
 - a. Provided.
- Engineered retaining wall drawings and calculations must be submitted for any wall over 4' tall. Provide signed and sealed drawings.
 a. Provided.
- Provide total acreage of the property and square footage on the plans.
 a. Provided.
- 4. Provide impervious area table based on recently adopted bulk building standard revisions. Show allowable % and SF of impervious on table.
- a. Provided.5. Provide Gross Floor Area Ratio on plans.

a. Provided.

- Adjust Limits of Disturbance line to not show any disturbance within the tree protection zones.
 a. Provided.
- 7. Adjust silt fence as needed to not impact tree protection zones.
 - a. Provided.
- 8. Provide tree protection fencing to be located at the drip lines of all trees that are to be saved. Include tree protection fencing detail.
 - a. Provided
- 9. Is there going to be gas service to the house? If so, show the routing and account for it in limits of disturbance and tree removal.
 - a. No gas service is proposed.
- Where is the electrical service provided? Is it underground? I If so, show the routing and account for it in limits of disturbance and tree removal. Adjust proposed grading to be outside of tree drip lines and outside of tree protection zones.

 a. Provided.
- 11. Where is the concrete headwall detail to be used? Show on plan.
 - a. Provided.
- 12. Provide routing for stormwater to get to rain garden
 - a. Provided.
- 13. Provide underdrains for rain garden with outlet pipe and outlet protection.

- a. Due to high infiltration rates, underdrains no longer required.
- Provide more detailed elevations for rain garden specific to this site with a site-specific section detail of the rain garden with elevations, inverts, section thickness and materials.
 a. Provided.
- 15. Access easement shall be 50' wide.
 - a. Access easement for individual drives provided. There should also be a minimum 50' access easement encompassing the combined entry drive and turnaround area.
- 16. Private road must comply with Oak Hill Subdivision regulations (street section, slopes, pavement design, etc.) 11' lanes and 2' shoulders. TDOT detail will not suffice. Provide updated drawings and details for cross section and pavement designs.
 - a. Proposed drive configuration meets requirements agreed to in city meeting.
- 17. Have landscape architect provide planting plan for rain garden.
 - a. Provided.
- 18. Provide Fire Marshal approval of plans based on driveway length, turn around, slopes, etc.
 - a. Email provided by Metro Fire Marshal. If access design changes, we will need an updated email from the Fire Marshal referring to the new design.
- 19. Provide tree replacement plan.
 - a. Provided.
- 20. Provide a consolidated list of trees to be removed on sheet C0.02 and tabulate the total number of trees to be removed and the total caliper inches.a. Provided.
- Provide a plan that shows trees and proposed improvements with grading and limits of disturbance so we can review and compare the LOD and tree removal plan.
 a. Provided.
- Provide exhibit showing existing canopy coverage and proposed removal of tree canopy.
 a. Provided.
- Show drainage area map for area draining to the rain garden.
 a. Provided.
- 24. Provide residential infill worksheets on the plans.
 - a. Metro LID worksheet provided.
- 25. Provide pre vs post flow tables for each storm event on the plans.
- a. Provided.
- Add note regarding sod. All grassed areas on slopes 15% or greater will require sod.
 a. Provided.
- Provide more detail grading. Provide more spot grades around the house and in the lawn areas. Provide more wall grades. Provide proposed contours at 1' intervals.
 a. Provided.
- 28. Provide a statement from geotechnical engineer stating that they have reviewed the current site and grading plans and they comply with the geotechnical recommendations.a. Comment outstanding.
- Provide a statement from structural engineer stating that they have reviewed the current site, grading plans and geotechnical report and the structural drawings are consistent with all other plans.
 a. Provided.
- 30. Geotechnical engineer shall be on site during construction to observe conditions and report on the conditions with respect to the initial study, boring data, lab testing and provide any updated recommendations based on any deviations. Geotechnical engineer shall provide a certification letter upon completion of construction prior to the issuance of a certification of occupancy. The certification letter shall speak to the construction methods, geotechnical recommendations that were followed during construction, geotechnical engineer observations during construction and any deviations from the original recommendations that were made.
 - a. Acknowledged.

31. Add steep slope geotechnical requirements per the Steep Slope Ordinance Section 14-238. Add note, "Geotechnical Engineer shall be on site during construction to monitor construction. Engineer shall submit a geotechnical certification letter certifying the stability of the slope and the structure to the City of Oak Hill upon completion of construction and prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy."

a. Provided.

- Additional comments may be forthcoming based on changes made from this initial review.
 a. Acknowledged.
- 33. Additional comments may be forthcoming from the Geotechnical review.
 - a. Acknowledged.

Additional comments

- Provide a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to the City of Oak Hill for review and provide a TDEC Notice of Coverage under the Construction General Permit.
 a. NOC outstanding SWPPP still under review with TDEC.
- Refer to plan sheets for additional markups and comments.
 a. Provided.
- 3. Some trees appear to be within the limits of disturbance. Other trees appear to be right on the edge of the proposed house or walls. The contractor will need room to get the walls and foundations built and excavation which will impact the drip line of these trees. Refer to Sheets C0.02 and C1.00. Update tree removal table and canopy calculations based on the additional trees that are to be removed.

a. Provided

- 4. Rear setback is not shown in the site data table.
 - a. Provided.
- 5. Provide stand alone Erosion Control Plan. This plan should be a two-phases erosion control plan. Show Limits of Disturbance, silt fence, tree protection fence, and other erosion control measures to adequately handle the area draining to through the disturbed area. Diversion berms may be required to re-direct upstream area away from the disturbed area. Silt fence can only handle ¼ acre per 100 linear feet of silt fence therefore the silt fence shown on the plans does not appear to be sufficient to handle the entire drainage area.
 a. Provided.
- How will you precent upstream water from running over the private drives? I would think a swale/ditch on the high side of the private drive would be required to redirect the flow. This will need to be collected near the northern end of Lot 3 and conveyed to an adequate drainage facility.
 a. Provided.
- Provide downstream analysis of downstream drainage infrastructure.
 a. Provided.
- 8. Rain garden is not acceptable. Full LID design and calculations are required along with full detention design for all storm events.
 - a. Provided.
- 9. Provide recorded access easement.
- a. Easement documents pending. Easements will be recorded prior to PC.
- 10. Provide recorded utility easement for the water lines.
 - b. Easement documents pending. Easements will be recorded prior to PC.

- 11. Provide recorded electrical easement.
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- 12. Provie TDOT permit for work within the ROW.
 - a. TDOT deferred to NDOT. NDOT asked to provide ST-322 Drive Apron detail. Detail not provided in plan. Detail Added.
 - b. Approved.
- Is the water line connection within the roadway? Detail referenced is for asphalt repair, but the detail shown is for trench repair outside of asphalt. Clarify.
 a. Clarified.
- 14. Some base information is missing on the landscape plan.
 - a. Provided.

Additional Comments - 5/10/2023

 It's difficult to determine how storage volumes are being calculated in the Hydraflow model. The bottom of your storage does not correlate to an elevation in the bioretention detail, and only one bioretention detail is being provided on the plans. Regardless, your calculations show approximately 3' of storage height with an area equal to the surface area.

If you're modeling the storage of the amended soils and stone, porosity values of 0.25(amended soils) and 0.40(stone) should be factored into your storage volume. Additionally, you could build up the berm around the bioretention ponds and utilize all volume 0.67' above surface elevation as detention storage. Per our conversation, in order to utilize infiltration rates in an accurate Sf footprint, hydraflow modeling was done using an effective depth. Breakdown of volumes provided in bioretention calculations sheet.

If the existing undisturbed forested area was removed from the LID calculations, Rv would be below 80%. Roughly half the impervious area proposed is bypassing bioretention. A separate LID measure should be placed near the combined entrance to treat additional impervious areas. 4 acres of existing forested land to be dedicated as conservation easement.

- a. Approved.
- 2. Easement needed around the drive within Franklin Pike Right-of-Way that outlines maintenance responsibilities of three property owners.
 - a. Provided.
- Description provided for sewer. Exhibit and recorded document needed for sanitary sewer on 5429 and 5425
 - a. Provided.
- 4. See additional comments in attached marked up plans.
 - a. Provided.

Recommendation:

This project is recommended for approval pending the following conditions:

- 1. Geotechnical engineer shall provide a letter stating the plans are in conformance with the recommendations in the geotechnical report.
- 2. Easement documents are recorded
- 3. NOI obtained through TDEC.
- 4. TDOT permit obtained prior to building permit.

5. Geotechnical engineer shall be on site during construction and shall provide a certification prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy speaking to the stability of the structure and the stability of the slope and the soil characteristics encountered during construction with respect to the assumptions made in the original Geotechnical Investigation and Report.

MEMORANDUM

То:	Mr. Stephen Snow
From:	Zac Dufour, P.E.
	Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.
Date:	May 9, 2023
Subject:	PC Case 22-18, 5421 Franklin Road

We have completed our review of the Steep Slope site plan for the proposed new home located at 5429 Franklin Road. Please see below for engineering comments.

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- a. Provided.5. Provide Gross Floor Area Ratio on plans.

a. Provided.

6. Adjust Limits of Disturbance line to not show any disturbance within the tree protection zones.

a. Provided.

7. Adjust silt fence as needed to not impact tree protection zones.

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8. Provide tree protection fencing to be located at the drip lines of all trees that are to be saved. Include tree protection fencing detail.

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a. Proposed drive configuration meets requirements agreed to in city meeting.

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- Provide exhibit showing existing canopy coverage and proposed removal of tree canopy.
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Page 2

Kimley *Whorn*

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- 3. Description provided for sewer. Exhibit and recorded document needed for sanitary sewer on 5429 and 5425 See exhibit provided.
- 4. See additional comments in attached marked up plans. See plan markups for additional responses.

Resubmit plans and a comment response letter by May 17, 2023.

c: File



Geotechnical • Construction Materials • Environmental • Facilities

April 5, 2023

Mr. Jeremy Walker Urban Development Group, LLC P.O. Box 90288 Nashville, TN 37209

ECS Project No. 26:5679-A

Reference: Letter of Subsurface Exploration 5429 Franklin Pike 5429 Franklin Pike Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Walker:

As authorized by your acceptance of our proposal, (ECS Proposal No. 26:10717) dated March 21, 2023, ECS Southeast, LLP (ECS) has completed the subsurface exploration, laboratory testing, and geotechnical engineering analyses for the above-referenced project. Our services were performed in general accordance with our agreed to scope of work. This letter has been prepared to provide additional information and should be considered an addendum to our initial report (ECS Report No. 26:5679) dated August 2, 2022. It should be noted that the structure layout as shown in the initial report and the Construction Plans prepared by SWS Engineering, Inc. dated April 21, 2022, are different and soils conditions may change. ECS recommends the foundation excavations be observed by the geotechnical engineer of record at the time of construction.

SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Test Pits

The site subsurface conditions were evaluated with seven (7) test pits at the approximate locations shown on the Exploration Location Diagram in the Appendix. The quantity of test pits, locations, and excavation depths were determined in the field during this subsurface exploration.

A surficial layer of topsoil was measured at approximately 12- to 18- inches thick at the test pit locations. Below the topsoil, native light brown LEAN and FAT CLAY (CL, CH) was encountered. This material was typically brown in color and contained varying amounts of sand and gravel. At the structure location, refusal materials ranged from approximately 5 to 6 feet below existing grades. Test pit refusal was encountered at most test pit locations at approximate depths ranging from 2 ½ - to 7 ½-feet below the ground surface. Test Pit TP-7A did not encounter refusal and instead reached the extent of the bucket reach.

Groundwater was not encountered in the test pits at the time of excavation. It is possible for perched water to exist within the depths explored during other times of the year depending upon climatic and rainfall conditions. Additionally, discontinuous zones of perched water may exist within the overburden materials. Variations in the location of the long-term water table may occur as a result of changes in

precipitation, evaporation, surface water runoff, and other factors not immediately apparent at the time of this exploration.

Laboratory Testing Program

A geotechnical engineer classified each soil sample on the basis of texture and plasticity in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS, ASTM D 2487). The group symbols for each soil type are indicated in parentheses following the soil descriptions on each boring log. A brief explanation of the USCS is included in the Appendix. The engineer grouped the various soil types into the major zones noted on the test pit logs. The stratification lines designating the interfaces between materials on the exploration records should be considered approximate; in situ, the transitions may be gradual.

Representative soil samples were selected and tested in our laboratory to check field classifications and to determine pertinent index properties. The laboratory testing program included:

- Natural moisture content determinations (ASTM D 2216)
- Atterberg Limits tests (ASTM D 4318)

The soil samples will be retained in our laboratory for a period of 60 days, after which, they will be discarded unless other instructions are received as to their disposition. The results of the laboratory testing is included in the Appendix.

Laboratory index test results indicate the in-situ moisture content of the tested samples ranged from approximately 21 to 32 percent.

An Atterberg Limits test performed on a select soil sample from Test Pit TP-04A indicated LEAN CLAY (CL) with a Liquid Limit of 39 and a Plasticity Index of 21. The results have been included on the Laboratory Testing Summary in the Appendix.

Infiltration Testing

Two (2) drop rate tests were performed on March 13 and 14, 2023, in general conformance with recognized drop rate test procedures. To perform the test, an auger boring was extended to the depth shown in the table below, beneath the existing ground surface. Following completion of the auger boring, a 6-inch diameter casing was installed, generally flush with the bottom of the borehole. The casing was then filled with water to a depth of approximately 2 feet above the bottom of the hole and left to pre-soak for 24 hours. After the pre-soak period, approximately 2 feet of water was again added and the rate of water level drop was then observed for a 1 hour period. This procedure was then repeated three times over a total 4-hour period. A summary of the test results is presented in Table 1.

Boring No.	Boring Depth (ft)	USCS Classification	Groundwater Observations During Drilling (ft)	Average Drop Rate (inches per hour)	Last Hour Drop Rate (inches per hour)
I-1	8	СН	-	1.7	0.6
I-2	8	СН	-	2	0.6

Table 1 - In-Situ Drop Rate Test Results

While ECS is not aware of specific design infiltration rates desired for this project, we recommend an appropriate factor of safety be applied to the field results presented above. It is our experience that many times construction disturbance and compaction can reduce near surface pre-construction in-situ infiltration rates. Please note that the "drop rate" reported above does not equate to an in-situ permeability.

SLOPE ANALYSIS

Based on the initial test pits and the test pits completed as part of this addendum and the proposed finish floor elevation and the wall elevations, the residential structure and wall will be founded mostly on native soils. Most of the wall excavations will extend into native soil and some bedrock.

The slope stability analyses utilized for this project were based on two dimensional limit plastic equilibrium methods. In this method, a trial failure surface is assumed. The mass of soil above the failure surface is divided into vertical strips called slices. The forces acting on each slice are estimated. The forces are separated into those tending to cause failure and those tending to resist failure. The sum of the two sets of forces for a trial failure surface are tabulated and compared by dividing the forces resisting failure by those causing failure. This ratio is termed the factor of safety (FS). When the FS is 1.0, failure of the slope is imminent. When the FS exceeds 1.3, it is generally assumed the slope is adequate. However, there are certain minimum factors of safety which, by experience, are acceptable. In general, these minimum values of FS depend on the consequences of failure as well as the anticipated loading condition.

To determine the forces necessary to perform the analyses, the proposed slope geometry, stratigraphy, soil strength parameters, groundwater levels, and extraneous loads must be determined. Test pits were used in the determination of the stratigraphy of the site and the soil parameters.

The RocScience SLIDE2 computer program was used to evaluate the slope stability at each cross section. For this study, Bishop's Modified Method of Slices was used. Based on the existing grades, the slope analyzed was in mostly native soils. Native soil and rock parameters were chosen conservatively from published tables and formulas correlating soil and rock classifications with strength parameters.

Illustrations of the failure surface for the target condition is attached at the end of this report. The analysis was performed along critical slope heights and the slopes analyzed met and exceeded the target factor of safety. Our analyses indicated a minimum factor of safety for long term of 9.285.

In general, compacted soil fill embankments on stiff undisturbed soils should be constructed no steeper than a ratio of 3.0 horizontal (H) to 1.0 vertical (V). We recommend cut slopes not be steeper than a ratio of 3.0 (H) to 1.0 (V).

Surface water runoff should be routed from flowing over the slope face. For cut slopes, the area above the slope crest should be constructed with a reverse slope to reduce the likelihood of surface water runoff from flowing over the slope face. Additionally, we recommend a drainage swale or other provisions be constructed near the crest of each cut slope to divert water away from the cut face.

Material should not be stockpiled within 10 feet of the crest of cut or fill slopes. In addition, both cut and fill slope faces should be protected from erosion using a vegetative cover. Seed and mulch, or erosion matting with embedded seed, are options for developing a vegetative cover.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the test pit observations and laboratory test results, we offer the following conclusions and recommendations to help guide you in further decision making:

Foundations – ECS recommends that the residential foundations extend through the structural fill and be founded on the stiff native soils or bedrock. This is recommended as a concern for differential settlement exceeding acceptable tolerances for the structure. Where bedrock is encountered at the footing bearing level, we recommend undercutting the bedrock to allow for a 24 inch cushion of low plasticity lean clay soils. The soil backfill should be compacted to 95% of the standard Proctor maximum dry density.

Highly Plastic Soils – Highly-expansive and compressible FAT CLAY (CH) soils were encountered on-site during our exploration. It is our opinion that the on-site highly plastic FAT CLAY (CH) soils should not be utilized for the direct support of the proposed foundations or slab on grades and should only be re-used as engineered fill in deeper fill sections, i.e., greater than 4 feet below planned grades. If this material is encountered in cut sections, a minimum of a 2-foot cap of low plasticity clay should be placed above the highly plastic clay material.

Rock Excavation – In general, the test pits encountered shallow bedrock in the upper approximate 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ - to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ - feet as indicated by the Test Pit Logs. Based on our understanding of the proposed excavations required at the site, the use of special excavation techniques (i.e., blasting or hoe-ramming) will be required for excavations beyond the depth of bucket refusal.

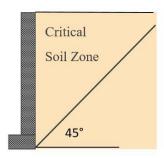
Colluvial Soils – Colluvial soils were not encountered during our test pit exploration. However, if these soils are encountered during construction, ECS recommends removing these materials to the depth of stiff residual soils or bedrock within and 10 feet outside the planned construction limits and placing and compacting adequate structural fill.

Site Retaining Walls – The retaining walls are expected to be founded on native soils and bedrock. Unlike below grade walls, site retaining walls are free to rotate at the top (not restrained). For these walls the "Active" (k_a) soil condition should be used along with a triangular distribution of earth pressures. In addition, site retaining walls should be designed to withstand lateral earth pressures exerted by the backfill and surcharge loads within the "Critical Soil Zone". The Critical Zone is defined as the area between the back of the retaining wall footing and an imaginary line projected upward and rearward at a 45-degree angle (see figure below).

The lateral earth pressures developed behind site retaining walls are a function of the backfill soil type, backfill slope angle, and surcharge loads. For the design of site retaining walls, we recommend the parameters provided below.

Soil Parameter	Select Granular Fill	No. 57 or No. 67 Stone
Coefficient of Active Earth Pressure (K _a)	0.31	0.22
Retained Soil Moist Unit Weight (γ)	130 pcf	105 pcf
Cohesion (C)	0 psf	0 psf
Angle of Internal Friction (φ)	32°	40°
Friction Coefficient [Concrete on Soil] (μ)	0.30	0.30
Active Equivalent Fluid Pressure	83H (psf)	72H (psf)

Retaining Wall Backfill in the Critical Zone



Foundation Parameters

Soil Parameter	Estimated value
Allowable Bearing Pressure (Native Soil)	3,000 psf
Minimum Wall Embedment Below Grade	18 inches
Coefficient of Passive Earth Pressure (K _p)	2.76
Rock Unit Weight (γ)	120 pcf
Cohesion (C)	500 psf
Interface Friction Angle [Concrete on Soil] (φ_f)	28°
Sliding Friction Coefficient [Concrete on Rock] (μ)	0.30
Passive Equivalent Fluid Pressure	295H (psf)

It is critical that the soils used for backfill of the retaining walls meet the soil parameters recommended above. If the soils available do not meet those parameters, then ECS should be contacted to provide revised values, and to confirm that only adequate granular materials will be used for wall backfill.

Care should be used to avoid the operation of heavy equipment to compact the wall backfill since it may overload and damage the wall. In addition, such loads are not typically considered in the design of site retaining walls, and are not provided for in our recommendations.

Wall Drainage: Retaining walls should be provided with a wall and foundation drainage system to relieve hydrostatic pressures which may develop behind the walls. This system should consist of weepholes through the wall and/or a 4-inch perforated, closed joint drain line located along the backside of the walls above the top of the footing. The drain line should be surrounded by a minimum of 6 inches of AASHTO #57 Stone wrapped with an approved non-woven geotextile, such as Mirafi 140-N or equivalent. Wall drains can consist of a 12-inch wide zone of free draining gravel, such as AASHTO #57 Stone, employed directly behind the wall and separated from the soils beyond with a non-woven geotextile. Alternatively, the wall drain can consist of an adequate geocomposite drainage board material. The wall drain should be hydraulically connected to the foundation drain.

Closing

Our professional services have been performed, our findings obtained, and our conclusions prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering principles and practices. ECS is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions, or recommendations made by others based on these data. No

third party is given the right to rely on this report without express written permission. We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you during the design phase of this project.

If you have any questions with regard to the information and recommendations presented in this report, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully, ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

Trevor Nugent

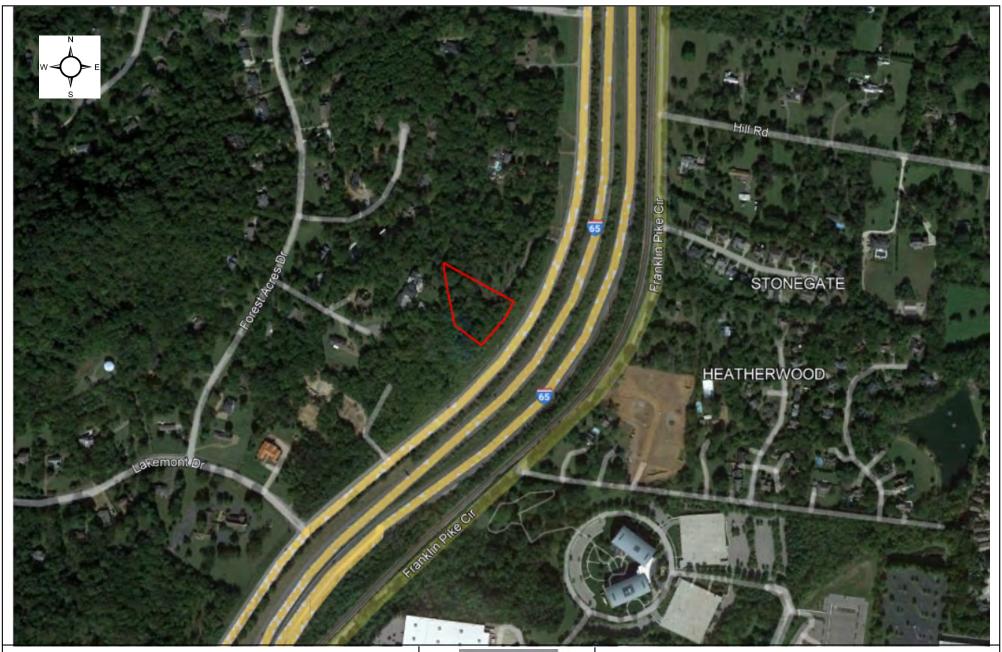
Trevor Nugent Geotechnical Staff Project Manager



John D. Godfrey Jr., P.E. Principal Engineer

Attachments:

Site Location Diagram Exploration Location Diagram Test Pit Logs Slope Stability Results Liquid and Plastic Limit Test Report Laboratory Test Results Summary Important Information

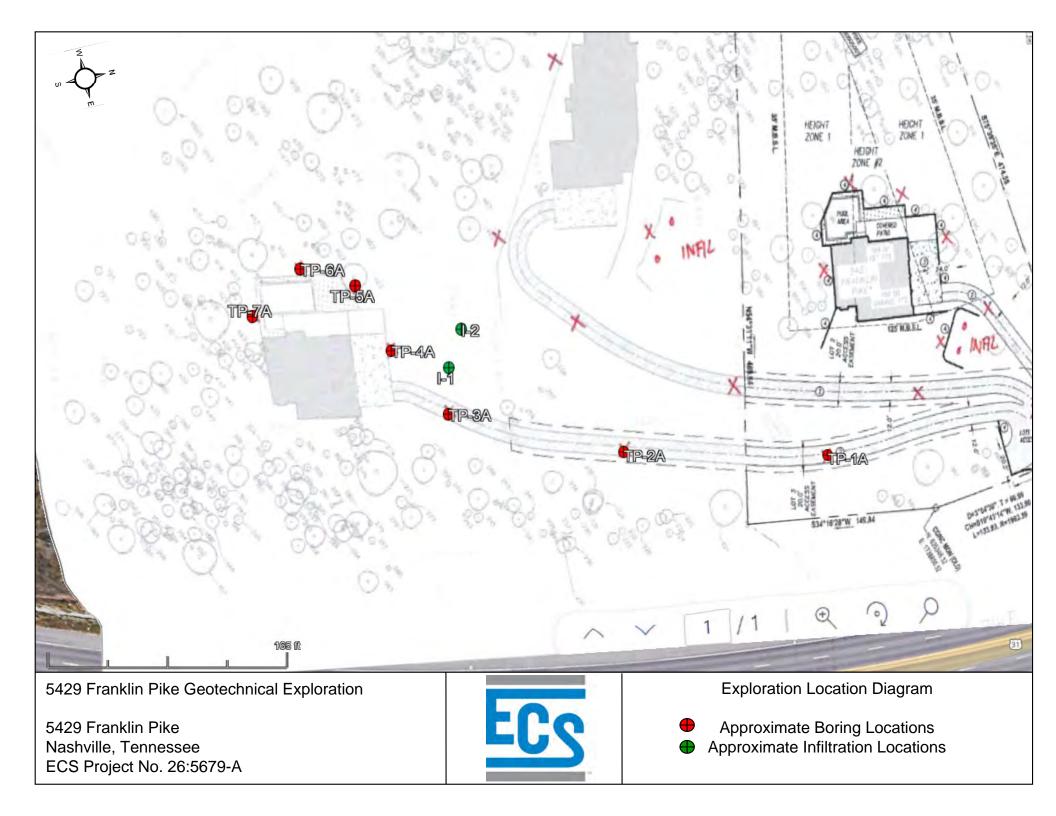


5429 Franklin Pike Geotechnical Exploration

5429 Franklin Pike Nashville, Tennessee ECS Project No. 26:5679-A



Site Location Diagram (approximate site location outlined in red)



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			RCULATION V WL (Stabilized)	Rock			Franklin Pike, Nashville, Tennessee, 37220

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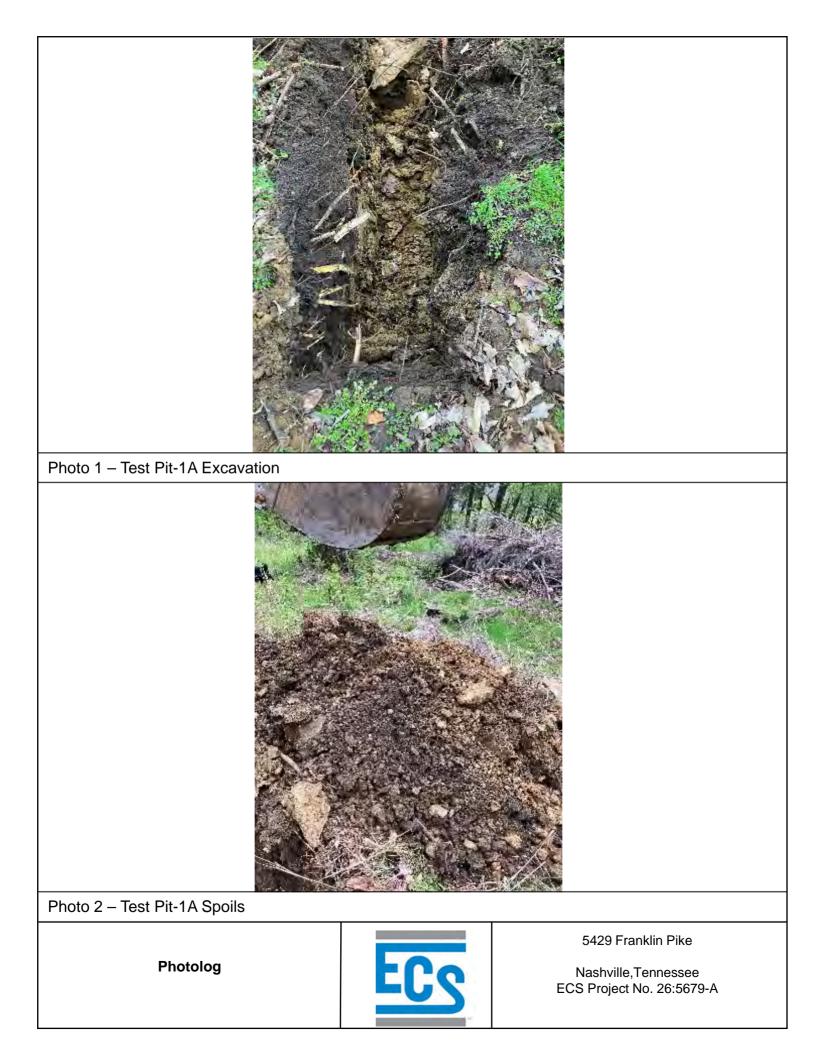
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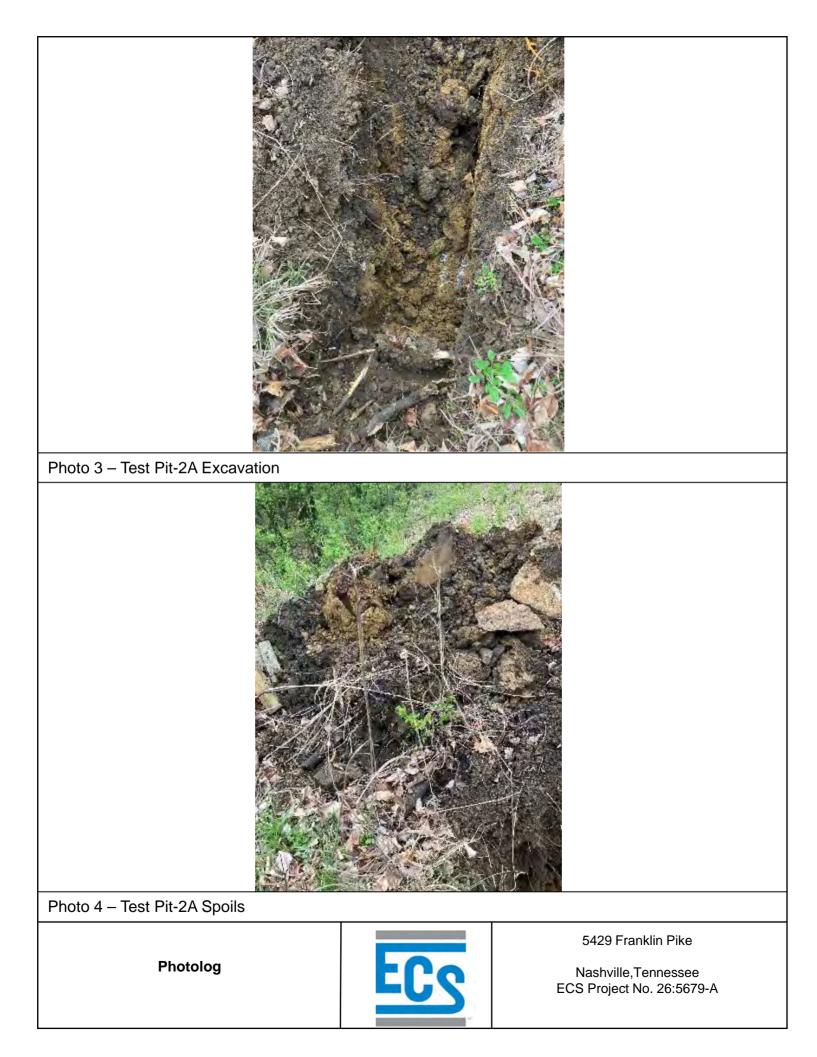
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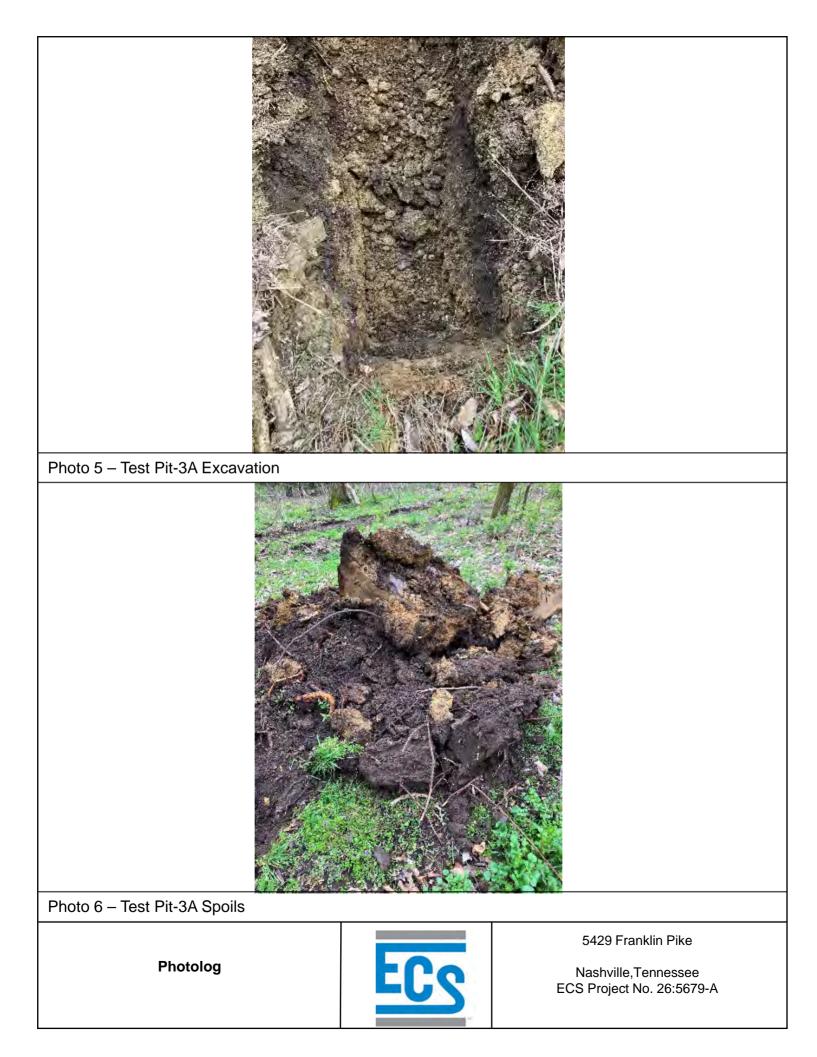
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5429 Franklin Pike, Nashville, Tennessee, 37220							STATION:					
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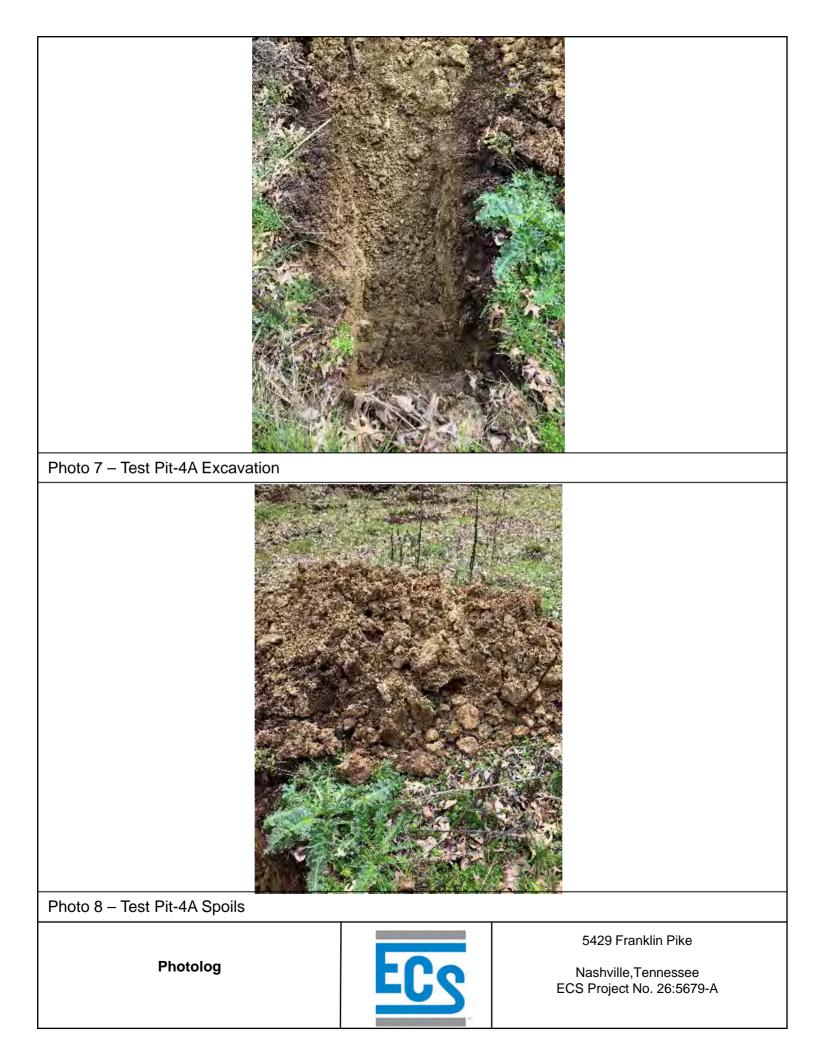
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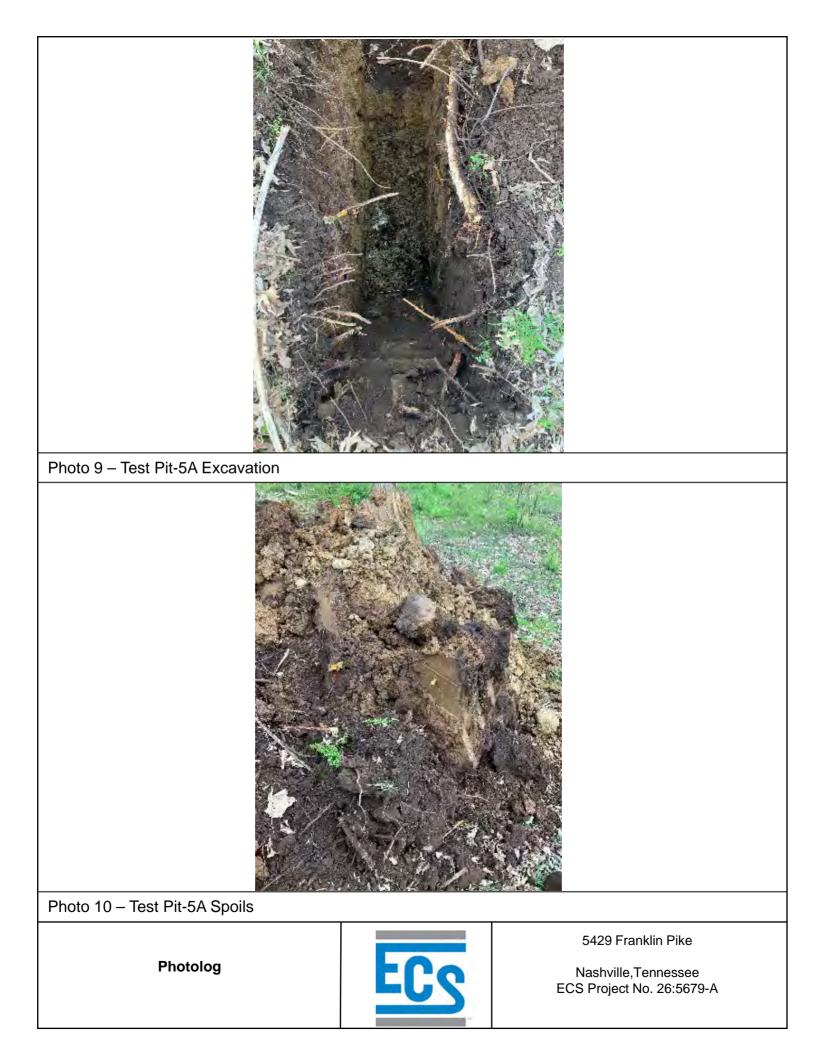
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			(CH) FAT C very stiff	LAY, trace gr	avel, trace sand,	brown, moist,					- 5-3	-26.2-
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ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED:							UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH:			1:		
	Mar 13 2023 English TEST PIT LOG											

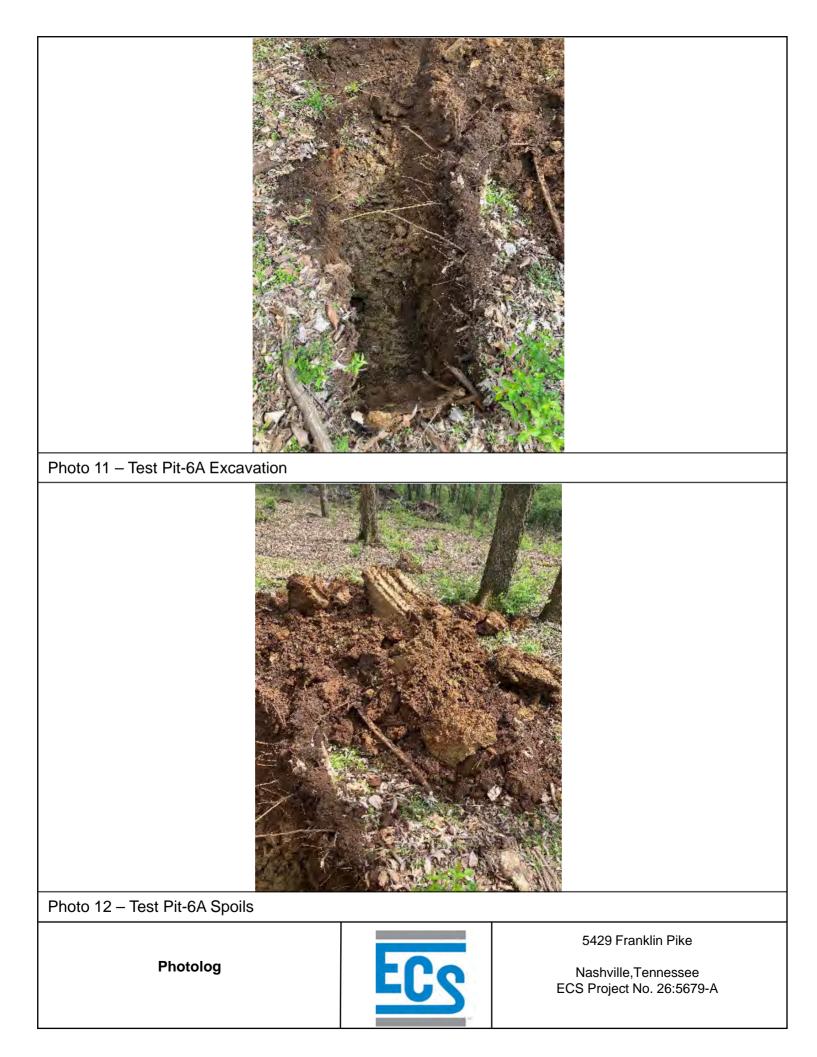


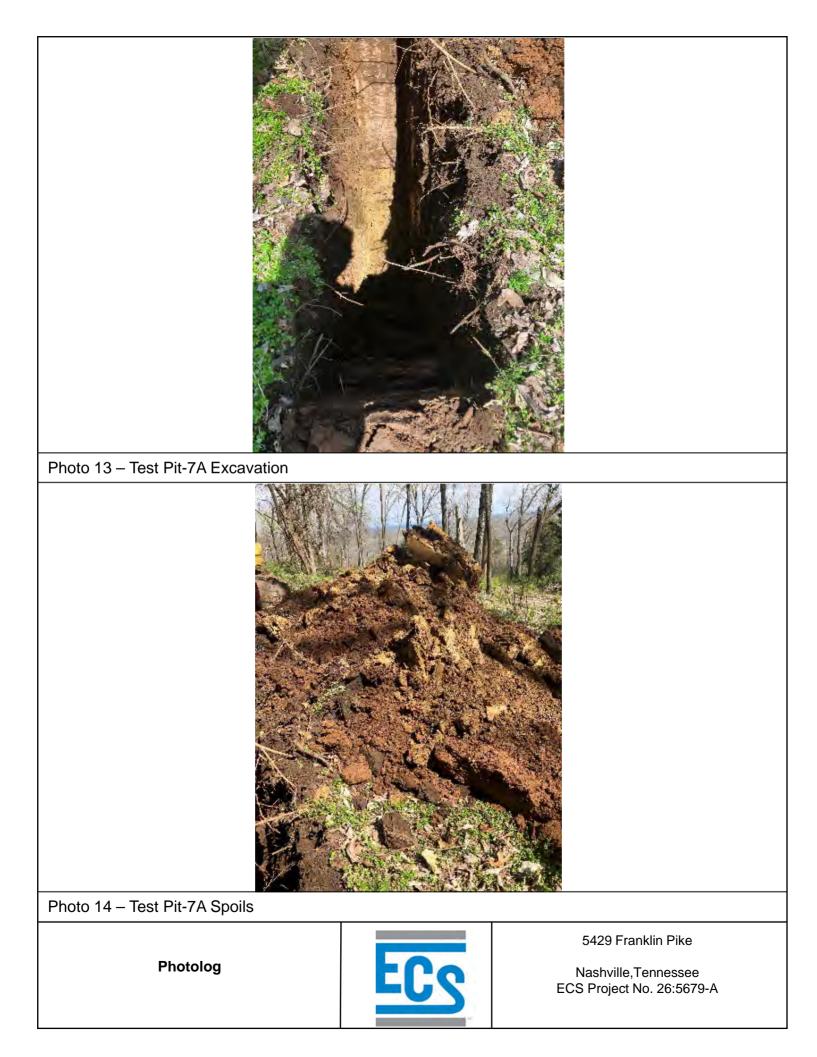


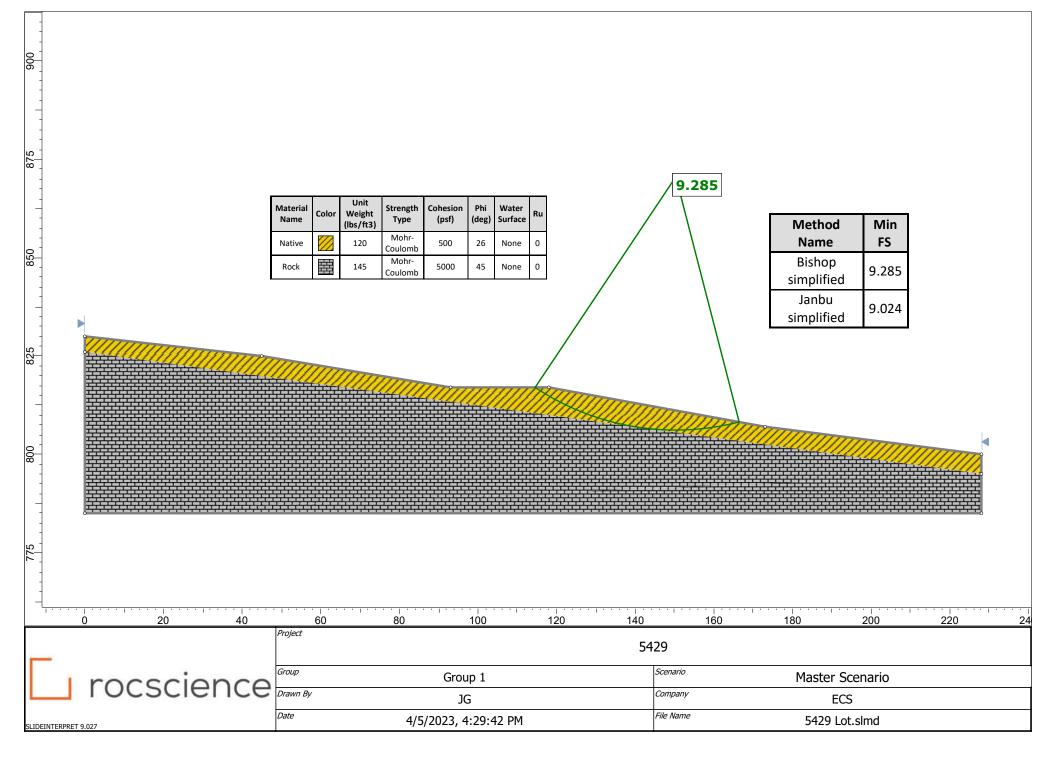


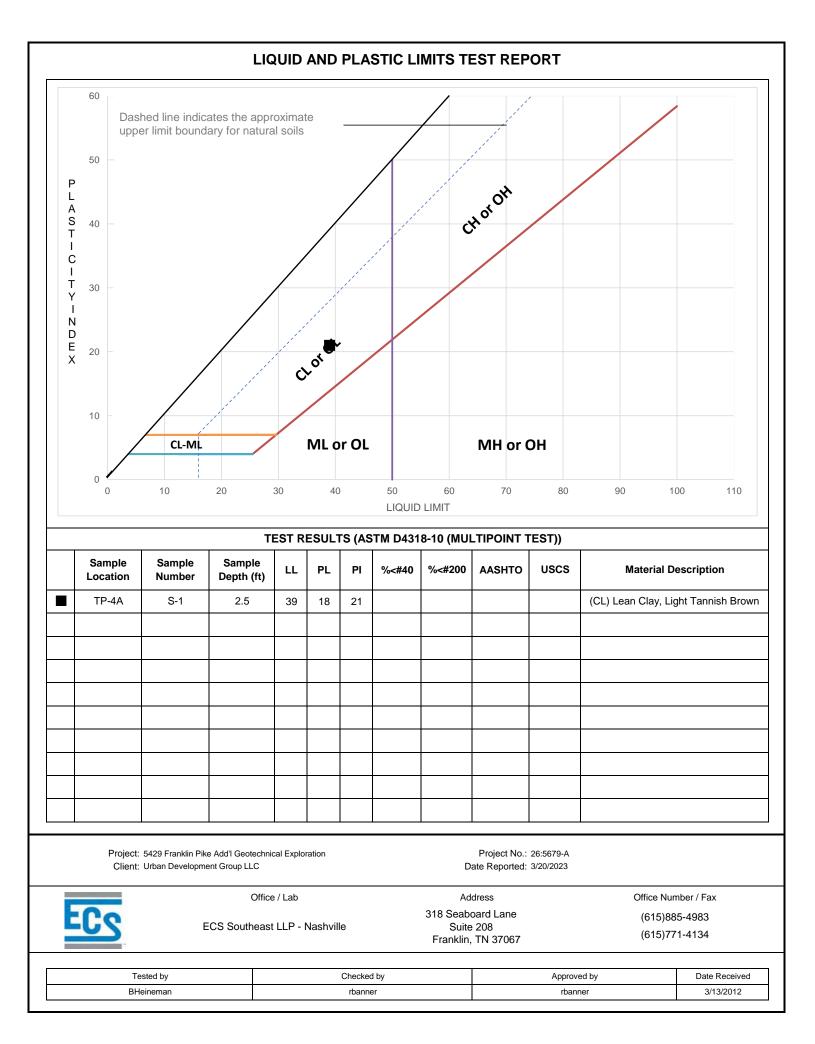












Laboratory Testing Summary													
					Atte	tterberg Limits **Percent			Moisture	CBF	R (%)		
Sample Location	Sample Number	Depth (feet)	^MC (%)	Soil Type	LL	PL	PI	Passing No. 200 Sieve	<maximum Density (pcf)</maximum 	<optimum Moisture (%)</optimum 	0.1 in.	0.2 in.	#Organic Content (%)
TP-1A	S-1	2.5	30.4										
TP-2A	S-1	2.5	31.1										
TP-2A	S-2	5	31.7										
TP-3A	S-1	2.5	22.1										
TP-4A	S-1	2.5	22.3		39	18	21						
TP-5A	S-1	2.5	26.6										
TP-5A	S-2	5	22.6										
TP-5A	S-3	7.5	24.0										
TP-6A	S-1	2.5	27.4										
TP-7A	S-1	2.5	21.0										
	values MC: Moisture Bearing Ratio dd'l Geotech	e Content, S o, OC: Orga	oil Type: U nic Conten	SCS (Unifi		lassificati Proj	ion Syste		ASTM D2974-2				
Office / Lab Address Office Number / Fax Image: Diffice / Lab 318 Seaboard Lane (615)885-4983 ECS Southeast LLP - Nashville Suite 208 (615)771-4134													
	ted by inella			Checke	-			Approved rbanne			Received 3/2012		
				IDall			I		·	3/1.	5/2012]

Laboratory Testing Summary														
						Atterberg Limits **Percent				Moisture	CBR (%)			
Sample Loo	Number (reet) (%) Type LL PL PI No. 200 <maximum< th=""> <optimum< th=""> Sieve Density (pcf) Moisture (%) 0.1 in. 0.1 in.<th>0.2 in.</th><th>#Organic Content (%)</th></optimum<></maximum<>									0.2 in.	#Organic Content (%)			
TP-7A	N	S-2	5	20.8										
TP-7A	A Contraction of the second se	S-3	7.5	26.2										
TP-7A	N .	S-4	10	25.9										
		values	Content, S	oil Type: U	SCS (Unifi					ASTM D2974-2				
	5429 Franklin Pike A Urban Development (nical Explo	oration					26:5679-A 3/20/2023					
		Office /	Lab				A	Address		O	ffice Number	/ Fax		
ECS Southeast LLP - Nashville Suite 208 (615)885-4983														
								in, TN 3	37067		(615)771-41	34		
	Test	ted by			Checke	ed by			Approved	by	Date	Received		
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Important Information about This Geotechnical-Engineering Report

Subsurface problems are a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes.

While you cannot eliminate all such risks, you can manage them. The following information is provided to help.

The Geoprofessional Business Association (GBA) has prepared this advisory to help you – assumedly a client representative - interpret and apply this geotechnical-engineering report as effectively as possible. In that way, clients can benefit from a lowered exposure to the subsurface problems that, for decades, have been a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes. If you have questions or want more information about any of the issues discussed below, contact your GBA-member geotechnical engineer. Active involvement in the Geoprofessional Business Association exposes geotechnical engineers to a wide array of risk-confrontation techniques that can be of genuine benefit for everyone involved with a construction project.

Geotechnical-Engineering Services Are Performed for Specific Purposes, Persons, and Projects

Geotechnical engineers structure their services to meet the specific needs of their clients. A geotechnical-engineering study conducted for a given civil engineer will not likely meet the needs of a civil-works constructor or even a different civil engineer. Because each geotechnical-engineering study is unique, each geotechnical-engineering report is unique, prepared *solely* for the client. *Those who rely on a geotechnical-engineering report prepared for a different client can be seriously misled.* No one except authorized client representatives should rely on this geotechnical-engineering report without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer who prepared it. *And no one – not even you – should apply this report for any purpose or project except the one originally contemplated.*

Read this Report in Full

Costly problems have occurred because those relying on a geotechnicalengineering report did not read it *in its entirety*. Do not rely on an executive summary. Do not read selected elements only. *Read this report in full*.

You Need to Inform Your Geotechnical Engineer about Change

Your geotechnical engineer considered unique, project-specific factors when designing the study behind this report and developing the confirmation-dependent recommendations the report conveys. A few typical factors include:

- the client's goals, objectives, budget, schedule, and risk-management preferences;
- the general nature of the structure involved, its size, configuration, and performance criteria;
- the structure's location and orientation on the site; and
- other planned or existing site improvements, such as retaining walls, access roads, parking lots, and underground utilities.

Typical changes that could erode the reliability of this report include those that affect:

- the site's size or shape;
- the function of the proposed structure, as when it's changed from a parking garage to an office building, or from a light-industrial plant to a refrigerated warehouse;
- the elevation, configuration, location, orientation, or weight of the proposed structure;
- the composition of the design team; or
- project ownership.

As a general rule, *always* inform your geotechnical engineer of project changes – even minor ones – and request an assessment of their impact. *The geotechnical engineer who prepared this report cannot accept responsibility or liability for problems that arise because the geotechnical engineer was not informed about developments the engineer otherwise would have considered.*

This Report May Not Be Reliable

Do not rely on this report if your geotechnical engineer prepared it:

- for a different client;
- for a different project;
- for a different site (that may or may not include all or a portion of the original site); or
- before important events occurred at the site or adjacent to it; e.g., man-made events like construction or environmental remediation, or natural events like floods, droughts, earthquakes, or groundwater fluctuations.

Note, too, that it could be unwise to rely on a geotechnical-engineering report whose reliability may have been affected by the passage of time, because of factors like changed subsurface conditions; new or modified codes, standards, or regulations; or new techniques or tools. *If your geotechnical engineer has not indicated an "apply-by" date on the report, ask what it should be*, and, in general, *if you are the least bit uncertain* about the continued reliability of this report, contact your geotechnical engineer before applying it. A minor amount of additional testing or analysis – if any is required at all – could prevent major problems.

Most of the "Findings" Related in This Report Are Professional Opinions

Before construction begins, geotechnical engineers explore a site's subsurface through various sampling and testing procedures. *Geotechnical engineers can observe actual subsurface conditions only at those specific locations where sampling and testing were performed.* The data derived from that sampling and testing were reviewed by your geotechnical engineer, who then applied professional judgment to form opinions about subsurface conditions throughout the site. Actual sitewide-subsurface conditions may differ – maybe significantly – from those indicated in this report. Confront that risk by retaining your geotechnical engineer to serve on the design team from project start to project finish, so the individual can provide informed guidance quickly, whenever needed.

This Report's Recommendations Are Confirmation-Dependent

The recommendations included in this report – including any options or alternatives – are confirmation-dependent. In other words, *they are not final*, because the geotechnical engineer who developed them relied heavily on judgment and opinion to do so. Your geotechnical engineer can finalize the recommendations *only after observing actual subsurface conditions* revealed during construction. If through observation your geotechnical engineer confirms that the conditions assumed to exist actually do exist, the recommendations can be relied upon, assuming no other changes have occurred. *The geotechnical engineer who prepared this report cannot assume responsibility or liability for confirmationdependent recommendations if you fail to retain that engineer to perform construction observation*.

This Report Could Be Misinterpreted

Other design professionals' misinterpretation of geotechnicalengineering reports has resulted in costly problems. Confront that risk by having your geotechnical engineer serve as a full-time member of the design team, to:

- confer with other design-team members,
- help develop specifications,
- review pertinent elements of other design professionals' plans and specifications, and
- be on hand quickly whenever geotechnical-engineering guidance is needed.

You should also confront the risk of constructors misinterpreting this report. Do so by retaining your geotechnical engineer to participate in prebid and preconstruction conferences and to perform construction observation.

Give Constructors a Complete Report and Guidance

Some owners and design professionals mistakenly believe they can shift unanticipated-subsurface-conditions liability to constructors by limiting the information they provide for bid preparation. To help prevent the costly, contentious problems this practice has caused, include the complete geotechnical-engineering report, along with any attachments or appendices, with your contract documents, *but be certain to note conspicuously that you've included the material for informational purposes only.* To avoid misunderstanding, you may also want to note that "informational purposes" means constructors have no right to rely on the interpretations, opinions, conclusions, or recommendations in the report, but they may rely on the factual data relative to the specific times, locations, and depths/elevations referenced. Be certain that constructors know they may learn about specific project requirements, including options selected from the report, *only* from the design drawings and specifications. Remind constructors that they may perform their own studies if they want to, and *be sure to allow enough time* to permit them to do so. Only then might you be in a position to give constructors the information available to you, while requiring them to at least share some of the financial responsibilities stemming from unanticipated conditions. Conducting prebid and preconstruction conferences can also be valuable in this respect.

Read Responsibility Provisions Closely

Some client representatives, design professionals, and constructors do not realize that geotechnical engineering is far less exact than other engineering disciplines. That lack of understanding has nurtured unrealistic expectations that have resulted in disappointments, delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes. To confront that risk, geotechnical engineers commonly include explanatory provisions in their reports. Sometimes labeled "limitations," many of these provisions indicate where geotechnical engineers' responsibilities begin and end, to help others recognize their own responsibilities and risks. *Read these provisions closely*. Ask questions. Your geotechnical engineer should respond fully and frankly.

Geoenvironmental Concerns Are Not Covered

The personnel, equipment, and techniques used to perform an environmental study – e.g., a "phase-one" or "phase-two" environmental site assessment – differ significantly from those used to perform a geotechnical-engineering study. For that reason, a geotechnicalengineering report does not usually relate any environmental findings, conclusions, or recommendations; e.g., about the likelihood of encountering underground storage tanks or regulated contaminants. *Unanticipated subsurface environmental problems have led to project failures*. If you have not yet obtained your own environmental information, ask your geotechnical consultant for risk-management guidance. As a general rule, *do not rely on an environmental report prepared for a different client, site, or project, or that is more than six months old.*

Obtain Professional Assistance to Deal with Moisture Infiltration and Mold

While your geotechnical engineer may have addressed groundwater, water infiltration, or similar issues in this report, none of the engineer's services were designed, conducted, or intended to prevent uncontrolled migration of moisture – including water vapor – from the soil through building slabs and walls and into the building interior, where it can cause mold growth and material-performance deficiencies. Accordingly, *proper implementation of the geotechnical engineer's recommendations will not of itself be sufficient to prevent moisture infiltration*. Confront the risk of moisture infiltration by including building-envelope or mold specialists on the design team. *Geotechnical engineers are not buildingenvelope or mold specialists*.



Telephone: 301/565-2733 e-mail: info@geoprofessional.org www.geoprofessional.org

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Geotechnical • Construction Materials • Environmental • Facilities

June 13, 2023

Mr. Jeremy Walker Urban Development Group, LLC P.O. Box 90288 Nashville, TN 37209

ECS Project No. 26:5679

Reference: Letter of Subsurface Exploration 5429 Franklin Pike 5429 Franklin Pike Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Walker:

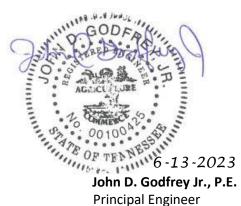
ECS Southeast, LLP (ECS) has completed the subsurface exploration, laboratory testing, and geotechnical engineering analyses for the above-referenced project. This letter has been prepared to provide additional information regarding the proposed project. The site plan set titled 5429 Franklin Pike, Nashville, TN 37220 Construction Documents, dated May 17, 2023, and prepared by SWS Engineering, Inc. was reviewed, containing the current site and grading plans, and they do comply with the geotechnical recommendations provided in ECS' initial report (ECS Report No. 26:5679) dated August 2, 2022, and the addendum report (ECS Report No. 26-5679-A) dated April 5, 2023.

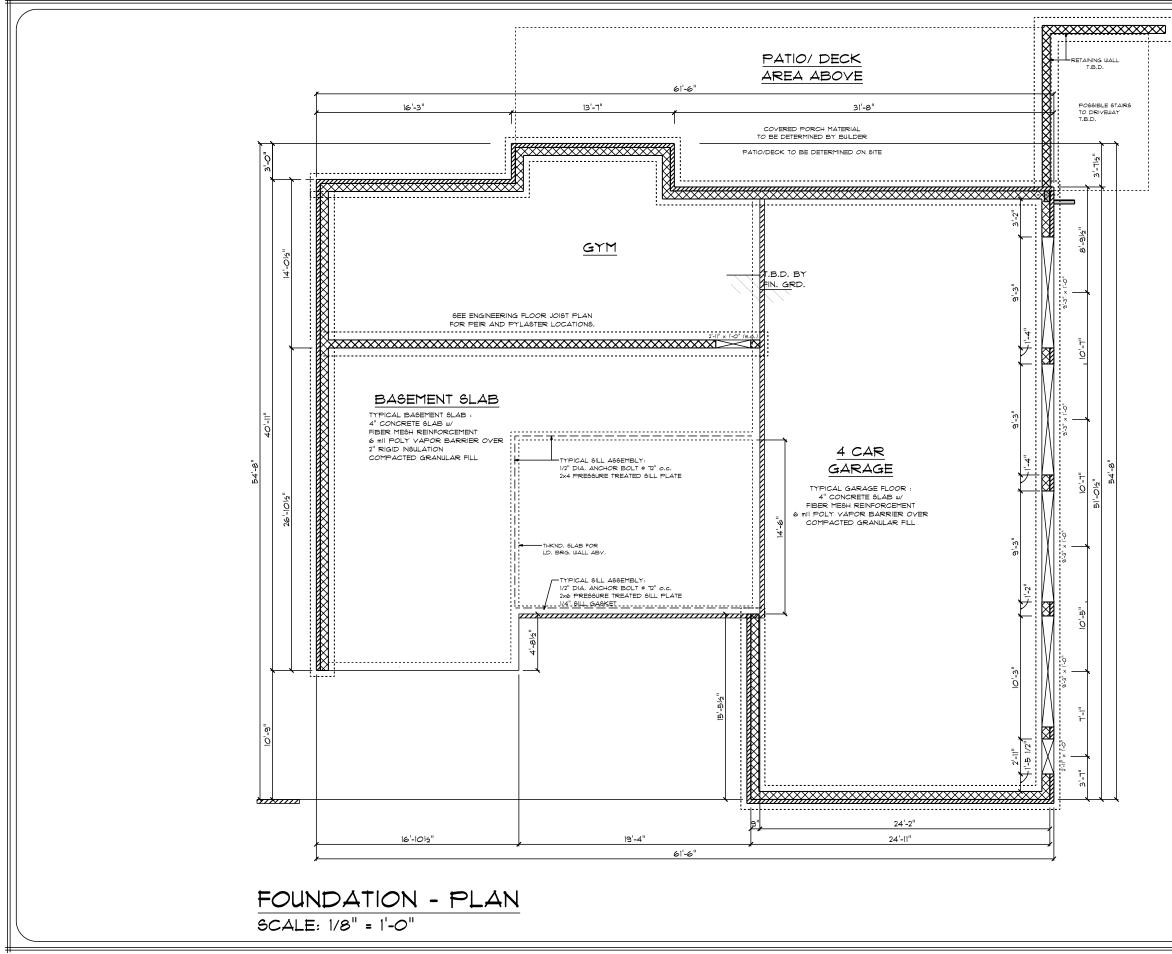
If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully, ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

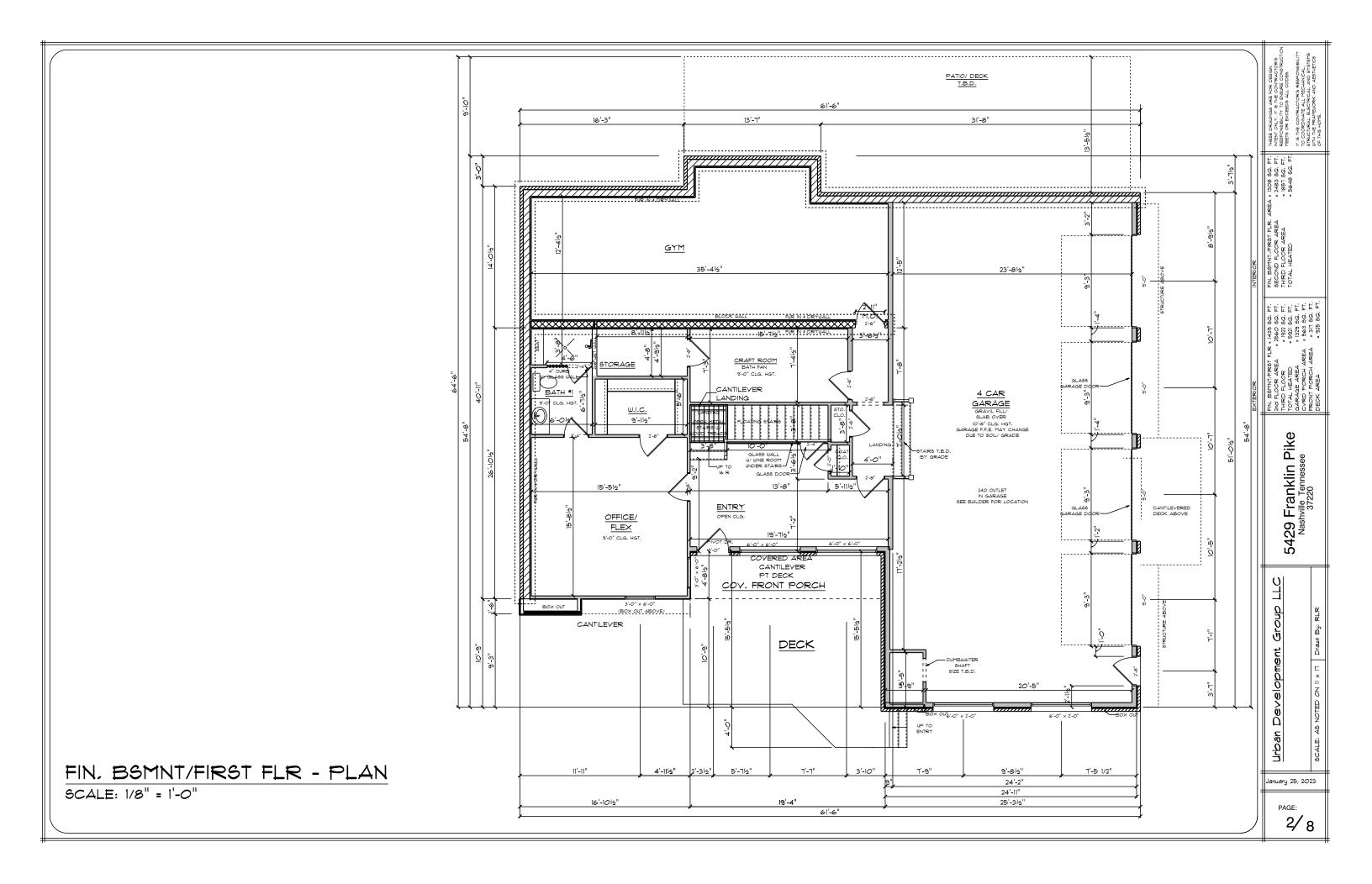
Trevor Nugent

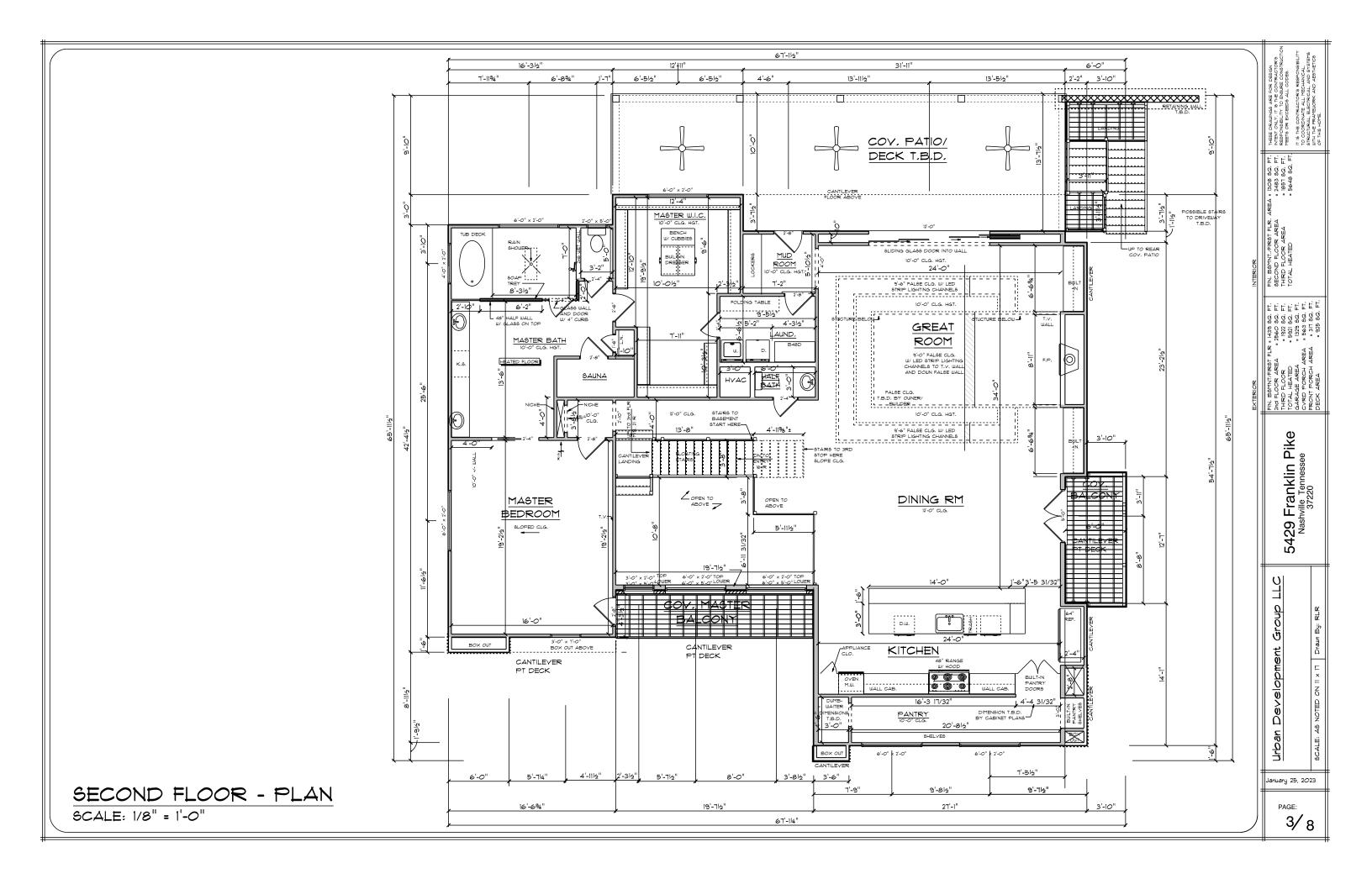
Trevor Nugent Geotechnical Staff Project Manager





	=	-	=	EXTERIOR	INTERIOR	
1/ε	January 25, 202 PAGE:	Urban Development Group LLC	5429 Franklin Pike Nashville Tennessee	FIN. BSMNT/FIRST FLR. = 1439 50. FT. 2nd FLOOR = 2560 50. FT. THED FLOOR = 323 60. FT. TOTAL HEATED = 9321 60. FT. GARAGE AREA = 1323 50. FT. GARAGE AREA = 1323 50. FT. CVEN DORCH AREA = 563 50. FT. EDANT CONCH AREA = 563 50. FT.	FIN. ESMNT./FIK67 FLR. AREA = 1008 60. FT. THERE DRAINING ARE FOR DESIGN SECOND FLOOR AREA = 2493 60. FT. THIRD FLOOR AREA = 2493 60. FT. REPRONELLT TO FALE CONNECTORE REPROSELLT TO FALE = 1637 60. FT. TOTAL HEATED = 5648 50. FT. RET CONTACTORE REPONSIT TO CORPUTATEL MELANCAL = 5648 50. FT.	THERE DRAWINGS ARE FOR DEBIGN INTEN ONLY. IN THE CONTRACTORE'S REPROBIBILITY TO PAGARE CONSTRUCTION METTS OR EXCELOR IS RESPONDENLITY IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONDENLITY TO COORDINATE ALL RECTRICAL, AND SYSTEMS STRUCTURAL, ELECTRICAL, AND SYSTEMS
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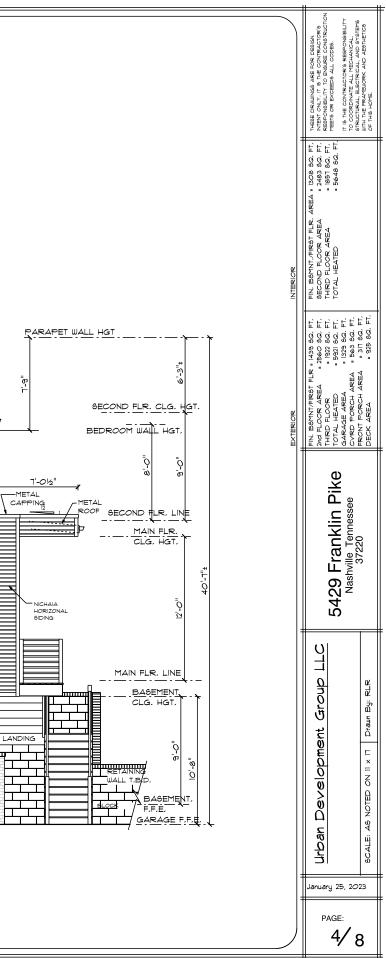


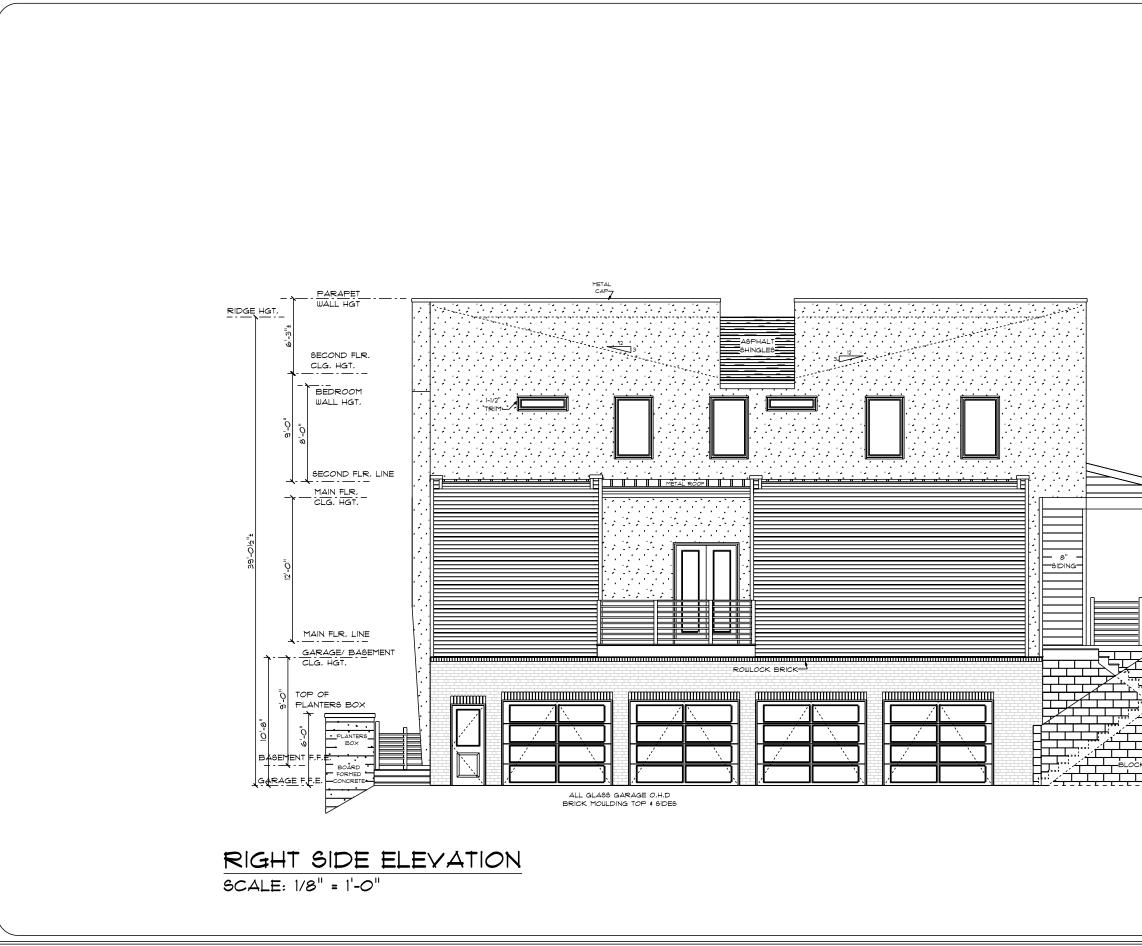




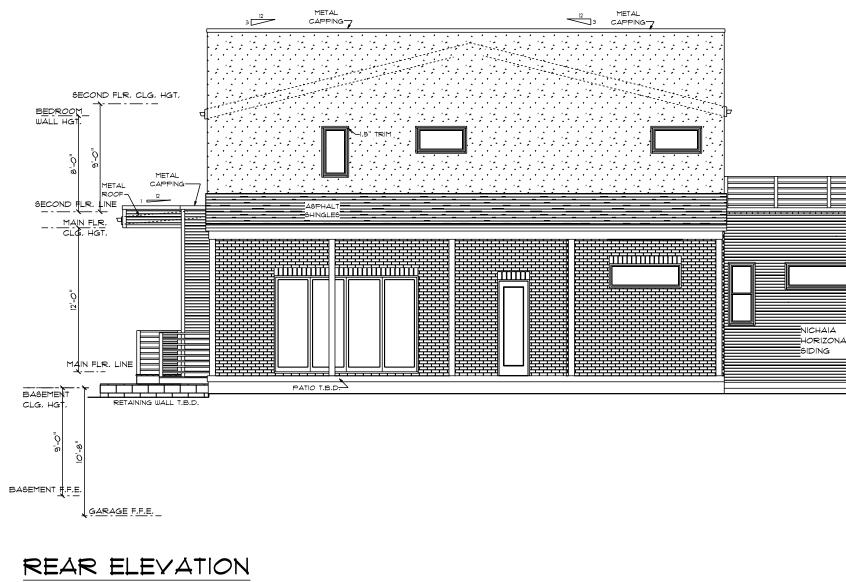
FRONT ELEVATION

SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



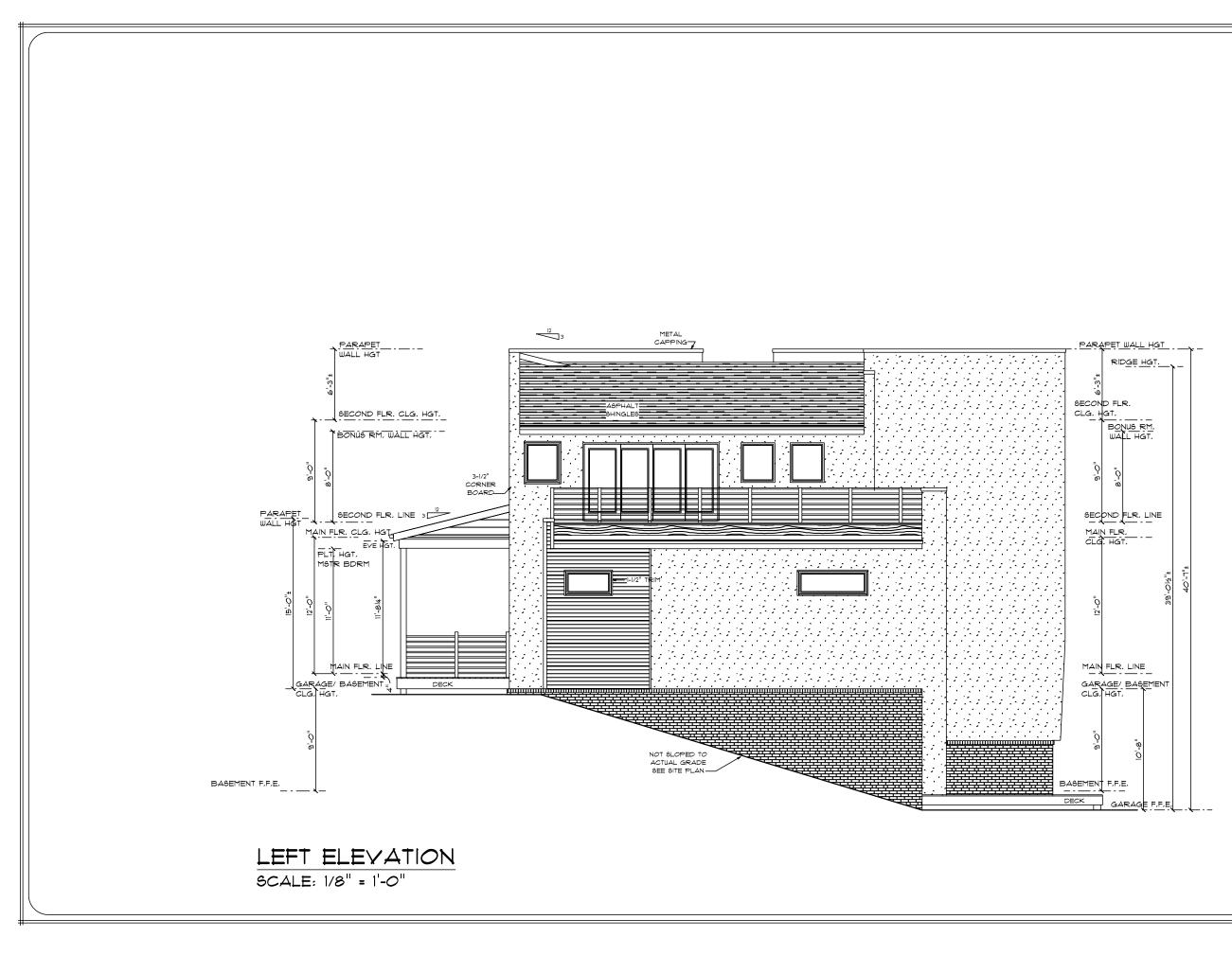


	
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- SECOND FLR. CLG, HGT, BEDROOM WALL HGT, G	FIN. BENNTFIRET FLR = 1439 50, FT. THIRD FLOOR AREA = 2560 50, FT. THIRD FLOOR = 1923 50, FT. TOTAL HEATED = 1923 50, FT. GARAGE AREA = 1923 50, FT. CVED PONCH AREA = 503 50, FT. FRONT PORCH AREA = 313 60, FT. FRONT PORCH AREA = 3160, FT.
	5429 Franklin Pike Nashville Tennessee 37220
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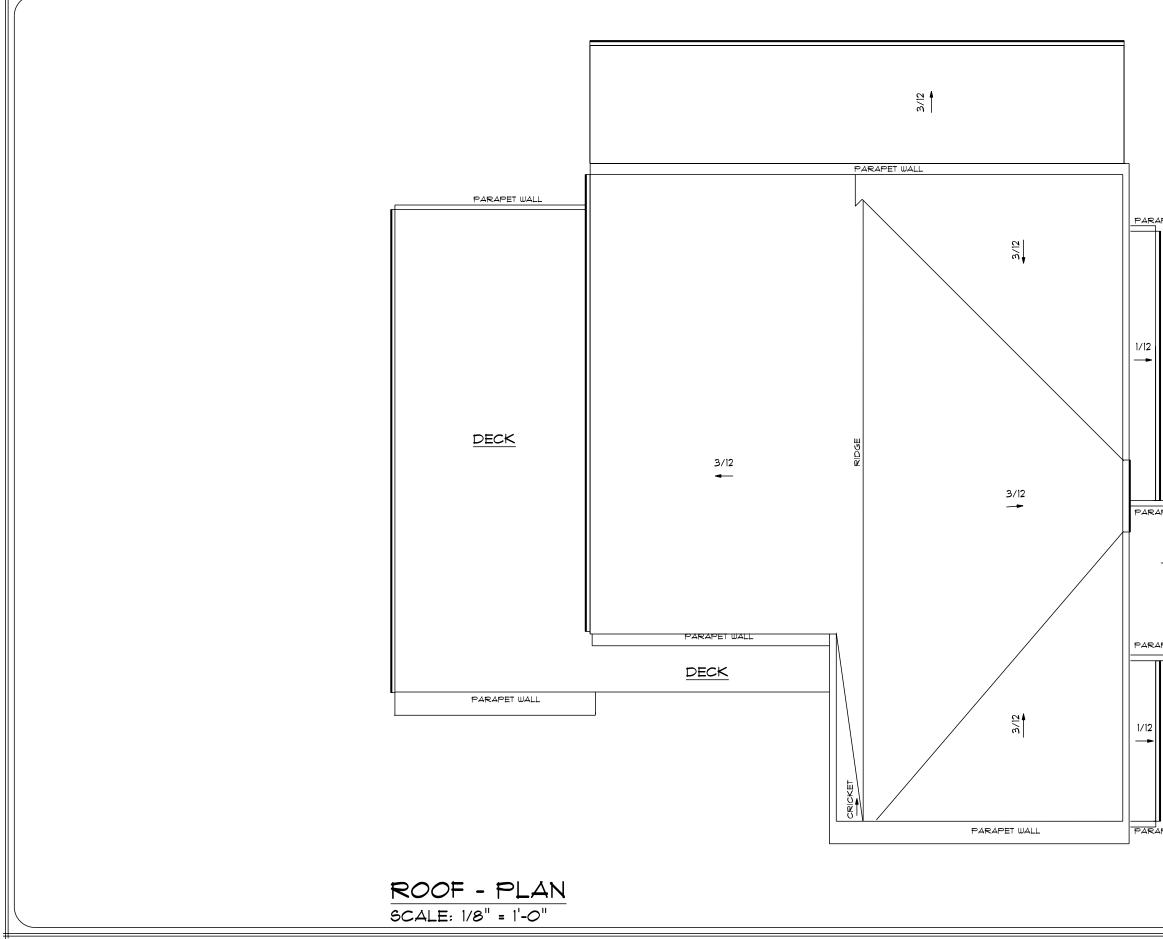


SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

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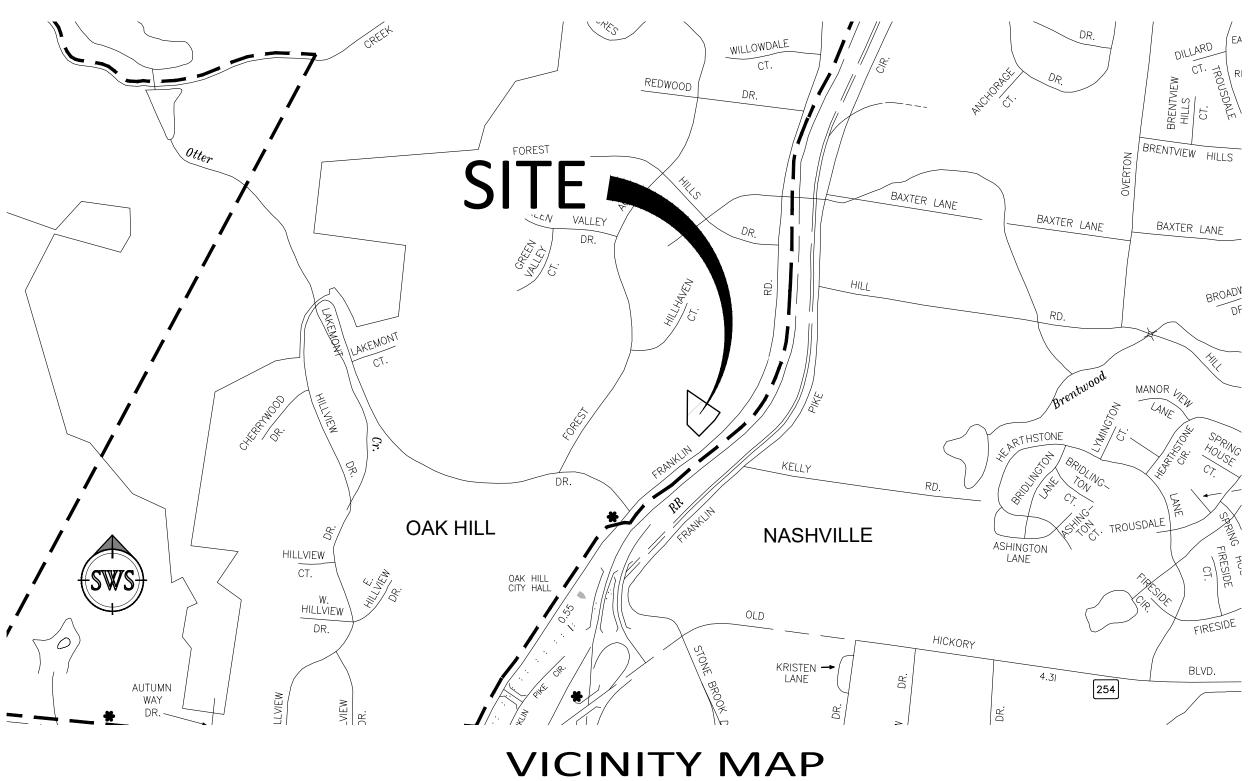


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	5429 Franklin Pike Nashville Tennessee 37220
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		January 25, 2023	
	11		
		PAGE:	

5429 FRANKLIN PKE NASHVILLE, TN 37220



N.T.S.

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS SINGLE FAMILY LOT

DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

OWNER:

ENGINEER:

PROPERTY ADDRESS: PARCEL ID: AREA: CURRENT ZONING: FEMA FIRM:

SETBACKS

FRONT YARD: SIDE YARD: REAR YARD:

PHASING:

URBAN DEVLELOPME JEFF LIVINGSTON

MIKE SCHWEITZER, F SWS ENGINEERING, I 504 AUTUMN SPRING FRANKLIN, TN 37067 615-716-0683

5429 FRANKLIN PIKE 1601000500 91,139 SF, 2.092 AC RESIDENTIAL D NO. 47037C0367H, APRIL 5, 2017, ZONE

125' 35' (22% OF LOT WI 70'

SINGLE PHASE

SHEET SUMMARY

ENT GROUP,	C0.00	_	COVER
	CO.01	_	NOTES
	V1.00	_	SURVEY
P.E.	TS1.00	_	TREE DEMO PLAN
INC.	TS1.01	_	TREE TABLE
NGS CT, A6	C1.00	_	SITE PLAN
57	C1.01	_	SIGHT DISTANCE PLAN
	C2.00	_	OVERALL GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
<e< td=""><td>C2.01</td><td>_</td><td>ENLARGED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN</td></e<>	C2.01	_	ENLARGED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
	C3.00	_	INITIAL EPSC PLAN
ACRES	C3.01	_	CONSTRUCTION EPSC PLAN
	C3.02	_	FINAL EPSC PLAN
EFFECTIVE DATE	C4.00	_	UTILITY PLAN
NE X	C5.00	_	SITE DETAILS
	C5.10	_	GRADING AND DRAINAGE DETAILS
	C5.20	_	EPSC DETAILS
	C5.30	_	UTILITY DETAILS
WIDTH, UP TO 35' MAX)	L1.0	_	LANDSCAPE PLAN



REV: DATE: 4/21/22 JOB NO.: 22-270T



SWS Engineering, Inc. 504 Autumn Springs Court, Suite A-6

951-704-0890 SAN DIEGO - NASHVILLE - PHOENIX

DATE: May 17, 23 5:24pm by:preston.ayer FILE:N:\2022\22-270T\PROD\Construct\GP\LOT 3\22-270T_GP-C0.00 Cover.dwg

Franklin, TN 37067

- <u>GENERAL NOTES</u>
- 1. EXISTING INFORMATION/TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY WAS PREPARED BY CLINT ELLIOT SURVEYING
- 2. PROPERTY MAP REFERENCE: 16010000700
- 3. PROPERTY IS ZONED RD
- 4. THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ZONE "X" AREAS NOT AFFECTED BY THE 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN BASED ON FEMA "FLOOD RATE INSURANCE MAP" NO. 47037C0367H, EFFECTIVE ON 04/05/2017.
- 5. BIDDER HAS VISITED THE SITE, BECOME FAMILIAR WITH LOCAL CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH WORK IS TO BE DONE, AND HAS CORRELATED THE BIDDER'S PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS WITH REQUIREMENTS OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. CONTRACTOR WILL NOT BE GIVEN EXTRA PAYMENT FOR DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SURVEY AND SITE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED.
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CODES, OBTAIN, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, ALL PERMITS AND PAY ALL FEES REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL 811 OR VISIT call811.com/811-your-state AT LEAST 3 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ALL EXCAVATION AND/OR DEMOLITION.
- 8. THE OWNER DOES NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE POSSIBILITY THAT DURING CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN MAY BE ENCOUNTERED OR THAT ACTUAL LOCATIONS OF THOSE SHOWN MAYBE DIFFERENT FROM THE LOCATIONS DESIGNATED ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS. IN AREAS WHERE IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE EXACT LOCATION BE KNOWN OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, SHALL FURNISH ALL LABOR AND TOOLS TO EITHER VERIFY AND SUBSTANTIATE OR DEFINITIVELY ESTABLISH THE POSITIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES.
- 9. ALL DAMAGE TO EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT TO REMAIN WHICH RESULTS FROM NEW CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED WITH LIKE MATERIALS AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 10. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLAG AND PROTECT ALL TREES TO REMAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS. DO NOT OPERATE OR STORE HEAVY EQUIPMENT, NOR HANDLE OR STORE MATERIALS, WITHIN THE DRIPLINES OF TREES OR OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF GRADING.
- 11. TREE PROTECTION SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING STEPS:
 - A. CONTRACTOR SHALL HIRE A LICENSED LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR TO OVERSEE TREE PROTECTION.
 - B. PRIOR TO ALL GRADING OPERATIONS, LOCATE TREES TO BE PROTECTED AND NEATLY CUT ROOTS TO A DEPTH OF 30" AT THE DIMENSIONED LIMITS SHOWN USING A UTILITY TRENCHING MACHINE.
 - C. TREAT EXPOSED ROOTS WITH A HORTICULTURAL TREE PRUNING PROTECTION PRODUCT.
 - D. PRUNE TREE LIMBS BY THE SAME PROPORTIONAL PERCENTAGE AS TREE ROOTS REMOVED (i.e. 25% OF ROOTS REMOVED SHALL RESULT IN 25% OF TREE LIMBS REMOVED). IT IS THE OWNER'S INTENT TO PRESERVE ALL OF THE EXISTING SITE VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING.
- 12. ALL TREES ARE TO BE PROTECTED AND SAVED IF THEY FALL OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT LOCATED OR IDENTIFIED ON THE SURVEY.
- 13. SELECTIVE CLEARING BEYOND THE LIMIT OF GRADING SHALL CONSIST OF REMOVAL OF HONEYSUCKLE, HERBACEOUS SHRUBS, POISON IVY. AND NOXIOUS WEEDS. GRASS SHALL BE SOWN ON THE WHOLE SITE AFTER PREPARATION, AS NOTED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, REPAIR ALL DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION OR THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS. ALL DAMAGE SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO CURRENT LOCAL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION WITH THE APPROPRIATE COMPANY.
- 15. EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR OFF THE OWNER'S PROPERTY AT NO ADDITIONAL COST, IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK EXISTING GRADES, DIMENSIONS, AND INVERTS IN THE FIELD AND REPORT ALL DISCREPANCIES TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
- 17. IN THE EVENT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES FOUND IN THE DRAWINGS OR IF PROBLEMS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
- 18. PROVIDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS WHICH INCLUDE AT LEAST TWO DIMENSIONS TO EACH VALVE AND MANHOLE FROM KNOWN SITE FEATURES. DRAWINGS SHALL INCLUDE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL INFORMATION ON ALL NEW UTILITIES AS WELL AS EXISTING UTILITIES ENCOUNTERED. AN AS-BUILT SURVEY SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR NEW SIDEWALK RAMP. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER UPON COMPLETION.
- 19. GUARD REFERENCE POINTS STAKED IN THE FIELD. ALL REFERENCE POINTS THAT ARE DESTROYED OR LOST SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

DEMOLITION NOTES

- CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY DEMOLITION AND TREE REMOVAL PERMITS FROM AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION PRIOR TO START OF SITE DEMOLITION.
- 2. VERIFY THE CLEARING LIMITS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BEFORE BIDDING THIS PROJECT. NO EXTRAS WILL BE ALLOWED DUE TO THE IRREGULAR SURFACE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS SITE.
- 3. DEMOLITION AND REMOVAL OPERATIONS SHALL COMMENCE ONLY AFTER ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL.
- 4. PROVIDE NEAT AND STRAIGHT SAW CUTS OF EXISTING PAVEMENT ALONG ALL LIMITS OF PAVEMENT DEMOLITION.
- 5. ALL DEMOLISHED MATERIALS BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED. DISPOSE OF OFF THE OWNER'S PROPERTY IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 6. ALL PAVEMENT BASE COURSES, SIDEWALK, CURBS, BUILDINGS, FOUNDATIONS, ETC. IN THE AREA TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED TO FULL DEPTH. EXISTING BASE COURSE MATERIALS MAY BE WORKED INTO THE NEW PAVEMENT OR BUILDING SUBGRADE PROVIDED THAT THE GRADATION, CONSISTENCY, COMPACTION, SUBGRADE CONDITION, ETC. ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS. BASE COURSE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE WORKED INTO THE SUBGRADE OF AREAS TO RECEIVE PLANTING.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE WATER SPRINKLING AND OTHER SUITABLE METHODS AS NECESSARY TO CONTROL DUST AND DIRT CAUSED BY THE DEMOLITION WORK.
- 8. ALL ITEMS OF CONSTRUCTION REMAINING AND SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED THAT INTERFERE WITH THE NEW CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER.
- 8. CAVITIES LEFT BY STRUCTURE REMOVAL SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH SATISFACTORY MATERIAL AND COMPACTED TO 98% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM D698.
- 9. PAVEMENT MARKINGS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE PAINTED OVER TO MATCH PAVEMENT OR REMOVED WITH WIRE BRUSHING.
- 10. EXCEPT AS SHOWN, NO TREES SHALL BE REMOVED AND/OR VEGETATION REMOVED WITHOUT APPROVAL OF THE OWNER/ENGINEER.

TREE PROTECTION NOTES

- 1. BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ERECTION OF ALL BARRIERS NECESSARY TO PROTECT ANY EXISTING OR INSTALLED TREES FROM DAMAGE BOTH DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 2. TREE PROTECTION FENCING A. WHERE REQUIRED, ALL SPECIMEN TREES, TREES IN A TREE PROTECTION ZONE, AND TREES INTENDED FOR USE AS CREDIT TOWARDS THE LANDSCAPING SHALL BE FENCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION BEFORE GRADING OF OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY BEGINS. FENCING SHALL EXTEND AT LEAST ONE FOOT IN DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE TREE FOR EACH INCH OF DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT, SO THAT EACH TREE'S DRIPLINE IS PROTECTED, BUT NO LESS THAN TEN FEET FROM THE TRUNK. THE ENGINEER AND
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS IN DETERMINING THE EXACT LOCATION OF ANY TREE PROTECTION FENCING. B. TYPE OF FENCING: ALL FENCING REQUIRED SHALL BE CHAIN LINK FENCING AT LEAST FOUR FEET IN HEIGHT AND SECURED USING
- APPROPRIATE POSTS SPACED NOT MORE THAN TEN FEET APART. SUCH CHAIN LINK FENCING IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE COATED.
- C. SIGNAGE: SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE TREE PROTECTION FENCE VISIBLE ON ALL SIDES OF THE FENCED-IN AREA AT A RATE OF AT LEAST ON SIGN FOR EVERY 150 LINEAR FEET. THE SIZE OF EACH SIGN MUST BE A MINIMUM OF TWO FEET BE TWO FEET TALL AND SHALL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING LANGUAGE IN ENGLISH AND SPANISH: "TREE PROTECTION ZONE: KEEP OUT."
- D. TRENCHING PRIOR TO CLEARING ACTIVITIES: THE REMOVAL OF TREE ADJACENT TO TREE SAVE AREAS CAN CAUSE INADVERTENT DAMAGE TO THE PROTECTED TREES. PRIOR TO CLEARING ACTIVITIES, TRENCHES WITH A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 12 INCHES SHALL BE CUT ALONG THE LIMITS OF THE DISTURBANCE, SO AS TO CUT, RATHER THAN TEAR TREE ROOTS.
- E. INSPECTION: ALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. FAILURE TO HAVE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION IS A VIOLATION OF THIS ORDINANCE.
- F. NO CONSTRUCTION, GRADING, EQUIPMENT OR MATERIAL STORAGE OF ANY OTHER ACTIVITY SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHIN THE FENCED AREA. FENCING SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE.

<u>SITE NOTES</u>

REQUIRED.

- 1. THE FOLLOWING IS A MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR SITE WORK. IF FURTHER MEASURES ARE NEEDED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE PROJECT:
- A. PROVIDE ADEQUATE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES.
- B. INSTALL EROSION/SILTATION CONTROLS AS DESIGNATED ON PLANS.
- C. CONSTRUCT DETENTION BASIN(S) AND STRUCTURE(S), IF
- D. GRADE THE ROADWAY AND BUILDING AREAS.
- 2. CONSTRUCT STORM DRAINS AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. INSTALL SILTATION CONTROL MEASURES TO PREVENT SOIL FROM WASHING IN STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.
- 3. PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION BETWEEN EXISTING PAVEMENT AND NEW PAVEMENT. FIELD ADJUSTMENT OF FINAL GRADES MAY BE NECESSARY. INSTALL ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF PAVEMENT.
- 4. DIMENSIONS AND RADII ARE TO THE FACE OF CURB, EDGE OF CONC OR TO THE FACE OF BUILDING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 5. COORDINATES ARE FOR FACE OF BUILDING, CENTER LINES OF DRIVEWAYS, CENTER OF SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES, AND CENTER FACE OF CURB ON CURB INLETS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. VERIFY THE CLEARING LIMITS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BEFORE BIDDING THIS PROJECT. NO EXTRAS WILL BE ALLOWED DUE TO THE IRREGULA SURFACE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS SITE.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRES AN EXCAVA PERMIT FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
- 2. PROOF-ROLLING OF ALL STREET SUBGRADES IS REQUIRED IN THE PRESENCE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS INSPECTOR. INSPECTION OF THE E COURSE IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO FINAL PAVING IN THE PRESENCE OF PUBLIC WORKS INSPECTOR. THESE REQUESTS ARE TO BE MADE 24 IN ADVANCE.
- 3. STOP SIGNS ARE TO BE 30 INCH BY 30 INCH.
- 4. STREET SIGNS TO HAVE SIX INCH WHITE LETTERS ON A NINE INCH ALUMINUM BLADE, HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE.
- 5. ALL PAVEMENT MARKING ARE TO BE THERMOPLASTIC.

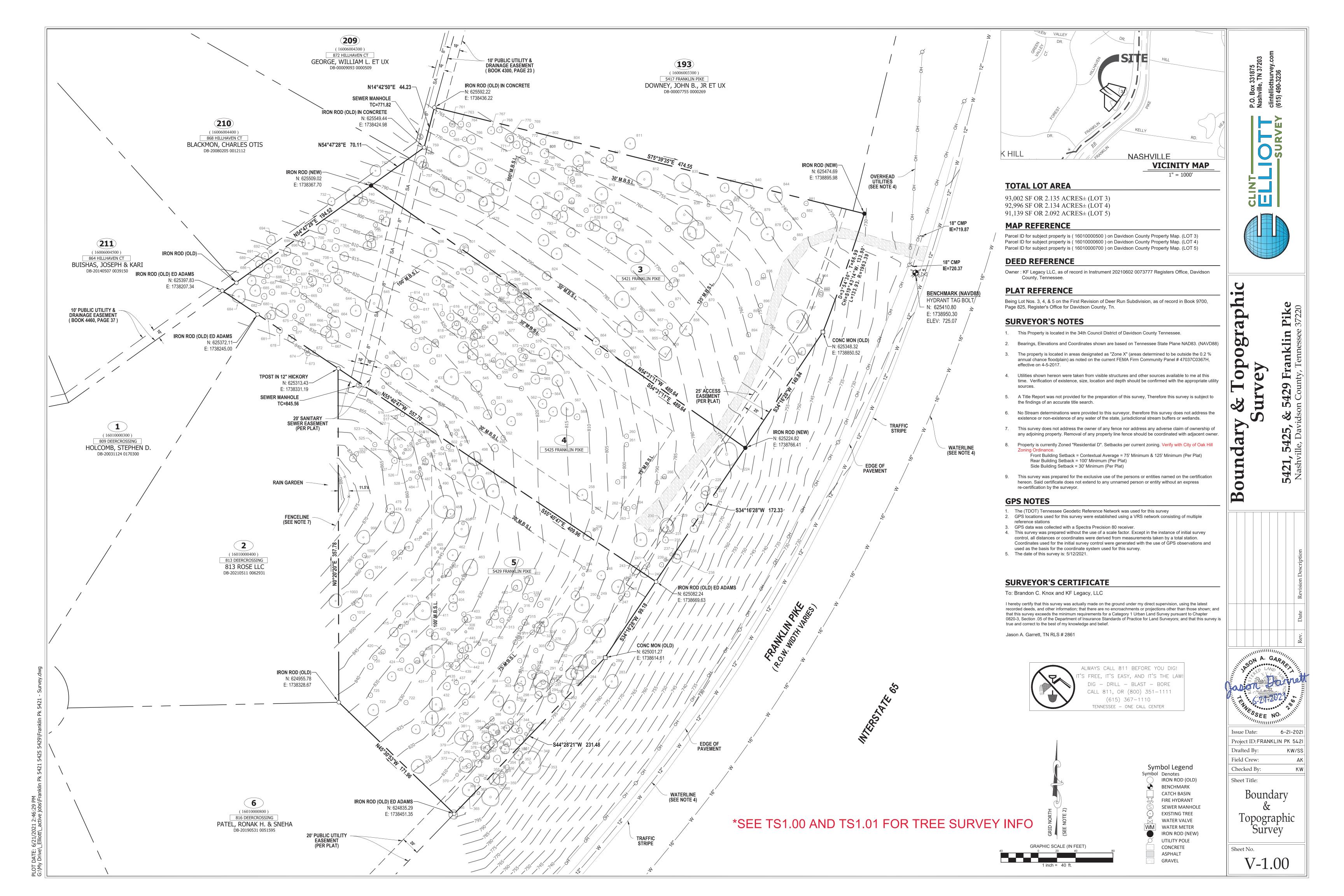
WATER AND SEWER NOTES

- 1. ALL WATER AND SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE N SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DETAILS OF THE METRO WATER SER
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REIMBURSING THE METRO WA SERVICES THE COST OF INSPECTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN THE CONSTRUCTION IDENTIFICATION SIGN FOR PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT APPROVED.
- 4. ALL CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE BY CORING AN RESILIENT CONNECTOR METHOD.
- 5. REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICES (RPBP) OR DU CHECK VALVE WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL TEST AND FILL LINES (JUN NEEDED FOR WATER MAIN CONSTRUCTION AND MUST BE APPROVED METRO WATER SERVICES.
- 6. ALL WATER METERS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 24" NOT TO EXCEED MAXIMUM OF 28" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 7. PRESSURE REGULATING DEVICES WILL BE REQUIRED ON THE CUSTOM OF THE METER WHEN PRESSURES EXCEED 100 PSI.
- 8. PRESSURE REGULATING DEVICES WILL BE REQUIRED ON THE STREET THE METER WHEN PRESSURES EXCEED 150 PSI.

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. STRIP AVAILABLE TOPSOIL AND STORE ON SITE. INSTALL SILTATION CONTROL (SILT FENCE) AROUND SOIL STOCKPILES, AS NEEDED. CONTRACTOR TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL TOPSOIL OR REMOVE EXCESS TOPSOIL AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
- 2. PROVIDED TEMPORARY SEEDING ON STOCKPILES AND ALL OTHER AF OF THE SITE THAT WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR 30 DAYS OR MO
- 3. PLACE TOPSOIL AND APPLY SEED AND MULCH TO ALL DISTURBED A PLACE AND RAKE TOPSOIL TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF SIX (6) INCHE AREAS TO RECEIVE LANDSCAPING.
- 4. IT IS THE OWNER'S INTENT TO PRESERVE ALL OF THE EXISTING SITE VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING.
- 5. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITHIN 14 DA AFTER GRADING IS COMPLETED, SLOPES 3:1 AND STEEPER WITHIN 7
- 6. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, PIPES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION, AND DETENTION PONDS SHALL HAVE SEDIMENT REM PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.
- 7. TOP OF GRATE ELEVATIONS FOR CURB INLETS ARE GIVEN TO THE C OF THE INLETS AT THE FACE OF CURB. THE GRATES SHALL SLOPE LONGITUDINALLY WITH THE PAVEMENT GRADE. ADJUST THE CASTING FALL ALONG THE CURB LINE.
- 8. SPOT ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS REPRESENT PROPOSED FINISHED AND TOP OF FINISHED PAVEMENT.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY EXISTING ELEVATIONS AND INVERTS PRI BEGINNING WORK.
- 10. CONTOUR LINES AND SPOT ELEVATIONS ARE THE RESULT OF A DET. ENGINEERING GRADING DESIGN AND REFLECT A PLANNED INTENT WIT REGARD TO DRAINAGE. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR HAVE QUESTIONS THIS INTENT OR PROBLEMS WITH CONTINUITY OF GRADES, THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER SHALL BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO BEGINNING W
- 11. ALL CURBS AND SIDEWALKS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH TOPSOIL, AND MULCHED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

	EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	INC.	
ALL	1. THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) APPLICATION TO DISCHARGE CONSTRUCTION—ACTIVITY STORMWATER TO THE LOCAL TENNESSEE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE CENTER AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR AND OWNER SHALL PROVIDE (WITH THE NOI FOR THIS PROJECT) EXISTING NPDES PERMIT TRACKING NUMBERS FOR SITES WHERE BORROW MATERIAL MAY BE OBTAINED AND WHERE SPOIL MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED. SHOULD PERMITS NOT EXIST FOR BORROW AND SPOIL SITES, SEPARATE NOI'S SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR.	GINEERING.	Court, Suite A-6 GO - NASHVILLE - PHOENIX P-CO.01 Civil Notes.dwg
	2. THE NOTICE OF COVERAGE (NOC) OF THE PERMIT TO DISCHARGE CONSTRUCTION—ACTIVITY STORMWATER SHALL BE POSTED NEAR THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A SET OF APPROVED EROSION CONTROL PLANS ON SITE DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION.	VS EN	Autumn Springs Coun nklin, TN 37067 -704-0890 SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO (GP\LOT 3\22-2707_GP-CC
ΝΤΟ	3. THE RECEIVING WATER/STORM SEWER OPERATOR IS METRO NASHVILLE	S UNL B	504 Au Frankli 951-70. eston.oyer nstruct\GP\u
) NCRETE,	4. CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEQUENCED TO MINIMIZE EXPOSURE TIME OF CLEARED SURFACE AREA. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS. ALL CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE CHECKED AND REPAIRED AS NECESSARY, AT MAXIMUM 14 CALENDAR DAYS IN DRY PERIODS, AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ALL RAINFALL EXCEEDING 0.25 INCH PER 24 HOUR PERIOD.	SMS	ENGINE FRING, INC. engineering made, possible. JATE: May 17, 23 5: 24pm by:pr
AT	5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGNATE IN WRITING THE NAME AND PHONE NUMBER OF THE INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS.	UNITEL	
NG LAR	6. PRE-CONSTRUCTION VEGETATIVE GROUND COVER SHALL NOT BE REMOVED MORE THAN 20 CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO GRADING. ALL GRADED AREAS EXPECTED TO REMAIN UNFINISHED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN 7 CALENDAR DAYS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TEMPORARY GRASS, SOD, STRAW, MULCH OR FABRIC MATERIAL. PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 15 CALENDAR DAYS OF FINAL GRADING.	MI CH	M EB 17 200 111
/ATION	7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN RECORDS OF EROSION CONTROL INSPECTIONS AND REPAIRS FOR A MINIMUM OF 3 YEARS AFTER COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.		
BINDER DF THE HOURS	8. TEMPORARY SEEDING FOR TENNESSEE PROJECTS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS; A. JAN 1-MAY 1 ITALIAN RYE/KOREAN LESPEDEZA/SUMMER OATS B. MAY 1-JULY 15 SUDAN OR STARR MILLET	Tenne	
	C. JULY 15-JAN 1 BALBOA RYE/ITALIAN RYE 9. SILT BARRIERS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE CLEANED OF ACCUMULATED	Know what's	below. before you dig.
GREEN	SEDIMENT WHEN APPROXIMATELY 50% FILLED. 10. STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED AND PROTECTED FROM EROSION.		
	11.UPON COMPLETION OF SITE STABILIZATION, THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) FOR THE PROJECT TO THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE CENTER. A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER.		
E WITH ERVICES. WATER	12. COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL AND STATE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS. PREVENT ALL SOIL EROSION ONTO PUBLIC ROADS OR INTO EXISTING DRAINAGE DITCHES OR WATERWAYS AS PER INSTRUCTIONS IN THE APPROVED STATE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). ALL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL COSTS, AS WELL AS REGULAR INSPECTIONS BY A STATE CERTIFIED INSPECTOR, SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PROJECT BID.		NTS I PIKE 7220
DN	13. MAINTAIN CRUSHED STONE AT THE SITE ACCESS. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL NOT TRACK SOIL ONTO PUBLIC STREETS.	TES	
DUAL	14. INSTALL AND MAINTAIN EROSION/SILTATION CONTROL DEVICES, AS DESIGNATED ON THE PLAN, UNTIL ADEQUATE VEGETATION IS PRESENT TO PREVENT EROSION.		ANK ANK
JMPER) D BY THE	15. ALL LOCATIONS OF TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ADJUSTMENT.	CIML	STRUC MLE
λ	16. WHEN THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED THEY SHALL BE REMOVED.		CON MASH
OMER SIDE	17. EXISTING DETENTION POND SHALL BE CLEANED TO THE ORIGINAL DESIGN CONTOURS AND RESTABILIZED AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IS STABILIZED AT THE END OF PROJECT.		5429 M
T SIDE OF	18. REPLACE DAMAGED AND WORN OUT SILT BARRIERS.		
N S	19. I CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY ME AND/OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION. THIS PROJECT IS PLANNED TO DISTURB MORE THAN ONE ACRE. IT THEREFORE FALLS UNDER THE TENNESSEE DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL'S GENERAL NPDES PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORM WATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. SWS		
AREAS MORE.	ENGINEERING, INC. WILL ASSIST THE CONTRACTOR IN SUBMITTING THE NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) TO CONSTRUCT TO THE STATE AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBANCE.	REV.	
AREAS. IES IN			
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DEMOLITION LEGEND

EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED

) EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED - MARKED BY ARBORIST AS DEAD, DECLINING OR DAMAGED

) EXISTING TRESS TO REMAIN

LOT 1 - 5421

____SF_LOT_1: 93,002_SF____

EXISTING TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 47,856 SF/51.4% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 11,500 SF/24% PERCENTAGE OF TREE CANOPY REMAINING: 75.9%, 60% Req.

LOT 2 – 5425 SF LOT 2: 92,996 SF

TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 49,646 SF/53.4% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 18,612 SF/37.5% PERCENTAGE OF TREES REMAINING: 62.5%, 60% Req.

LOT 3 – 5429 SF LOT 3: 91,139SF

TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 63,709SF/70.0% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 8,100SF/17.6% PERCENTAGE OF TREES REMAINING: 82.4%, 57% Req.

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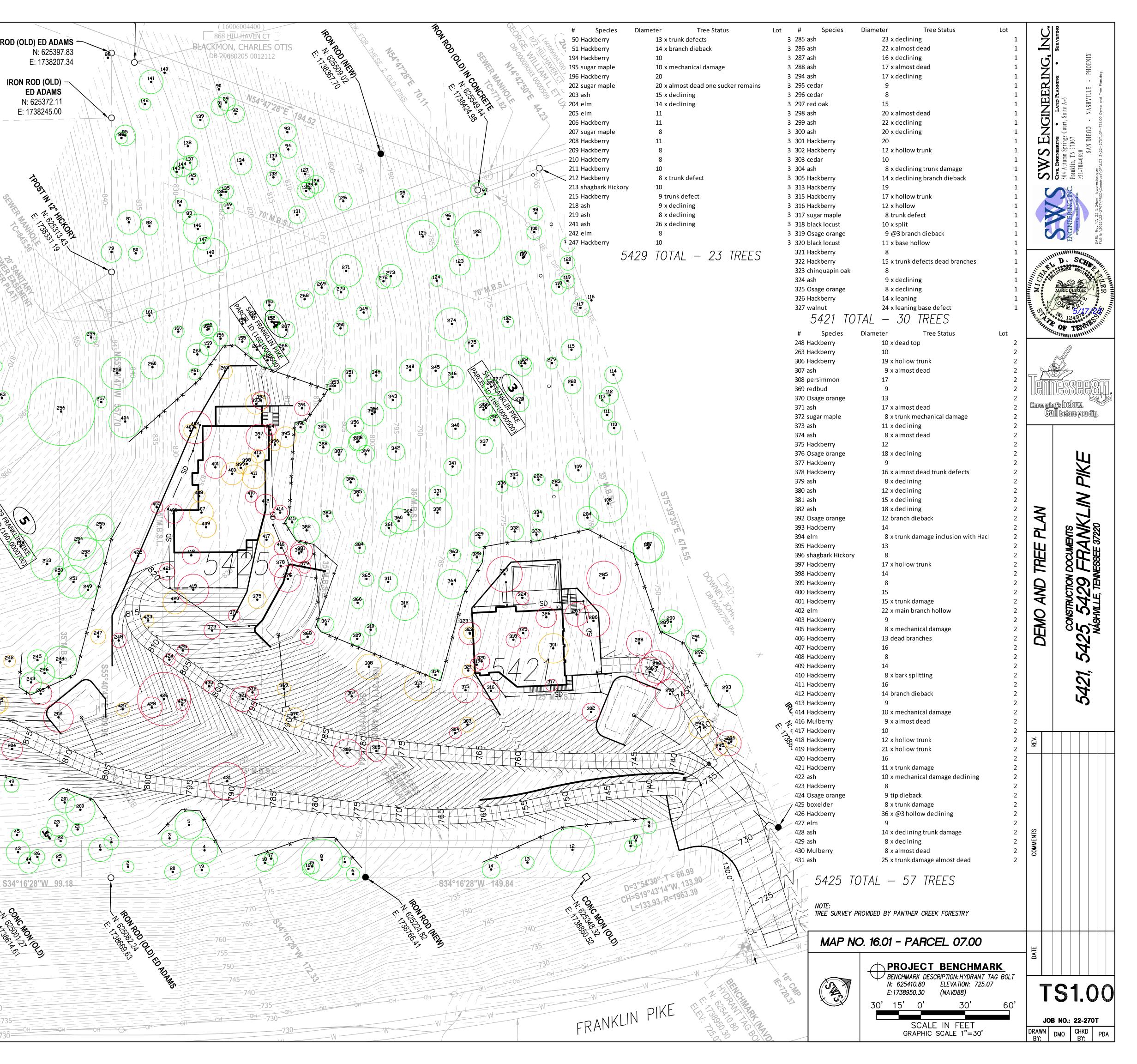
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IRON ROD (OLD) ED ADAMS -1 (16010000300) 809 DEERCROSSING

HOLCOMB, STEPHEN D. DB-20031124 0170300

241

IRON ROD (OLD) -ED ADAMS N: 625372.11 E: 1738245.00

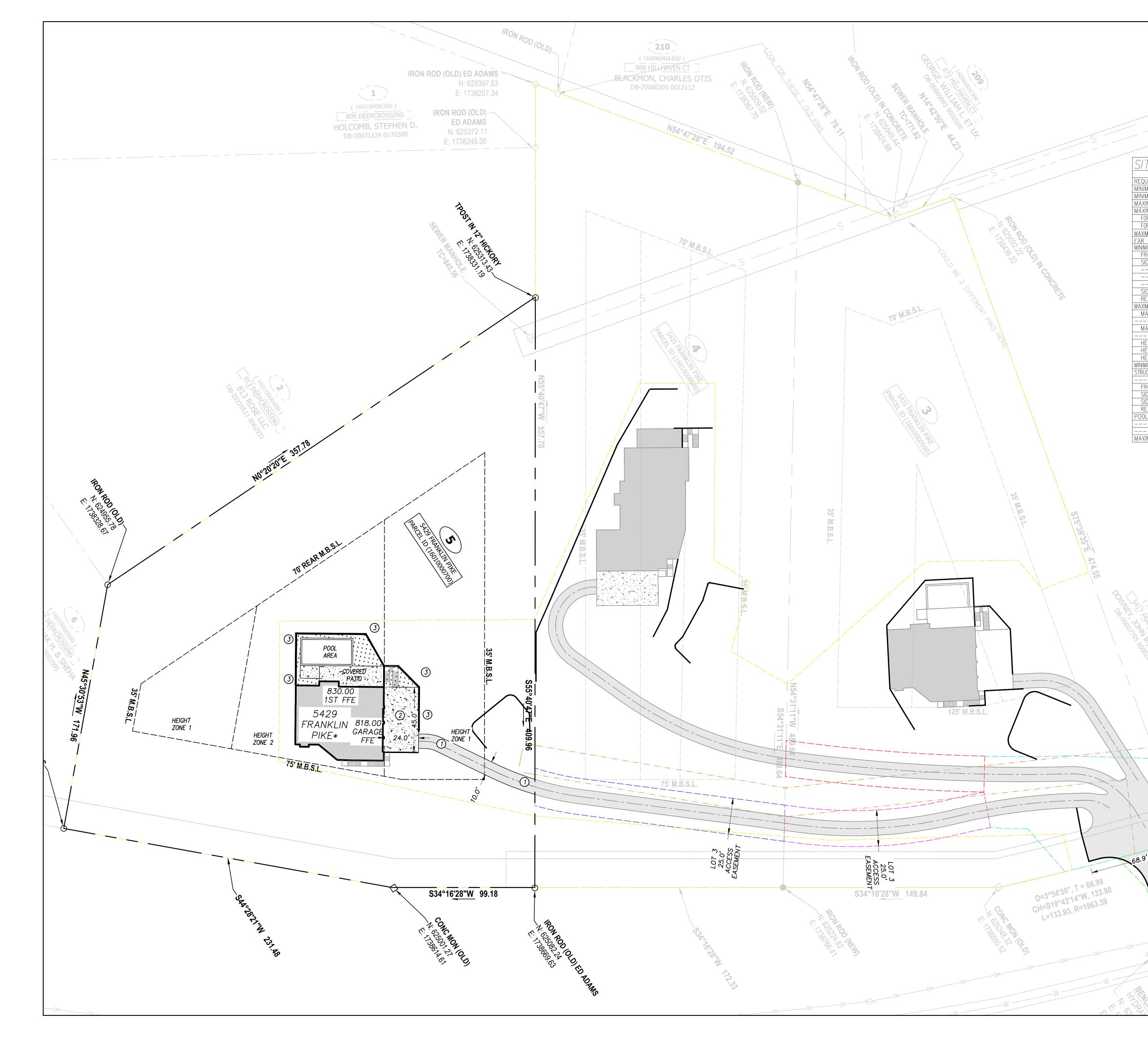


	Creation	Diamatan	Tree stat							
FID 0	Species ash	Diameter 15	Tree_stat_ x almost dead	101	Osage orange	9	x broken main branch	200	ash	20
1	cedar	10		102	Osage orange	8		201	cedar	13
2 3	cedar cedar	8 11		103 104	persimmon Hackberry	14 8		202 203	sugar maple ash	20 15
4	Hackberry	18	x hollow	104	sugar maple	8 10	sapsucker damage	203 204	elm	13
5	Hackberry	19	x hollow	106	ash	21	x declining	205	elm	11
6 7	ash wamp white ea	9 8	x declining	107 108	ash ash	21 26	x declining	206	Hackberry	11
/ 8	wamp white oa ash	° 28	x declining	108	ash	26 19	x declining x almost dead	207 208	sugar maple Hackberry	8 11
9	cedar	10	bent top	110	sugar maple	9		209	Hackberry	8
10	cedar	8	trunk damage	111	elm	8		210	Hackberry	8
11 12	redbud chinquapin oak	8 30	minor tip dieback	112 113	elm Hackberry	11 10		211 212	Hackberry Hackberry	10 8
13	red oak	9		113	elm	12		212	hagbark Hickor	10
14	red oak	12		115	ash	14	x declining	214	Hackberry	12
15 16	Osage orange	10	leaning	116	sugar maple	9		215	Hackberry	9
16 17	red oak ash	8 9	x declining	117 118	Hackberry elm	12 9	branch dieback	216 217	Hackberry Hackberry	8 11
18	ash	12	x declining	119	ash	8	x almost dead vine	218	ash	9
19	ash	10	x declining	120	elm	10		219	ash	8
20 21	ash elm	11 8	x almost dead	121 122	persimmon Hackberry	13 31		220 221	ash Mulberry	14 8
21	elm	8		122	ash	15	x declining	221	ash	о 8
23	Hackberry	14	x trunk defects	124	wamp white oa	8	-	223	Osage orange	13
24	cedar	8		125	hagbark Hickor	21	branch dieback	224	Hackberry	23
25 26	cedar ash	10 10	x declining	126 127	elm ash	12 8	x almost dead	225 226	sugar maple wamp white oa	8 12
27	ash	8	x declining	128	ash	12	x declining	227	Hackberry	23
28	elm	13	x broken branches	129	ash	10	x declining	228	sugar maple	10
29 30	ash ash	17 °	x declining x trunk damage almost dead	130 131	elm ash	10 12	dead branches x declining	229	Hackberry	10 15
30 31	ash	8 8	x truik damage annost dead x declining	131	ash	12	x declining	230 231	Hackberry Osage orange	15 23
32	ash	9	x almost dead	133	sugar maple	9	<u> </u>	232	Hackberry	13
33	ash	9	x almost dead	134	ash	15	x declining	233	Hackberry	8
34 35	ash ash	11 9	x almost x declining	135 136	Hackberry sugar maple	10 9	remove vines	234 235	Hackberry Osage orange	10 8
36	ash	11	x declining	130	Hackberry	10		235	Osage orange	33
37	ash	9	x almost dead	138	Hackberry	13		237	Hackberry	8
38	ash	9	x declining	139	Hackberry	8		238	Hackberry	12
39 40	ash ash	12 12	x declining x declining	140 141	Hackberry Hackberry	10 15		239 240	Mulberry ash	9 14
40	ash	18	x declining	142	sugar maple	8		240	ash	26
42	cedar	9		143	Hackberry	8		242	elm	8
43 44	ash	15 12	x declining x declining	144 145	Hackberry Hackberry	12 8		243	Hackberry	13
44 45	ash ash	13 8	x trunk defect almost dead	145	Hackberry	19		244 245	Osage orange Osage orange	22 13
46	ash	13	x almost dead	147	Hackberry	9		246	Osage orange	14
47	red oak	37	x base trunk defect	148	walnut	24	1 K K	247	Hackberry	10
48 49	ash ash	16 10	x declining x declining	149 150	ash Hackberry	8 9	x declining x trunk defect	248 249	Hackberry Hackberry	10 11
	Hackberry	13	x trunk defects	150	elm	9		250	sugar maple	10
51	Hackberry	14	x branch dieback	152	Hackberry	9	x trunk damage	251	Hackberry	21
52	ash	8	x declining	153 154	Osage orange Hackberry	10 9	@3.5	252	Hackberry	23
53 54	sugar maple ash	8 12	x declining	154	Hackberry	9 10		253 254	Hackberry Hackberry	22 24
55	ash	17	x declining	156	Hackberry	9		255	sugar maple	19
56	ash	19	x almost dead	157	Hackberry	9		256	chinquapin oak	45
57 58	ash ash	13 12	x declining x declining	158 159	Hackberry Hackberry	12 12		257 258	sugar maple Hackberry	8 21
59	ash	10	x declining	160	elm	8	trunk damage	259	boxelder	8
60	ash	15	x almost dead	161	sugar maple	11		260	ash	17
61	ash	14	x almost dead	162 163	Hackberry sugar maple	8 10	trunk defect x hollow base	261	Hackberry	8
62 63	ash ash	12 11	x almost dead x almost dead	164	sugar maple	9		262 263	Hackberry Hackberry	15 10
64	ash	11	x almost dead	165	sugar maple	9		264	Hackberry	12
65	ash	8	x declining	166	Osage orange	23	veloclining	265	Hackberry	10
66 67	ash ash	8 8	x almost dead x almost dead	167 168	ash sugar maple	15 10	x declining x trunk damage	266 267	Hackberry Hackberry	9 11
68	ash	17	x declining	169	Hackberry	8	<u> </u>	268	Hackberry	12
69	ash	8	x almost dead	170	ash	12	x declining	269	elm	10
70 71	sugar maple ash	17 13	x hollow fire damage x declining	171 172	Hackberry Hackberry	8 9		270 271	Hackberry walnut	8 21
71	elm	15	Auconing	173	red oak	15		271 272	boxelder	9
73	sugar maple	10		174	ash	8	x declining	273	Hackberry	17
74 75	sugar maple	11 16	v almost dood	175 176	boxelder sugar maple	8 11	x trunk defects	274	Hackberry	22
75 76	ash Hackberry	16 8	x almost dead	170	cedar	13		275 276	ash ash	10 9
77	elm	9		178	Hackberry	10	x trunk defect dead top	277	elm	18
78 70	Hackberry	10		179 180	Hackberry ash	9 10	x trunk defects declining	278	Hackberry	12
79 80	chinquapin oak Hackberry	13 10	x broken main branch	180	boxelder	8	x trunk defects deciming	279 280	Hackberry Hackberry	8 11
81	Hackberry	16		182	sugar maple	9	<u> </u>	280	Osage orange	8
82	Hackberry	12		183	Hackberry	26		282	wamp white oa	8
83 84	Hackberry Hackberry	9 10		184 185	Hackberry Hackberry	14 9		283 284	elm Hackborny	8 15
84 85	Hackberry Hackberry	10 14		185	Hackberry	9	x trunk defect	284 285	Hackberry ash	15 23
86	sugar maple	8		187	Hackberry	8		285	ash	22
87	Hackberry	8		188 190	sugar maple	8	base defect	287	ash	16
88 89	ash elm	10 8	x declining	189 190	Hackberry ash	8 11	x declining	288 289	ash red oak	17 9
89 90	eim Hackberry	8 10		190	Hackberry	10	······································	289 290	red oak ash	9 16
91	chinquapin oak	12	tip dieback	192	sugar maple	9	x mechanical damage	291	ash	14
92 02	ash Hackbarny	8	x almost dead	193 194	chinquapin oak Hackberry	24 10		292	ash	10 22
93 94	Hackberry Hackberry	10 8		194 195	sugar maple	10	x mechanical damage	293 294	ash ash	22 17
94 95	boxelder	9		196	Hackberry	20		294 295	cedar	9
96	Hackberry	9		197	Hackberry	8	x trunk damage declining	296	cedar	8
97 98	Hackberry Hackberry	8 8	x hollow base x trunk damage	198 199	Hackberry chinquapin oak	19 8		297 298	red oak	15 20
98 99	Hackberry chinquapin oak	8 13	A UNIK Udilidge	1.55		~		298 299	ash ash	20 22
100	elm	8								

x broken top almost dead
x almost dead one sucker remains
x declining
x declining
x trunk defect
trunk defect
x declining
x declining x declining
x trunk defect declining x declining
-
x dead top declining
x dead top trunk damage
x trunk defects
x mechanical damage
x trunk defects dead top x declining
x declining
x broken limbs x @3.5 broken limbs
x broken limbs
x dead top
x trunk defects
x dead top x declining branch dieback
x almost dead
x dead branches x trunk defects
x almost dead
x declining
x trunk defects
x trunk defects
trunk defect
x @4 hollow trunk
x declining x declining
Xucchning
x trunk defects
x trunk defects x declining
x almost dead
x declining x almost dead
x declining
x almost dead x almost dead
x declining
x declining
x almost dead x declining
O

								ENGINEERING, INC.	ng • Surveying - PHOENIX
300 301	ash Hackberry	20 20	x declining	400 401	Hackberry Hackberry	15 15	x trunk damage	EER	• LAND FLANNIN Court, Suite A-6 GO - NASHVILLE - sp-ts1.01 Tree Table.dwg
302	Hackberry	12	x hollow trunk	402	elm	22	x main branch hollow		Lanu Suite A. NASH Tree Tat
303 304	cedar ash	10 8	x declining trunk damage	403 404	Hackberry sugar maple	9 22	x trunk defects		 Court, S G0 - P-TS1.01
305 306	Hackberry Hackberry	14 19	x declining branch dieback x hollow trunk	405 406	Hackberry Hackberry	8 13	x mechanical damage dead branches	E	
307	ash	9	x almost dead	407	Hackberry	16		ZZ	н. Емспиве Autumn Sp Iklin, TN 3 704-0890 SA SA SP/LOT 3/22-
308 309	persimmon elm	17 9		408 409	Hackberry Hackberry	8 14		N N	Crvit Evernee 504 Autumn Sp Franklin, TN 3 951-704-0890 SA SA ton-oyer tun-oyer tun-oyer tun-oyer tun-oyer
310 311	elm ash	8 13	x declining trunk damage	410 411	Hackberry Hackberry	8 16	x bark splitting		5 C F 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
312	Hackberry	19	dead branches	412	Hackberry	14	branch dieback		CIVIL ENGINEERING, INC. 504 Autumn Sp 504 Autumn Sp 504 Autumn Sp 51-704-0890 SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA SA
313 314	Hackberry chinquapin oak	19 8		413 414	Hackberry Hackberry	9 10	x mechanical damage		EERIN ing. made 7, 23. 5: 2\22-27
315 316	Hackberry Hackberry	17 12	x hollow trunk x hollow	415 416	sugar maple Mulberry	8 9	x almost dead	5	engineer
317	sugar maple	12 8	trunk defect	417	Hackberry	10			
318 319	black locust Osage orange	10 9	x split @3 branch dieback	418 419	Hackberry Hackberry	12 21	x hollow trunk x hollow trunk	INTER T	
320	black locust	11	x base hollow	420	Hackberry	16			STERED BYC IN THE
321 322	Hackberry Hackberry	8 15	x trunk defects dead branches	421 422	Hackberry ash	11 10	x trunk damage x mechanical damage declining	MICHANIN	AGRICOLTURE
323 324	chinquapin oak ash	8 9	x declining	423 424	Hackberry Osage orange	8 9	tip dieback		MMES/17 PE
325	Osage orange	8	x declining	425	boxelder	8	x trunk damage	1 An	0. 12497
326 327	Hackberry walnut	14 24	x leaning x leaning base defect	426 427	Hackberry elm	36 9	x @3 hollow declining		OF TENNE
328 329	sugar maple ash	8 13	x declining	428 429	ash ash	14 8	x declining trunk damage x declining		
330	ash	20	x declining	430	Mulberry	8	x almost dead	X É	
331 332	ash ash	12 13	x declining x declining	431	ash	25	x trunk damage almost dead		
333	Mulberry	8	x dead limbs						
334 335	Osage orange ash	8 12	x declining x declining					Know wh	at's below. 11 before you dig.
336 337	ash red oak	9 11	x declining						
338	ash	12	x almost dead						
339 340	ash ash	15 14	x declining x almost dead						Ш
341 342	ash sugar maple	12 11	x declining						
343	sugar maple	12							
344 345	Hackberry sugar maple	15 21	x leaning heavily x trunk hollow						
346 347	ash ash	17 11	x declining x trunk damage						
348	ash	8	x trunk mechanical damage						
349 350	sugar maple Hackberry	9 11							
351 352	sugar maple Mulberry	10 8	x hollow base					TABL	TION DOCUM
353	Hackberry	9							N N N N N
354 355	Hackberry Hackberry	9 15	dead branches					TREE	S N щ
356 357	Hackberry persimmon	9 8	x trunk defects						CONSTR 5, 54 NASHMIL
358	sugar maple	8							S C S
359 360	persimmon ash	11 17							Ř.
361 362	ash chinquapin oak	11 23	x declining						ζ λ
363	ash	9	x almost dead						
364 365	sugar maple elm	20 10							5421,
366 367	ash chinquapin oak	8 11	x almost dead						Ь V
368	Osage orange	10	x hollow trunk						
369 370	redbud Osage orange	9 13							
371 372	ash sugar maple	17 8	x almost dead x trunk mechanical damage					REV	
373	ash	11	x declining						
374 375	ash Hackberry	8 12	x almost dead						
376 377	Osage orange Hackberry	18 9	x declining						
378	Hackberry	16	x almost dead trunk defects						
379 380	ash ash	8 12	x declining x declining					γ	
381 382	ash ash	15 18	x declining x declining					COMMENTS	
383	redbud	8	x trunk defects					CO	
384 385	sugar maple persimmon	8 10	x mechanical damage base						
386 387	persimmon Hackberry	10 10	x bark damage declining						
388	sugar maple	9							
389 390	sugar maple Hackberry	11 8							
391	Hackberry	10	x base hollow branch dieback branch dieback						
392 393	Osage orange Hackberry	12 14						DATE	
394 395	elm Hackberry	8 13	x trunk damage inclusion with Hackberry					DA	
396 397	hagbark Hickor	8	x hollow trunk						
398	Hackberry Hackberry	17 14							S1.01
399	Hackberry	8						-	

JOB NO.:22-270TDRAWN
BY:DMOCHKD
BY:PDA

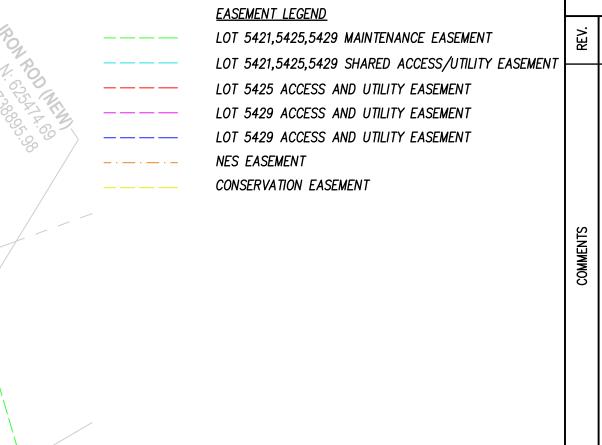


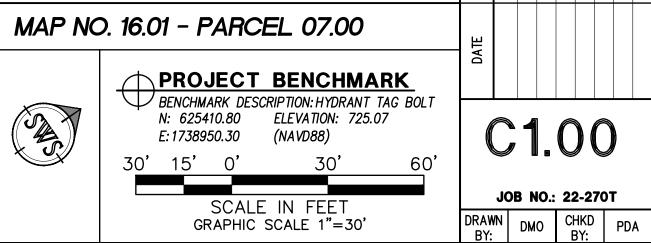
SITE LEGEND

- ASPHALT
- CONCRETE
- () PRIVATE ASPHALT DRIVEWAY

CONCRETE DRIVEWAY
 RETAINING WALL, STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS

SITE DATA TABLE	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
REQUIREMENT	D	D
MINIMUM LOT AREA	2 ACRE	2.09 ACRES
MINIMUM FRONT LOT LINE	150 FEET	330.66 FT
MAXIMUM LOT DEPTH LOT WIDTH RATIO	4:1	1.24:1
MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE		
FOR LOTS LESS THAN THE MINIMUM LOT AREA	13,000SF UP TO 20%	N/A
FOR LOTS GREATER THAN THE MINIMUM LOT AREA	20% UP TO 35,000SF	7700 SF
MAXIMUM GROSS FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR)	14% WITH A MAXIMUM	
FAR = GROS FLOOR AREA/LOT AREA	OF 18,000 SF	6.6%
MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS FOR PRIMARY STRUCTURE		
FRONT SETBACK	75FT	75 FT
SIDEBACK : INTERIOR LOT LINE	20 FEET SIDE YARD OF 22% OF	
	LOT WIDTH, WHICHEVER IS	35'
	GREATER. UP TO 35 FEET	
	40FT	
SIDE SETBACK: SIDE STREET	70FT	N/A
REAR SETBACK		
MAXIMUM PRIMARY STRUCTURE HEIGHT – OVERALL		
MAXIMUM STORIES	2 FLOORS	2 FLOORS
MAXIMUM HEIGHT	VARIES	VARIES
HEIGHT ZONE 1 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	28 FT	28'
HEIGHT ZONE 2 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	40 FT	40'
HEIGHT ZONE 3 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	NOT APPLICABLE	N/A
MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESSORY		
STRUCTURES, POOL HOUSES, POOLS, AND POOL DECK	D	D
	BEHIND THE PRIMAY	BEHIND HOUSE
FRONT SETBACK	STRUCTURE	D
SIDE SETBACK	25 FT	25'
SIDE SETBACK: SIDE STREET	40 FT	40'
REAR SETBACK	40 FT	40'
POOL HOUSE	MAXIMUM FOOTPRINT OF	
	25% OF THE PRIMARY	
	STRUCTURE	
MAXIMUM HEIGHT	25 FEET & 1 FLOOR	

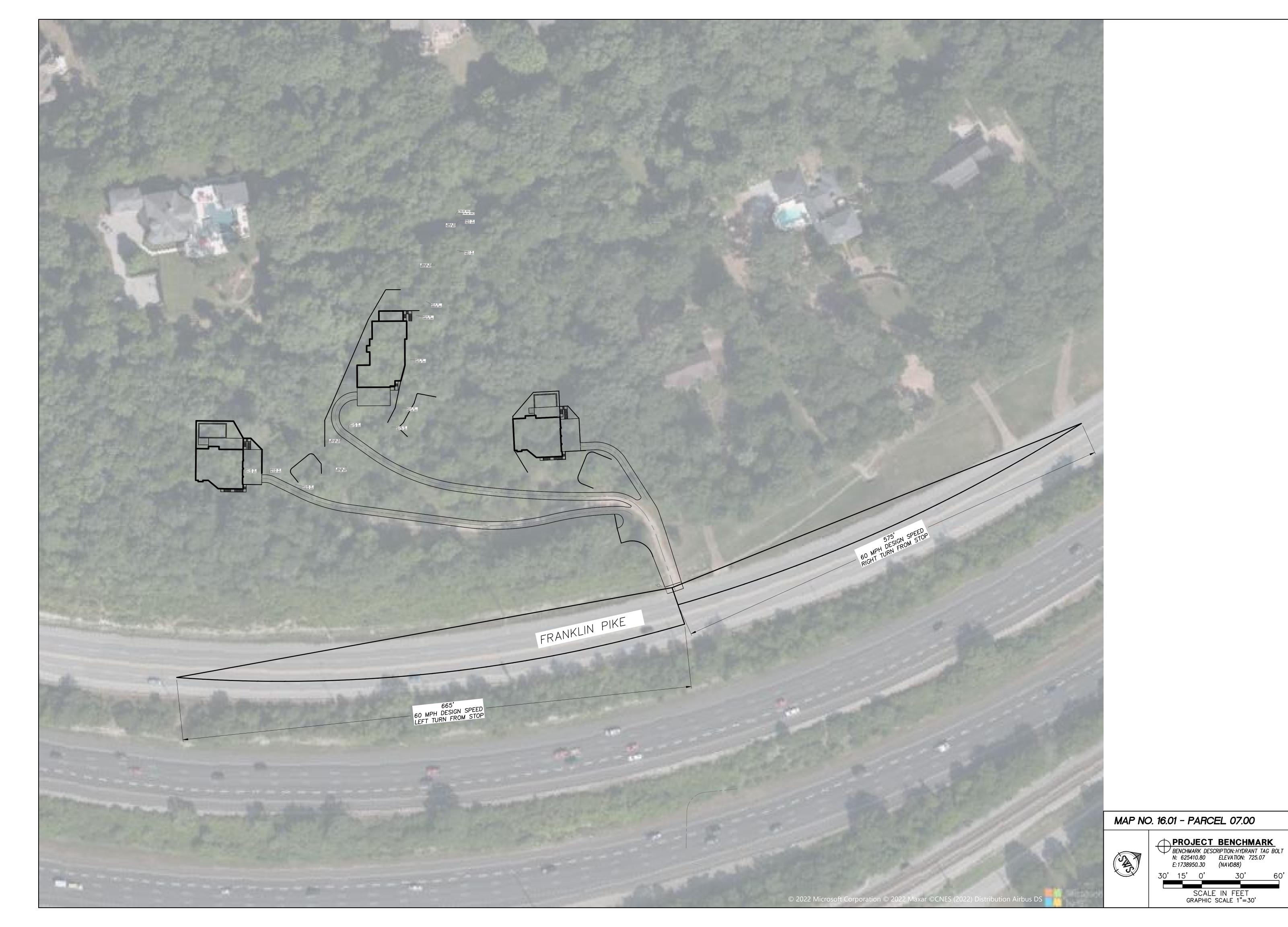


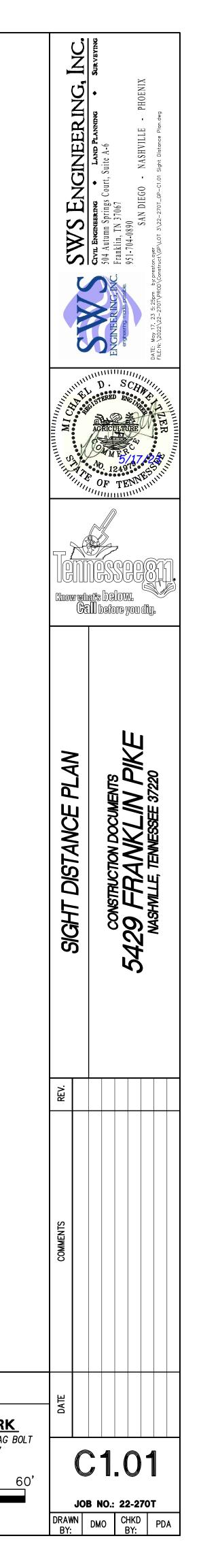


	State Strain Course SWS ENGINEERING, INC.	Total and to o		111	HELE:N: Z022/22-270T/PROD/Construct/GP/LOT 3/22-270T_GP-CI.00 Site Plan.dwg	
				EQEE 37990		
REV.						
COMMENTS						

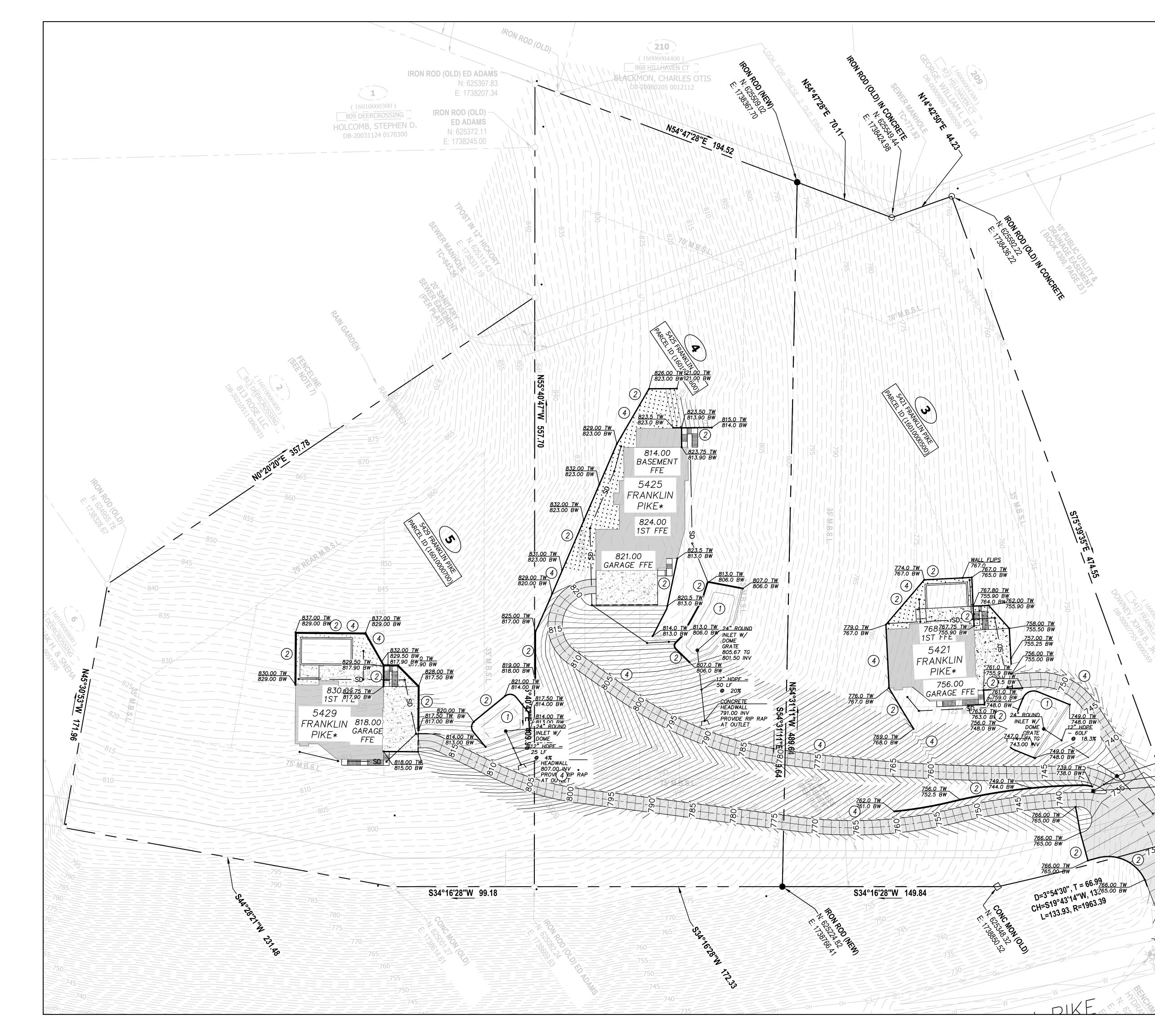
C1.00

JOB NO.: 22-270T





30'



GRADING/DRAINAGE, EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

XXX.XX TW

XXX.XX BW

EXISTING CONTOUR PROPOSED CONTOUR STORM PIPE TOP OF WALL BOTTOM OF WALL

- (1) LEVEL 1 BIORETENTION BASIN
- (2) RETAINING WALL, STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS
- (3) CONCRETE HEADWALL, #2/C5.10 (4) 2' WIDE, 6" DEEP SWALE

NOTE:

 $\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & &$

HEADWALL

SAS.

ALL PERIMETER MEASURES MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE GRADING.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AREA FOR CONCRETE WASH DOWN AND EQUIPMENT FUELING IN ACCORDANCE WITH METRO CP-10 AND CP-13, RESPECTIVELY. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE EXACT LOCATION WITH NPDES DEPARTMENT DURING PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. CONTROL OF OTHER SITE WASTES SUCH AS DISCARDED BUILDING MATERIALS, CHEMICALS, LITTER, AND SANITARY WASTES THAT MAY CAUSE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY IS ALSO REQUIRED BY THE GRADING PERMITTEE.

ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING TO TDEC'S SPECIFICATIONS.

PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER.

SITE CONTAINS 15% OR GREATER SLOPES ACROSS THE PROPERTY.

ALL GRASSED AREAS ON SLOPES 15% OR GREATER WILL REQUIRE SOD.

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL BE ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MONITOR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER SHALL SUBMIT A GEOTECHNICAL CERTIFICATION LETTER CERTIFYING THE STABILITY OF THE SLOPE AND THE STRUCTURE TO THE CITY OF OAK HILL UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY.

PRE/POST SITE RUNOFF						
	PRE (CFS)	POST (CFS)				
2 YEAR	9.487	9.235				
5 YEAR	16.01	15.44				
10 YEAR	20.58	20.43				
25 YEAR	26.73	26.17				
50 YEAR	31.38	30.50				
100 YEAR	36.01	35.90				

MAP NO. 16.01 - PARCEL 07.00

E:1738950.30

15'

(NAVD88)

SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30'

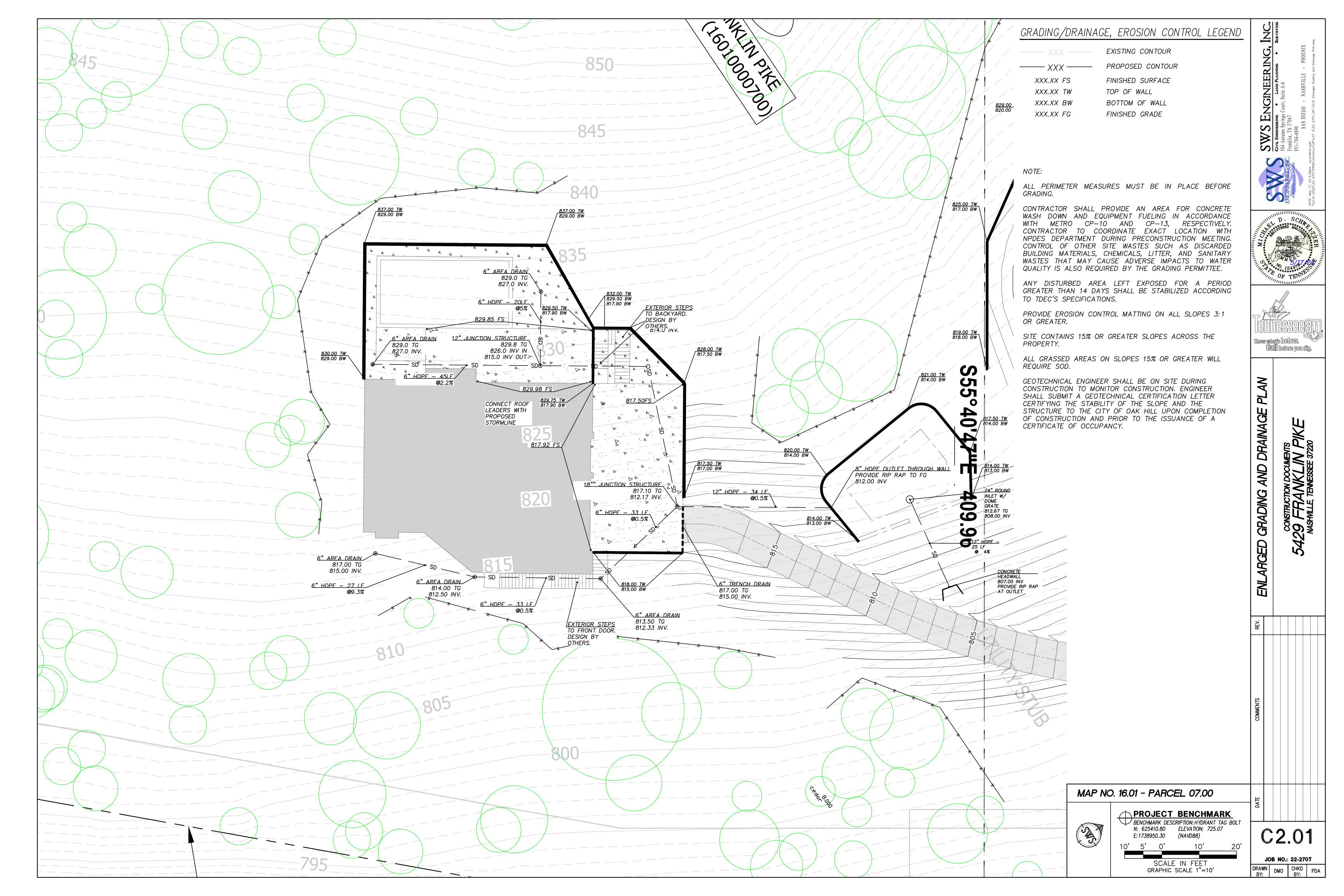
30'

D. SCA OF TEN INNESSEROJ Know what's below. Call before you dig. PIKE PLAN N DOCUMENTS FRANKLIN NESSEE 37220 DRAINAGE AND ONSTRUCTION I 5429 GRADING 5425, Más OVERAL 5421, **PROJECT BENCHMARK** BENCHMARK DESCRIPTION: HYDRANT TAG BOLT N: 625410.80 ELEVATION: 725.07 C2.0060' JOB NO.: 22-270T DRAWN BY: DMO CHKD PDA

INC.

ENGINEERING,

SWS civil Engineers 504 Autumn Spr Franklin, TN 37 951-704-0890





EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

DESCRIPTION	<u>SYMBOL</u>
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	\mathbb{R}^{2}
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	· · · · ·
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

NOTE:

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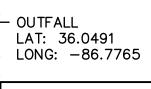
	il UU w w/h	iVi bel		FILE:N: \2022\22-270TPR00\Construct\GP\LOT 3\22-270T_GP-C3.00 Initial EPSC Plan.dwg	
INITIA PPSC PLAN		SUNSTRI LOOD NOT INTENTS	5471 5475 5479 FHANKI IN FIKE	INDOTIFIEL, TERMEDOLE U/220	
REV.					
COMMENTS					

C3.00

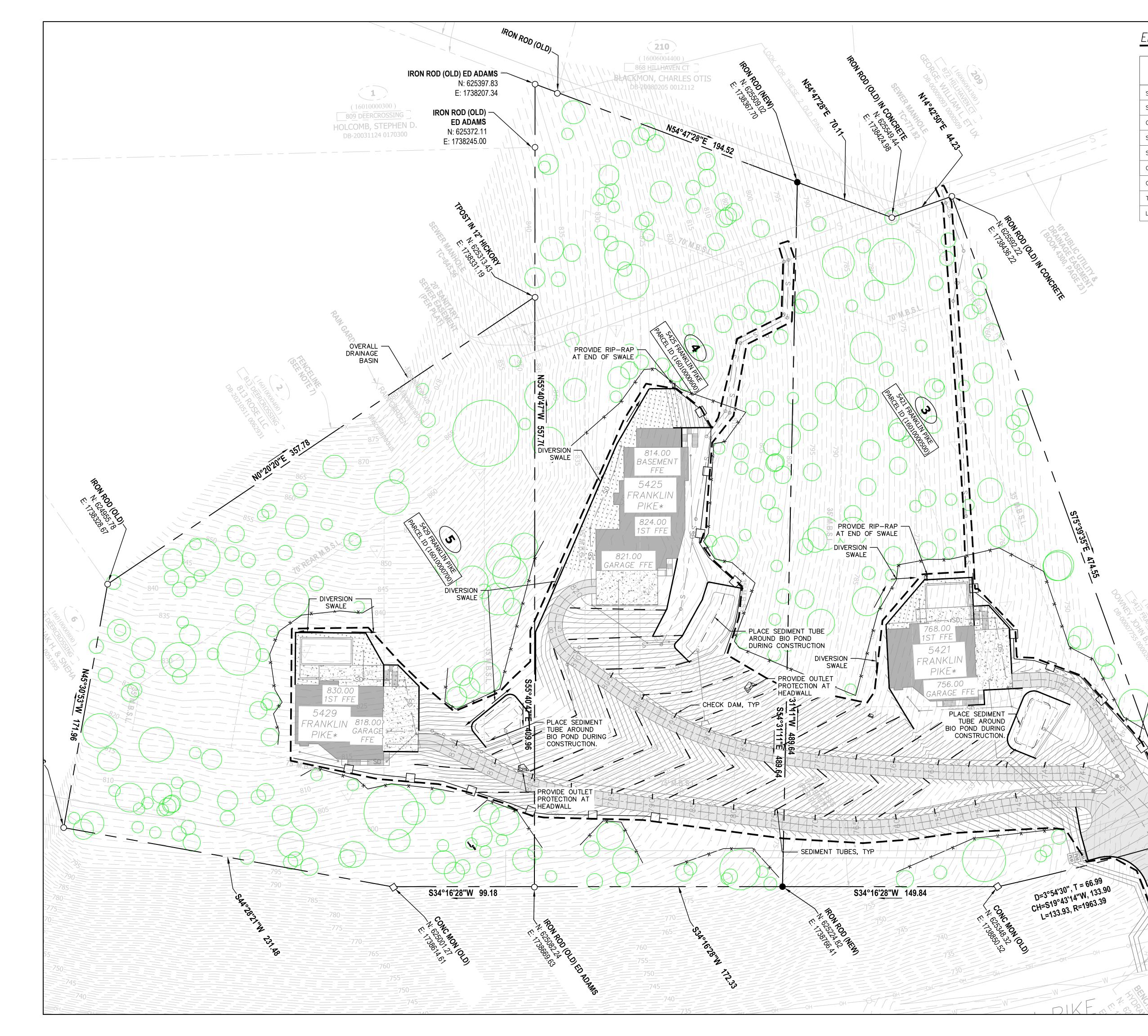
JOB NO.: 22-270T

DMO CHKD PDA

INC.



MAP NO	D. 16.C)1 – F	PARC	CEL 07.00	1
	$\overline{\frown}$	PRO	JECI		ARK
	∇	BENCHM	ARK DE: 10.80	SCRIPTION: HYDRAN ELEVATION: 72 (NAVD88)	T TAG BOLT
	30'	15'	0'	30'	<u> 6</u> 0'
		C		E IN FEET SCALE 1"=30	,
		GI		, 30 $LL I = 30$	



EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
CHECK DAM, TCP-12	
TREE PROTECTION	XXX
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

NOTE:

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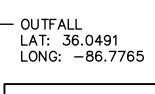
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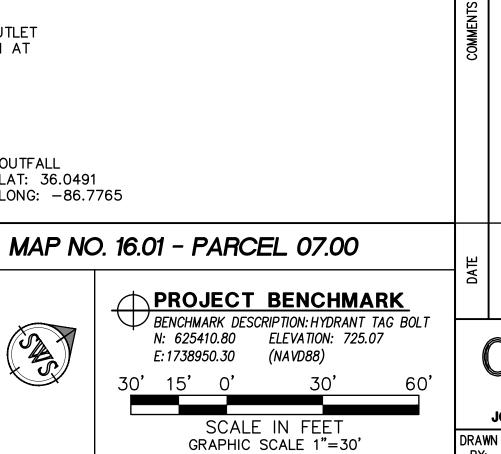
- J-HOOK SILT FENCH RUNNING PERPENDICULAR TO SLOPE (TYP.)

> - PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AT HEADWALL



SAS.

30'



Know what's Delow. Call before you dig. PIKE CUMENTS PANKLIN EE 37220 PLAN PSC CONSTRUCTION E CONSTRUCTION L 5425, 5429 | NÁSHMILE, TENNI 5421, C3.01JOB NO.: 22-270T

DRAWN BY: DMO CHKD BY: PDA

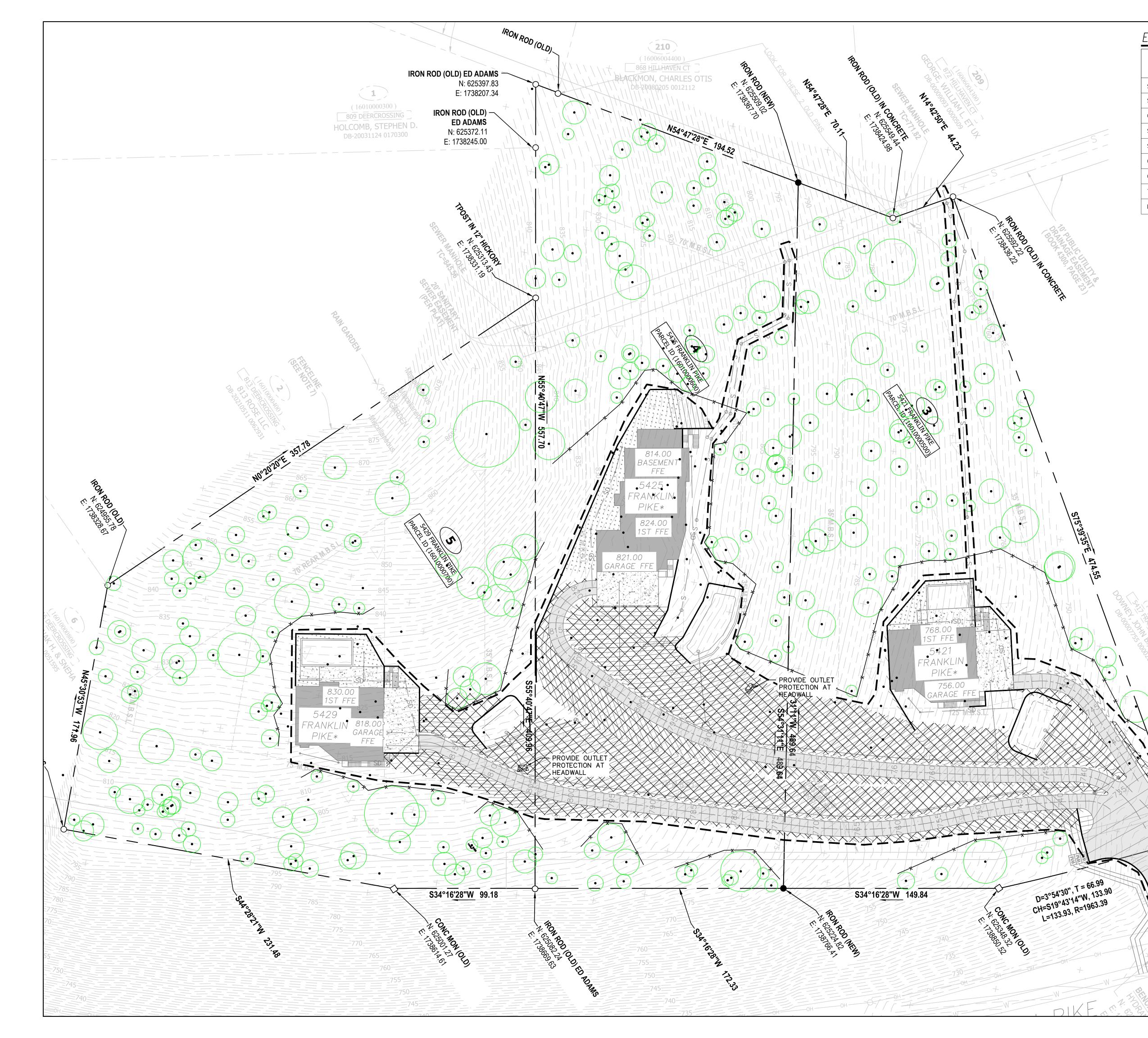
INC.

SWS ENGINEERING, SUA Autumn Springs Court, Suite A-6 Franklin, TN 37067 951-704-0890

S

D. SCA

OF TENT



EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
CHECK DAM, TCP-12	
TREE PROTECTION	XXX
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

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ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING TO TDEC'S SPECIFICATIONS.

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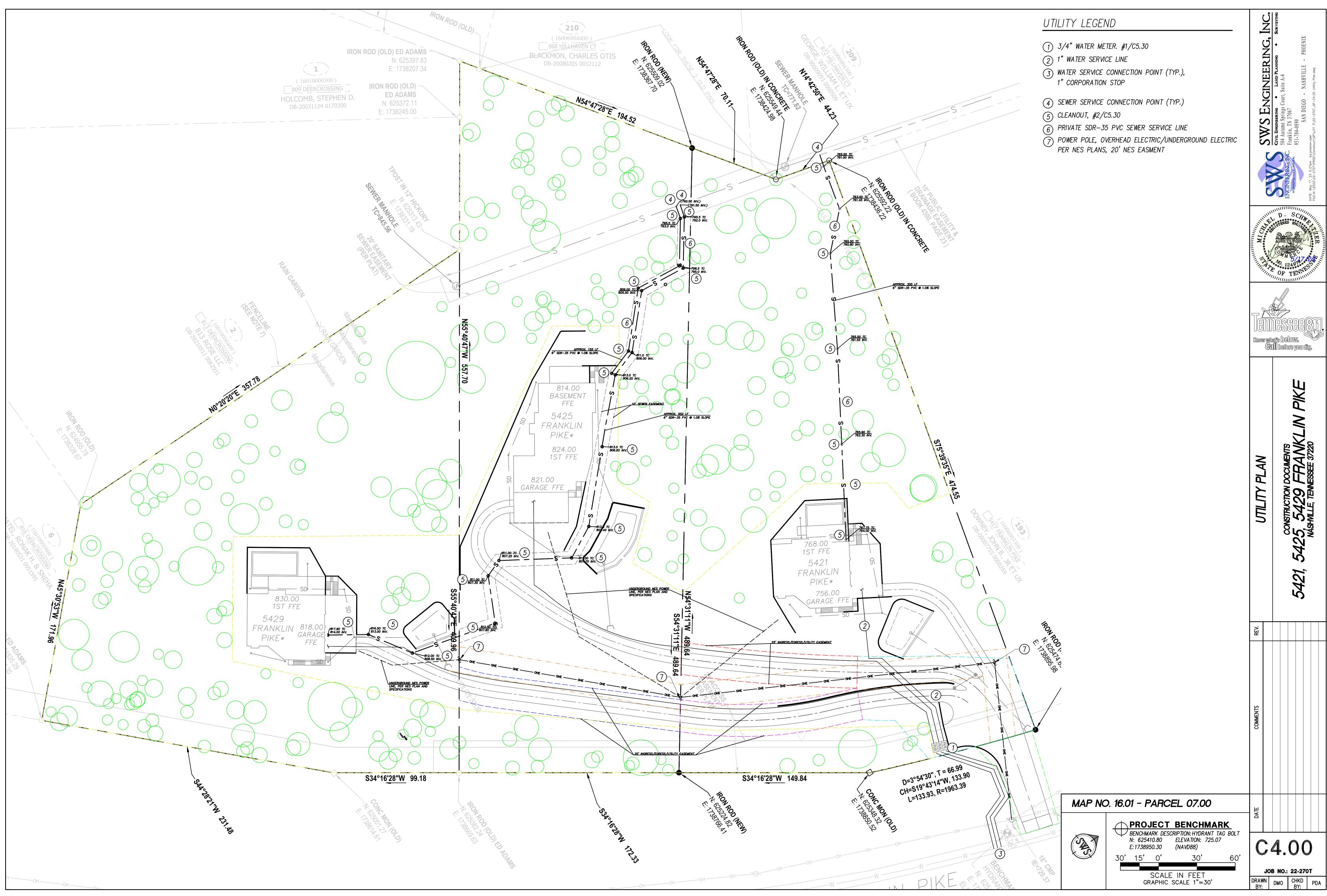
> PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AT HEADWALL

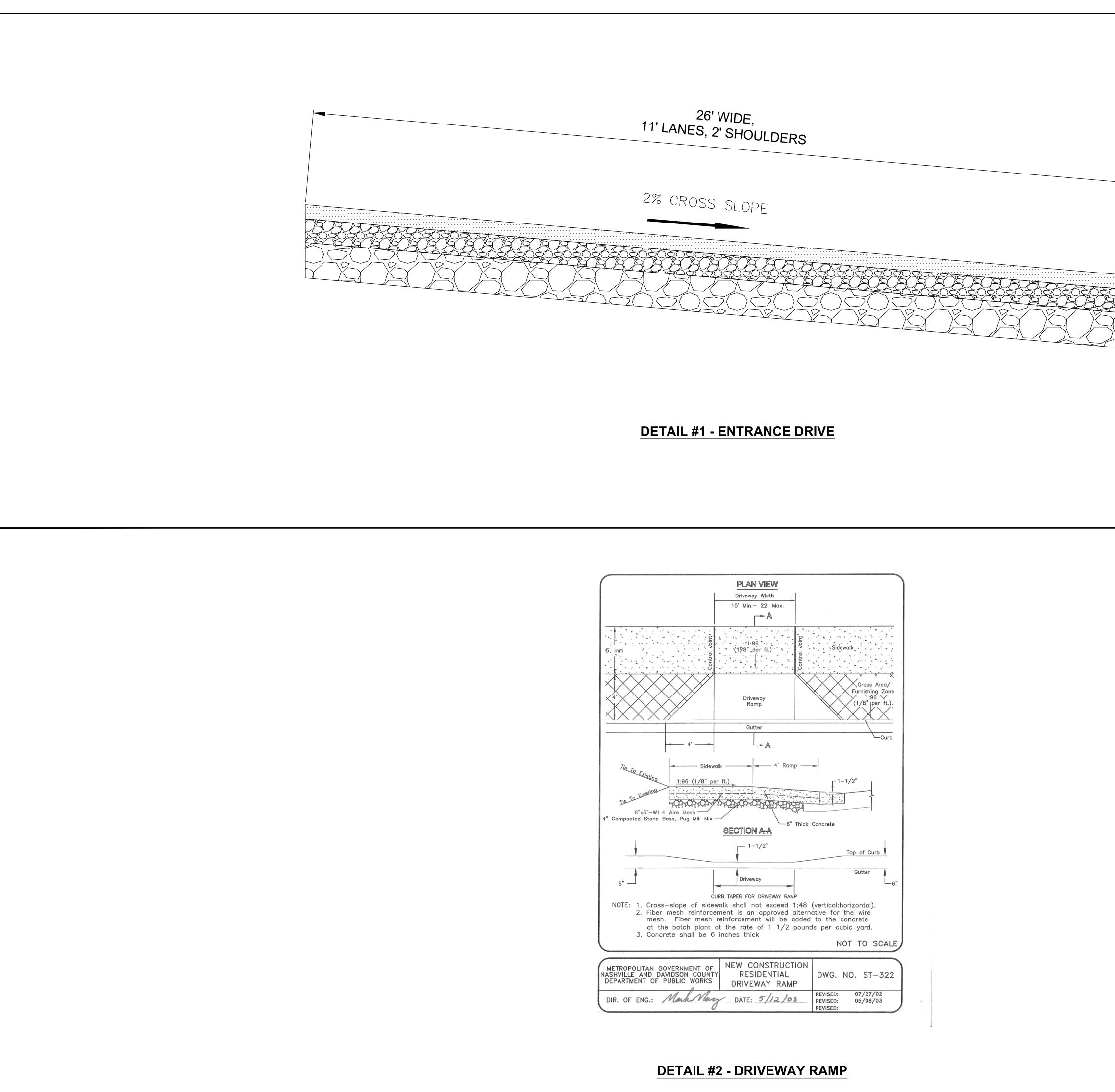
> > — OUTFALL LAT: 36.0491 LONG: —86.7765

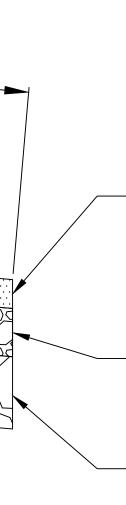
MAP NC	D. 16 .C	01 - F	PARC	CEL 07.0	0
A.	$ \oplus$	BENCHM	ARK DES 10.80	BENCH SCRIPTION: HYDR ELEVATION: (NAVD88)	ANT TAG BOLT
	30'	15 '	0'	30'	<u> 6</u> 0'

SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30'

				THE: MAY 17, 20 3. 2. PHILE: MAY 17, 20 3. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	1111
EINIAL EPCC PLAN		CONSTRUCTION DOC! MIENTS	5471 5475 5479 FHANKI IN FIKE	INAGITVILLE, IEIVVEODEE 0/220	
REV.					
COMMENTS					
+					
DATE					



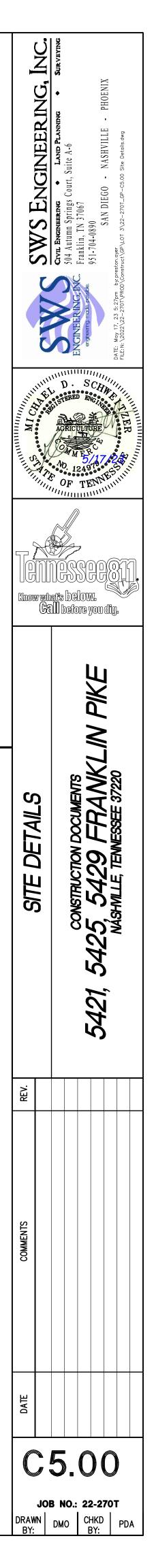


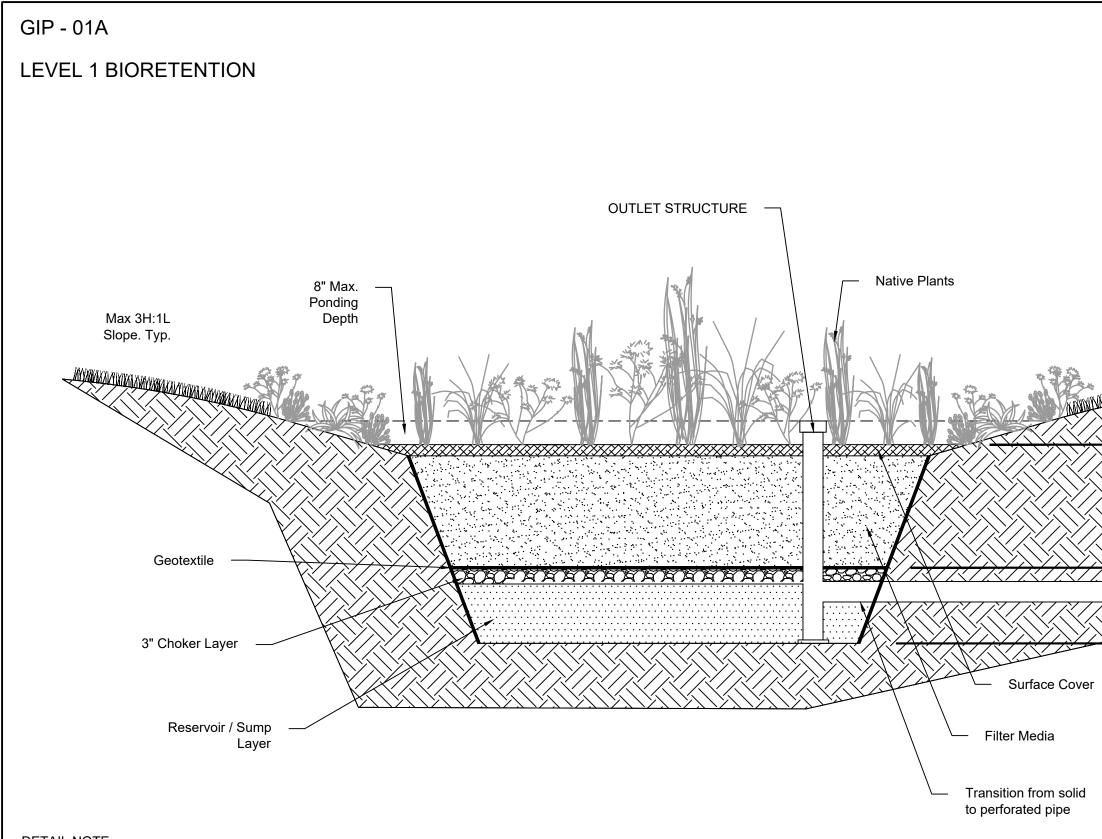


-1.5" ASPHALTIC CONCRETE WEARING SURFACE

-2.5" BITUMINOUS PLANT MIX BASE (BINDER)

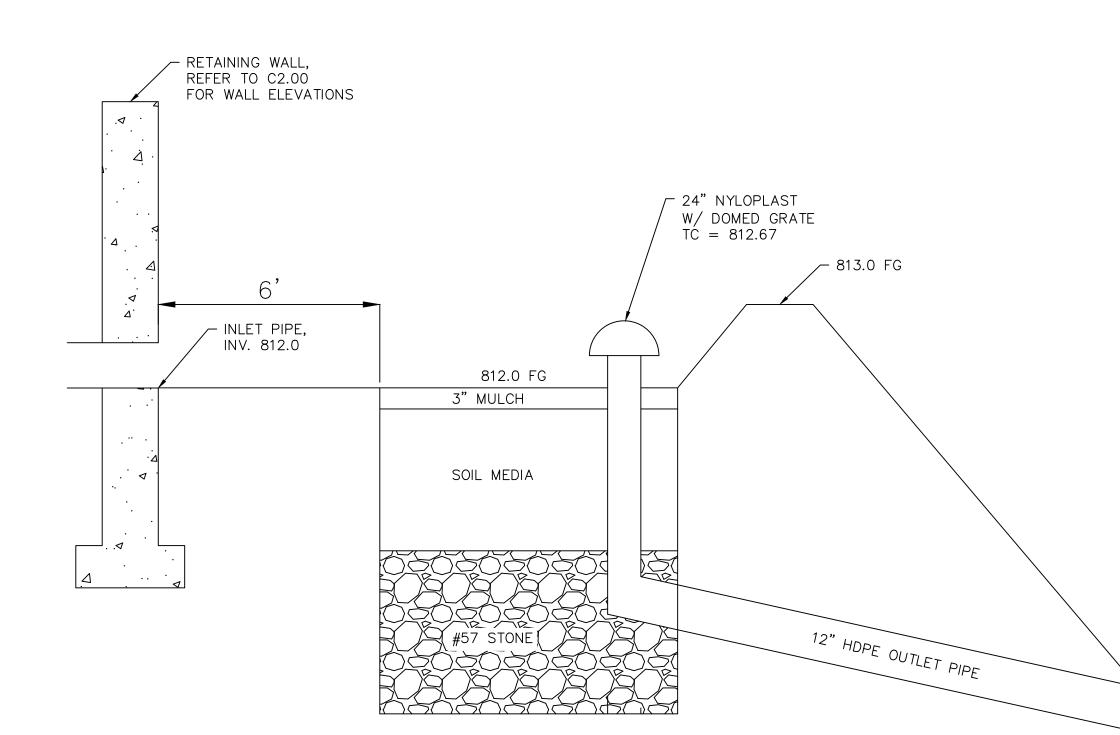
-8" MINERAL AGGREGATE BASE, IN 2-4" LIFTS





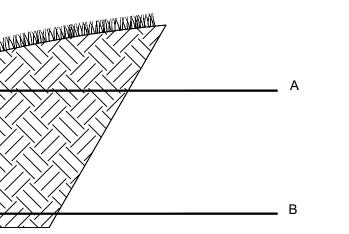
DETAIL NOTE:

- Contractor, Engineer, or Owners Representative shall notify MWS NPDES Staff at least 48 hours prior to the installation of the bioretention filter media. At the completion of installation, the above referenced person will collect one sample per bioretention area for analysis and confirmation of the
- filter media as defined by GIP-01. Media testing not required when using a certified media product.
- Vehicular traffic shall be prohibited on the planting bed in order to prevent compactions.
- Minimum 2' separation between subgrade and water table / bedrock required.



SECTION VIEW

Bioretention Number : 5429		
	Design	As-Built
Treatment Volume (Tv), CF	943	
Surface Area, SF	360	
Top of Bank Elevation	813.0	
Emergency Spillway Elevation*	N/A	
Overflow (TOC) Elevation*	812.67	
(A) GIP Surface Elevation	812.0	
(B) Top of Stone Elevation	808.75	
Underdrain Invert*	N/A	
Outlet Elevation*	808.0	
(C) Subgrade Elevation	805.75	
* N/A if not required		-



To Outlet

All elevations shall be NAVD88

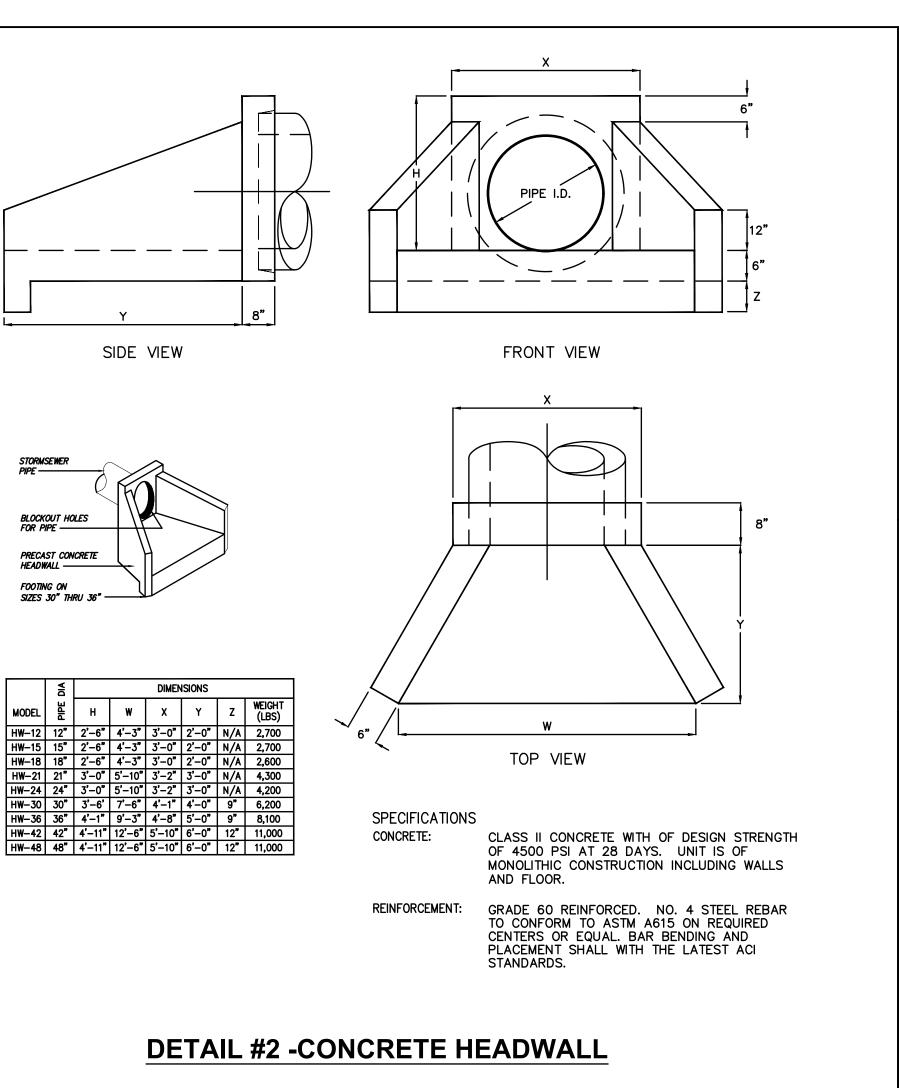
Material	Specifications	Notes					
Surface Cover	 Shredded hardwood Hardwood bark River stone Coir or jute matting Turf 	Lay a 3 inch layer on the surface of the filter bed in order to suppress weed growth & prevent erosion. Stone shall not comprise more than 50% of the surface area.					
Filter Media * Composition	 70% - 85% sand; 10%-30% silt + clay, with clay ≤ 10%; and 5% to 10% organic matter 	The volume of filter media based on 110% of the plan volume, to account for settling or compaction. Contact staff for testing procedures.					
Geotextile	Use a non-woven geotextile fabric with a flow rate of > 110 gal./min./ft ² (e.g., Geotex 351 or equivalent)	Apply to the sides and above the underdrain (2'-4' wide strip). AASHTO M288-06, ASTM D4491 & D4751					
Choker Layer *	#8 or #89 clean washed stone	Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.					
Reservoir Layer *	#57 clean washed stone	Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.					
Underdrain	6-inch dual wall HDPE or SDR 35 PVC pipe with 3/8-inch perforations at 6 inches on center	AASHTO M 252 Place perforated pipe at base of reservoir layer.					
Cleanout	6-inch SDR 35 PVC pipe with vented cap	Provide cleanouts at the upper end of the underdrain.					
Observation Well	6-inch SDR 35 PVC pipe with vented cap and anchor plate	Number of wells equals the number of test pits required for infiltration testing (see Appendix 1-A)					
Sump Layer	#57 clean washed stone	Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.					

*Item receipts may be required to be included with as-built submittal.

DETAIL NOTES:

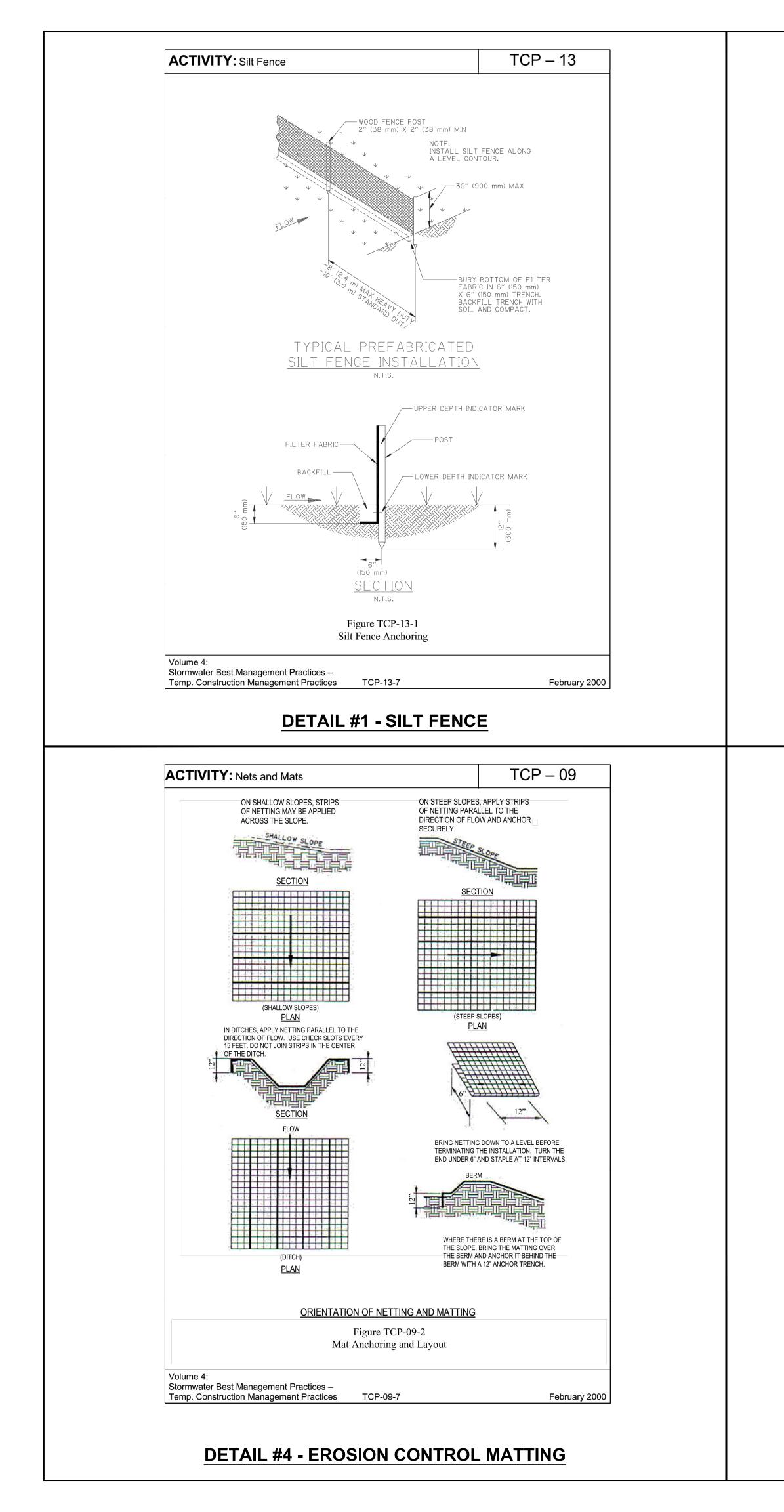
- The main goal of pretreatment filtering is to capture floatables, debris, grease, oils, silt and sediment where they can be easily cleaned at the surface of the GIP through regular maintenance, and before they have the opportunity to clog the practice.
- When concentrated flow is directed at a GIP through curb turnouts or pipe outlets, a sediment forebay shall be used to allow material to be captured where it can be easily cleaned.
- A sediment forebay shall be designed so that it is integrated into the GIP.
- Direct mainenance access to the forebay must be provided.
- Exit velocities from the forebay must be non-erosive. Velocities over the weir shall be provided. If high runoff velocity is a potential problem, some type of energy dissipation device must be incorporated.
- Sediment removal in the forebay shall occur in accordance with the long-term maintenance plan.
- A fixed vertical sediment depth marker shall be installed in the forebay to measure sediment deposition over time. The marker shall be made of durable, non-corroding material (not steel). The elevation at which sediment removal is required shall be marked with a line in contrasting color or shade.
- All disturbed areas must be immediately stabilized after construction to minimize erosion.

CONCRETE HEADWALL

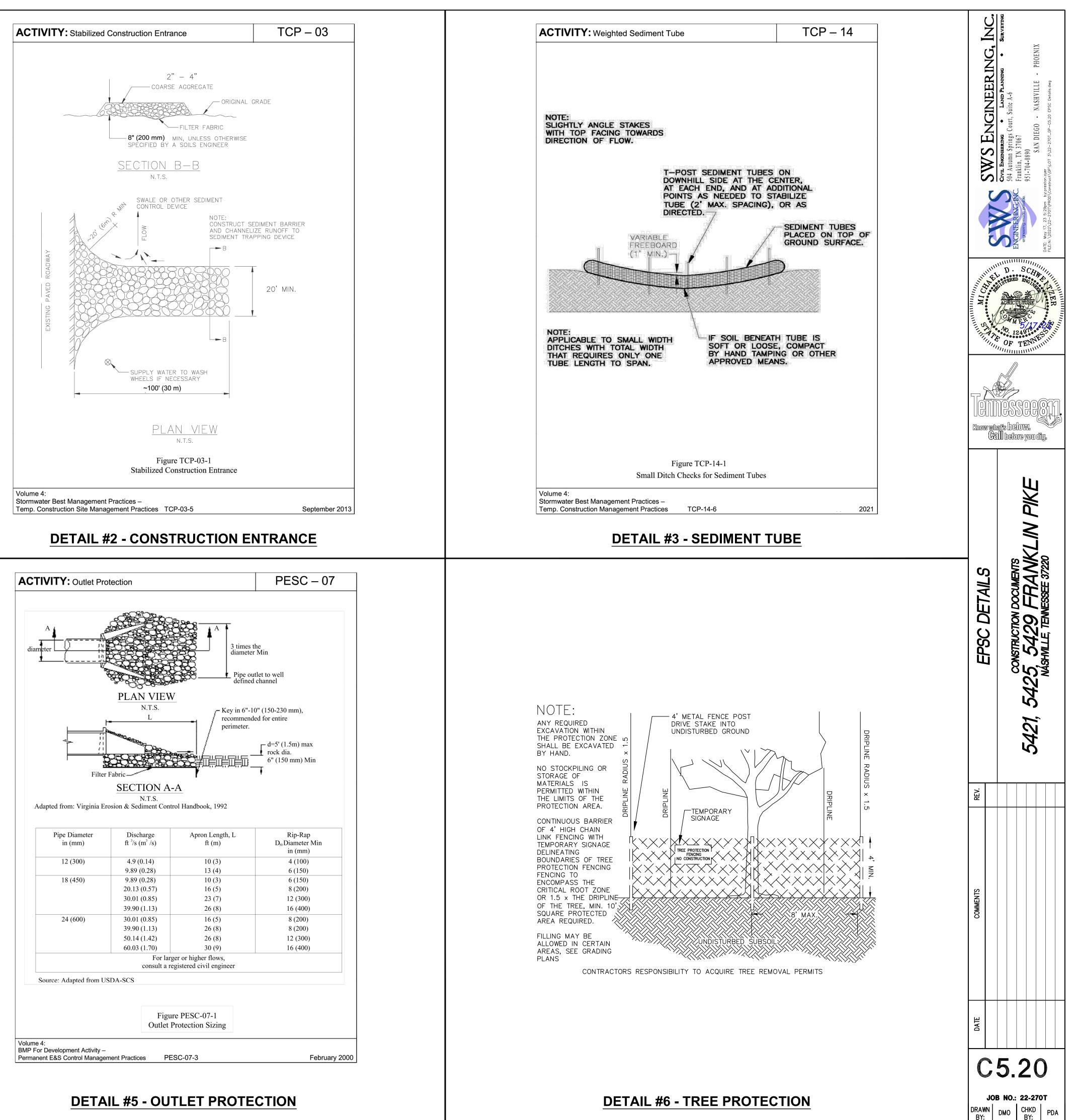


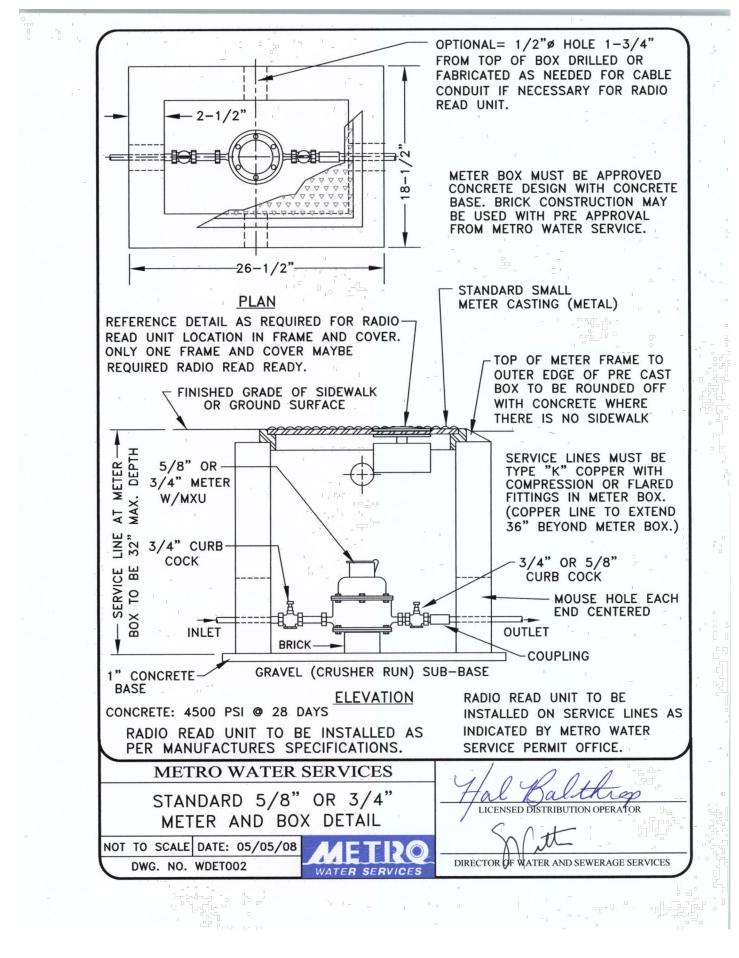
MODEL



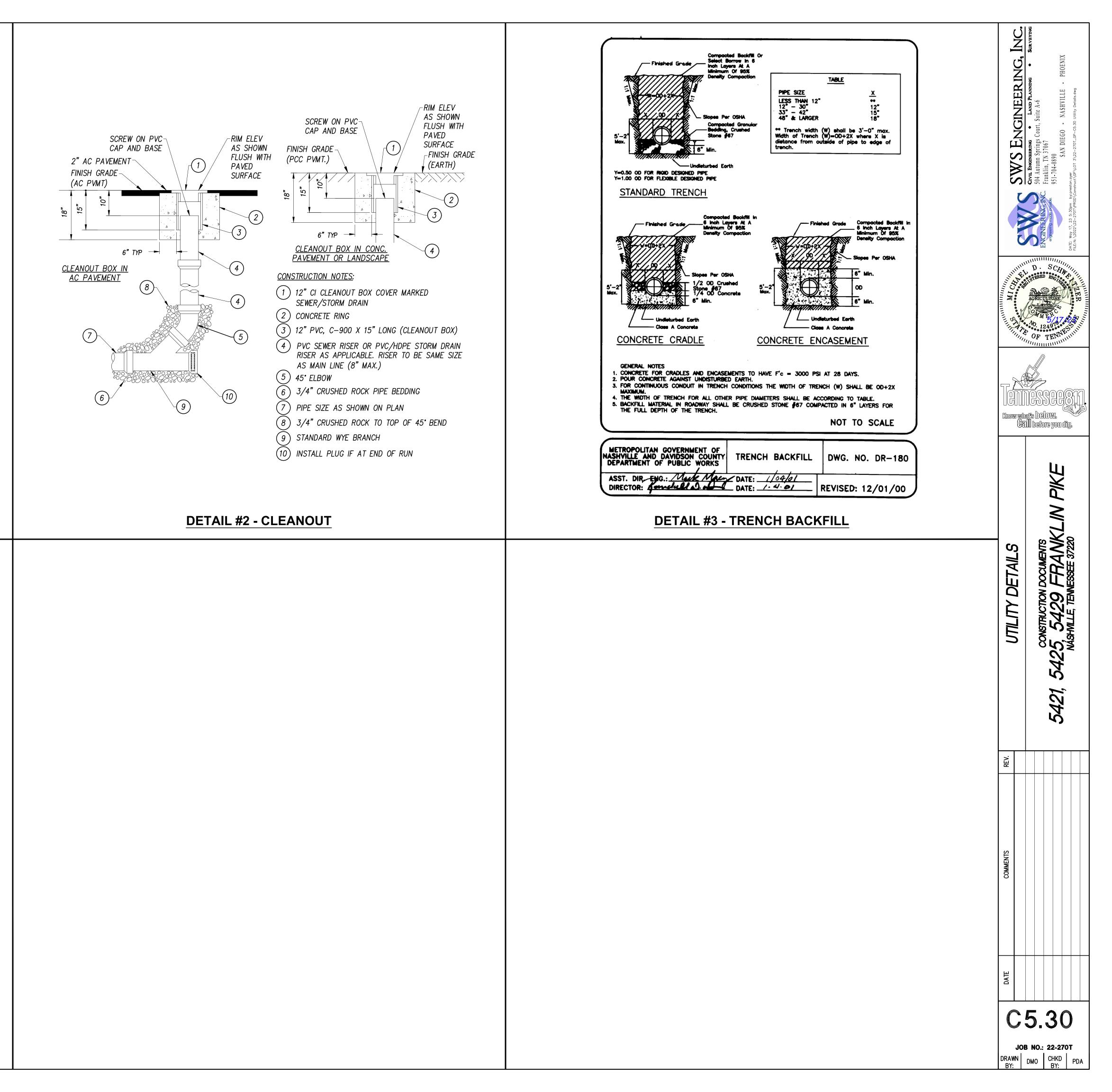




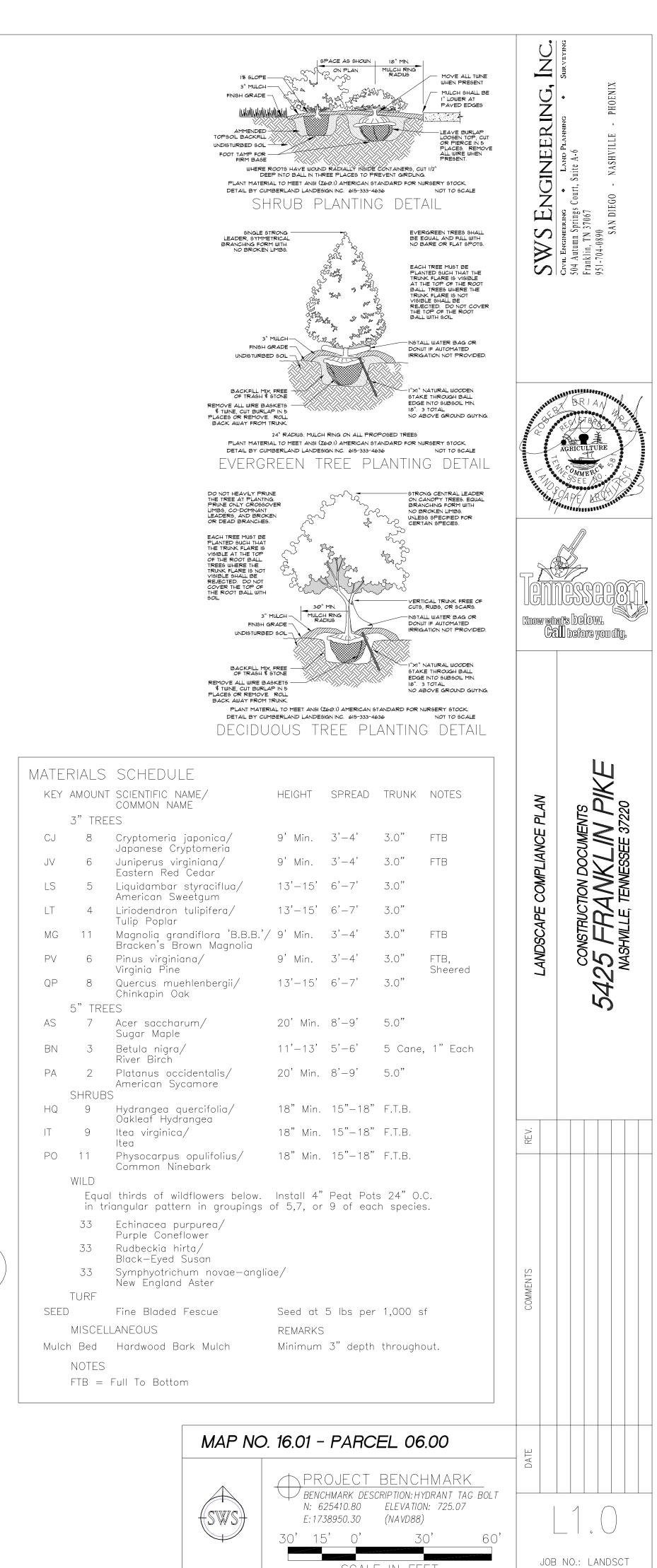








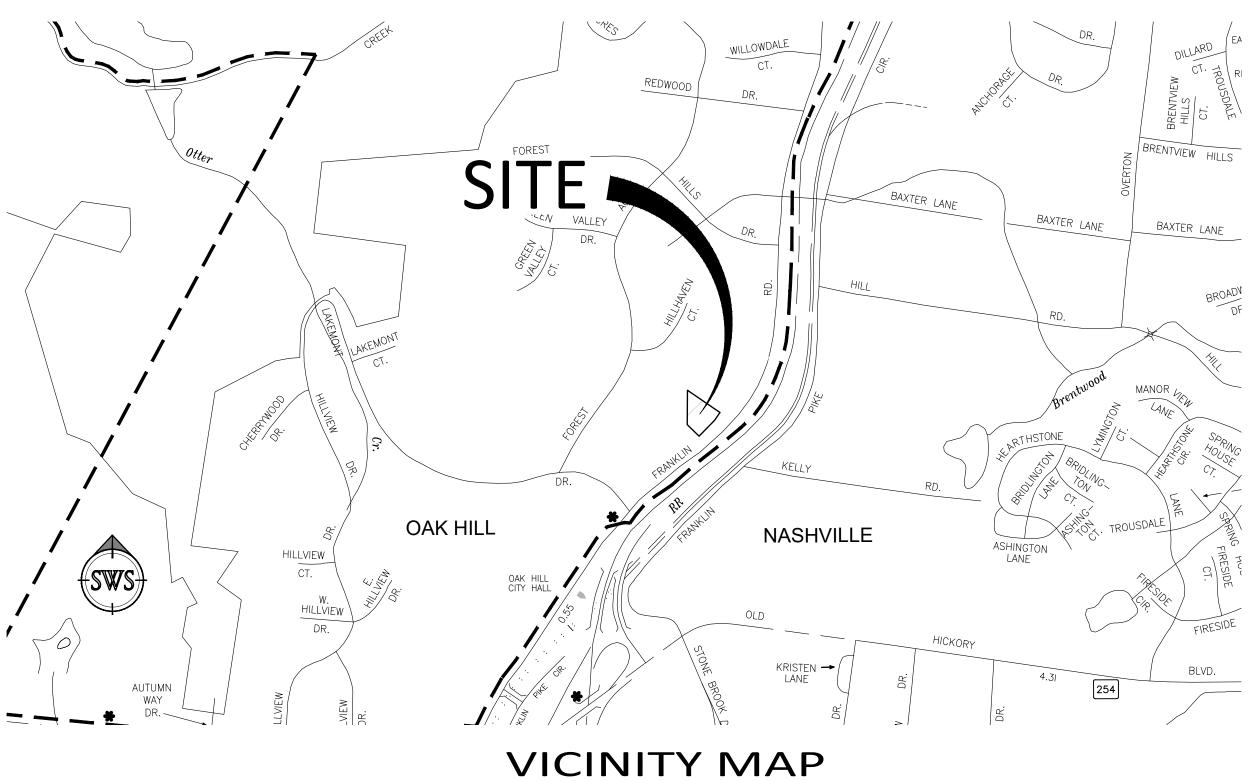




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GRAPHIC	SCAL	E	1"=	3(

DRAWN DMO CHKD PDA

5429 FRANKLIN PKE NASHVILLE, TN 37220



N.T.S.

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS SINGLE FAMILY LOT

DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

OWNER:

ENGINEER:

PROPERTY ADDRESS: PARCEL ID: AREA: CURRENT ZONING: FEMA FIRM:

SETBACKS

FRONT YARD: SIDE YARD: REAR YARD:

PHASING:

URBAN DEVLELOPME JEFF LIVINGSTON

MIKE SCHWEITZER, F SWS ENGINEERING, I 504 AUTUMN SPRING FRANKLIN, TN 37067 615-716-0683

5429 FRANKLIN PIKE 1601000500 91,139 SF, 2.092 AC RESIDENTIAL D NO. 47037C0367H, APRIL 5, 2017, ZONE

125' 35' (22% OF LOT WI 70'

SINGLE PHASE

SHEET SUMMARY

ENT GROUP,	C0.00	_	COVER
	CO.01	_	NOTES
	V1.00	_	SURVEY
P.E.	TS1.00	_	TREE DEMO PLAN
INC.	TS1.01	_	TREE TABLE
NGS CT, A6	C1.00	_	SITE PLAN
57	C1.01	_	SIGHT DISTANCE PLAN
	C2.00	_	OVERALL GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
<e< td=""><td>C2.01</td><td>_</td><td>ENLARGED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN</td></e<>	C2.01	_	ENLARGED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
	C3.00	_	INITIAL EPSC PLAN
ACRES	C3.01	_	CONSTRUCTION EPSC PLAN
	C3.02	_	FINAL EPSC PLAN
EFFECTIVE DATE	C4.00	_	UTILITY PLAN
NE X	C5.00	_	SITE DETAILS
	C5.10	_	GRADING AND DRAINAGE DETAILS
	C5.20	_	EPSC DETAILS
	C5.30	_	UTILITY DETAILS
WIDTH, UP TO 35' MAX)	L1.0	_	LANDSCAPE PLAN



REV: DATE: 4/21/22 JOB NO.: 22-270T



SWS Engineering, Inc. 04 Autumn Springs Court, Suite A-6

951-704-0890 SAN DIEGO - NASHVILLE - PHOENIX

DATE: Apr 18, 23 4:46pm by:dan.oshaughnessy FILE:C:\Users\DAN~1.0SH\AppData\Local\Temp\AcPublish_233328\22-270T_GP-C0.00 Cover.dwg

Franklin, TN 37067

- <u>GENERAL NOTES</u>
- 1. EXISTING INFORMATION/TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY WAS PREPARED BY CLINT ELLIOT SURVEYING
- 2. PROPERTY MAP REFERENCE: 16010000700
- 3. PROPERTY IS ZONED RD
- 4. THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ZONE "X" AREAS NOT AFFECTED BY THE 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN BASED ON FEMA "FLOOD RATE INSURANCE MAP" NO. 47037C0367H, EFFECTIVE ON 04/05/2017.
- 5. BIDDER HAS VISITED THE SITE, BECOME FAMILIAR WITH LOCAL CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH WORK IS TO BE DONE, AND HAS CORRELATED THE BIDDER'S PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS WITH REQUIREMENTS OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. CONTRACTOR WILL NOT BE GIVEN EXTRA PAYMENT FOR DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SURVEY AND SITE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED.
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CODES, OBTAIN, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, ALL PERMITS AND PAY ALL FEES REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL 811 OR VISIT call811.com/811-your-state AT LEAST 3 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ALL EXCAVATION AND/OR DEMOLITION.
- 8. THE OWNER DOES NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE POSSIBILITY THAT DURING CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN MAY BE ENCOUNTERED OR THAT ACTUAL LOCATIONS OF THOSE SHOWN MAYBE DIFFERENT FROM THE LOCATIONS DESIGNATED ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS. IN AREAS WHERE IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE EXACT LOCATION BE KNOWN OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, SHALL FURNISH ALL LABOR AND TOOLS TO EITHER VERIFY AND SUBSTANTIATE OR DEFINITIVELY ESTABLISH THE POSITIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES.
- 9. ALL DAMAGE TO EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT TO REMAIN WHICH RESULTS FROM NEW CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED WITH LIKE MATERIALS AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 10. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLAG AND PROTECT ALL TREES TO REMAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS. DO NOT OPERATE OR STORE HEAVY EQUIPMENT, NOR HANDLE OR STORE MATERIALS, WITHIN THE DRIPLINES OF TREES OR OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF GRADING.
- 11. TREE PROTECTION SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING STEPS:
 - A. CONTRACTOR SHALL HIRE A LICENSED LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR TO OVERSEE TREE PROTECTION.
 - B. PRIOR TO ALL GRADING OPERATIONS, LOCATE TREES TO BE PROTECTED AND NEATLY CUT ROOTS TO A DEPTH OF 30" AT THE DIMENSIONED LIMITS SHOWN USING A UTILITY TRENCHING MACHINE.
 - C. TREAT EXPOSED ROOTS WITH A HORTICULTURAL TREE PRUNING PROTECTION PRODUCT.
 - D. PRUNE TREE LIMBS BY THE SAME PROPORTIONAL PERCENTAGE AS TREE ROOTS REMOVED (i.e. 25% OF ROOTS REMOVED SHALL RESULT IN 25% OF TREE LIMBS REMOVED). IT IS THE OWNER'S INTENT TO PRESERVE ALL OF THE EXISTING SITE VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING.
- 12. ALL TREES ARE TO BE PROTECTED AND SAVED IF THEY FALL OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT LOCATED OR IDENTIFIED ON THE SURVEY.
- 13. SELECTIVE CLEARING BEYOND THE LIMIT OF GRADING SHALL CONSIST OF REMOVAL OF HONEYSUCKLE, HERBACEOUS SHRUBS, POISON IVY. AND NOXIOUS WEEDS. GRASS SHALL BE SOWN ON THE WHOLE SITE AFTER PREPARATION, AS NOTED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL, AT ITS OWN EXPENSE, REPAIR ALL DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION OR THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS. ALL DAMAGE SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO CURRENT LOCAL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION WITH THE APPROPRIATE COMPANY.
- 15. EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR OFF THE OWNER'S PROPERTY AT NO ADDITIONAL COST, IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK EXISTING GRADES, DIMENSIONS, AND INVERTS IN THE FIELD AND REPORT ALL DISCREPANCIES TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
- 17. IN THE EVENT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES FOUND IN THE DRAWINGS OR IF PROBLEMS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
- 18. PROVIDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS WHICH INCLUDE AT LEAST TWO DIMENSIONS TO EACH VALVE AND MANHOLE FROM KNOWN SITE FEATURES. DRAWINGS SHALL INCLUDE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL INFORMATION ON ALL NEW UTILITIES AS WELL AS EXISTING UTILITIES ENCOUNTERED. AN AS-BUILT SURVEY SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR NEW SIDEWALK RAMP. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER UPON COMPLETION.
- 19. GUARD REFERENCE POINTS STAKED IN THE FIELD. ALL REFERENCE POINTS THAT ARE DESTROYED OR LOST SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

DEMOLITION NOTES

- CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY DEMOLITION AND TREE REMOVAL PERMITS FROM AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION PRIOR TO START OF SITE DEMOLITION.
- 2. VERIFY THE CLEARING LIMITS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BEFORE BIDDING THIS PROJECT. NO EXTRAS WILL BE ALLOWED DUE TO THE IRREGULAR SURFACE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS SITE.
- 3. DEMOLITION AND REMOVAL OPERATIONS SHALL COMMENCE ONLY AFTER ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL.
- 4. PROVIDE NEAT AND STRAIGHT SAW CUTS OF EXISTING PAVEMENT ALONG ALL LIMITS OF PAVEMENT DEMOLITION.
- 5. ALL DEMOLISHED MATERIALS BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED. DISPOSE OF OFF THE OWNER'S PROPERTY IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 6. ALL PAVEMENT BASE COURSES, SIDEWALK, CURBS, BUILDINGS, FOUNDATIONS, ETC. IN THE AREA TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED TO FULL DEPTH. EXISTING BASE COURSE MATERIALS MAY BE WORKED INTO THE NEW PAVEMENT OR BUILDING SUBGRADE PROVIDED THAT THE GRADATION, CONSISTENCY, COMPACTION, SUBGRADE CONDITION, ETC. ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS. BASE COURSE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE WORKED INTO THE SUBGRADE OF AREAS TO RECEIVE PLANTING.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE WATER SPRINKLING AND OTHER SUITABLE METHODS AS NECESSARY TO CONTROL DUST AND DIRT CAUSED BY THE DEMOLITION WORK.
- 8. ALL ITEMS OF CONSTRUCTION REMAINING AND SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED THAT INTERFERE WITH THE NEW CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER.
- 8. CAVITIES LEFT BY STRUCTURE REMOVAL SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH SATISFACTORY MATERIAL AND COMPACTED TO 98% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM D698.
- 9. PAVEMENT MARKINGS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE PAINTED OVER TO MATCH PAVEMENT OR REMOVED WITH WIRE BRUSHING.
- 10. EXCEPT AS SHOWN, NO TREES SHALL BE REMOVED AND/OR VEGETATION REMOVED WITHOUT APPROVAL OF THE OWNER/ENGINEER.

TREE PROTECTION NOTES

- 1. BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ERECTION OF ALL BARRIERS NECESSARY TO PROTECT ANY EXISTING OR INSTALLED TREES FROM DAMAGE BOTH DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 2. TREE PROTECTION FENCING A. WHERE REQUIRED, ALL SPECIMEN TREES, TREES IN A TREE PROTECTION ZONE, AND TREES INTENDED FOR USE AS CREDIT TOWARDS THE LANDSCAPING SHALL BE FENCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION BEFORE GRADING OF OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY BEGINS. FENCING SHALL EXTEND AT LEAST ONE FOOT IN DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE TREE FOR EACH INCH OF DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT, SO THAT EACH TREE'S DRIPLINE IS PROTECTED, BUT NO LESS THAN TEN FEET FROM THE TRUNK. THE ENGINEER AND
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS IN DETERMINING THE EXACT LOCATION OF ANY TREE PROTECTION FENCING. B. TYPE OF FENCING: ALL FENCING REQUIRED SHALL BE CHAIN LINK FENCING AT LEAST FOUR FEET IN HEIGHT AND SECURED USING
- APPROPRIATE POSTS SPACED NOT MORE THAN TEN FEET APART. SUCH CHAIN LINK FENCING IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE COATED.
- C. SIGNAGE: SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE TREE PROTECTION FENCE VISIBLE ON ALL SIDES OF THE FENCED-IN AREA AT A RATE OF AT LEAST ON SIGN FOR EVERY 150 LINEAR FEET. THE SIZE OF EACH SIGN MUST BE A MINIMUM OF TWO FEET BE TWO FEET TALL AND SHALL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING LANGUAGE IN ENGLISH AND SPANISH: "TREE PROTECTION ZONE: KEEP OUT."
- D. TRENCHING PRIOR TO CLEARING ACTIVITIES: THE REMOVAL OF TREE ADJACENT TO TREE SAVE AREAS CAN CAUSE INADVERTENT DAMAGE TO THE PROTECTED TREES. PRIOR TO CLEARING ACTIVITIES, TRENCHES WITH A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 12 INCHES SHALL BE CUT ALONG THE LIMITS OF THE DISTURBANCE, SO AS TO CUT, RATHER THAN TEAR TREE ROOTS.
- E. INSPECTION: ALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. FAILURE TO HAVE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION IS A VIOLATION OF THIS ORDINANCE.
- F. NO CONSTRUCTION, GRADING, EQUIPMENT OR MATERIAL STORAGE OF ANY OTHER ACTIVITY SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHIN THE FENCED AREA. FENCING SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE.

<u>SITE NOTES</u>

REQUIRED.

- 1. THE FOLLOWING IS A MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR SITE WORK. IF FURTHER MEASURES ARE NEEDED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE PROJECT:
- A. PROVIDE ADEQUATE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES.
- B. INSTALL EROSION/SILTATION CONTROLS AS DESIGNATED ON PLANS.
- C. CONSTRUCT DETENTION BASIN(S) AND STRUCTURE(S), IF
- D. GRADE THE ROADWAY AND BUILDING AREAS.
- 2. CONSTRUCT STORM DRAINS AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. INSTALL SILTATION CONTROL MEASURES TO PREVENT SOIL FROM WASHING IN STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.
- 3. PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION BETWEEN EXISTING PAVEMENT AND NEW PAVEMENT. FIELD ADJUSTMENT OF FINAL GRADES MAY BE NECESSARY. INSTALL ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF PAVEMENT.
- 4. DIMENSIONS AND RADII ARE TO THE FACE OF CURB, EDGE OF CONC OR TO THE FACE OF BUILDING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 5. COORDINATES ARE FOR FACE OF BUILDING, CENTER LINES OF DRIVEWAYS, CENTER OF SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES, AND CENTER FACE OF CURB ON CURB INLETS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. VERIFY THE CLEARING LIMITS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BEFORE BIDDING THIS PROJECT. NO EXTRAS WILL BE ALLOWED DUE TO THE IRREGULA SURFACE CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS SITE.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRES AN EXCAVA PERMIT FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
- 2. PROOF-ROLLING OF ALL STREET SUBGRADES IS REQUIRED IN THE PRESENCE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS INSPECTOR. INSPECTION OF THE E COURSE IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO FINAL PAVING IN THE PRESENCE OF PUBLIC WORKS INSPECTOR. THESE REQUESTS ARE TO BE MADE 24 IN ADVANCE.
- 3. STOP SIGNS ARE TO BE 30 INCH BY 30 INCH.
- 4. STREET SIGNS TO HAVE SIX INCH WHITE LETTERS ON A NINE INCH ALUMINUM BLADE, HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE.
- 5. ALL PAVEMENT MARKING ARE TO BE THERMOPLASTIC.

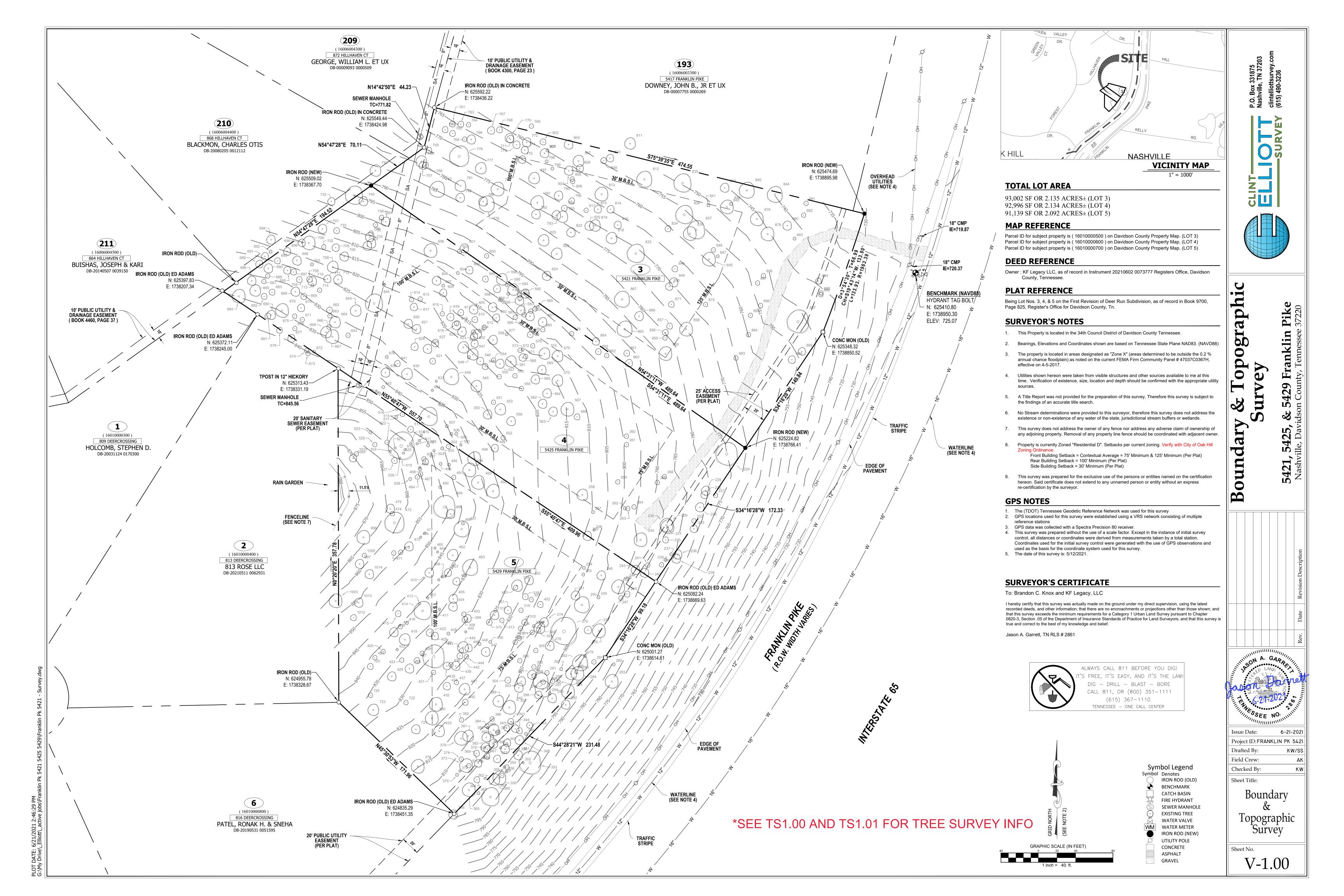
WATER AND SEWER NOTES

- 1. ALL WATER AND SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE N SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DETAILS OF THE METRO WATER SER
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REIMBURSING THE METRO WA SERVICES THE COST OF INSPECTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN THE CONSTRUCTION IDENTIFICATION SIGN FOR PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT APPROVED.
- 4. ALL CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE BY CORING AN RESILIENT CONNECTOR METHOD.
- 5. REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICES (RPBP) OR DU CHECK VALVE WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL TEST AND FILL LINES (JUN NEEDED FOR WATER MAIN CONSTRUCTION AND MUST BE APPROVED METRO WATER SERVICES.
- 6. ALL WATER METERS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 24" NOT TO EXCEED MAXIMUM OF 28" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 7. PRESSURE REGULATING DEVICES WILL BE REQUIRED ON THE CUSTOM OF THE METER WHEN PRESSURES EXCEED 100 PSI.
- 8. PRESSURE REGULATING DEVICES WILL BE REQUIRED ON THE STREET THE METER WHEN PRESSURES EXCEED 150 PSI.

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. STRIP AVAILABLE TOPSOIL AND STORE ON SITE. INSTALL SILTATION CONTROL (SILT FENCE) AROUND SOIL STOCKPILES, AS NEEDED. CONTRACTOR TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL TOPSOIL OR REMOVE EXCESS TOPSOIL AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
- 2. PROVIDED TEMPORARY SEEDING ON STOCKPILES AND ALL OTHER AF OF THE SITE THAT WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR 30 DAYS OR MO
- 3. PLACE TOPSOIL AND APPLY SEED AND MULCH TO ALL DISTURBED A PLACE AND RAKE TOPSOIL TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF SIX (6) INCHE AREAS TO RECEIVE LANDSCAPING.
- 4. IT IS THE OWNER'S INTENT TO PRESERVE ALL OF THE EXISTING SITE VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF GRADING.
- 5. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITHIN 14 DA AFTER GRADING IS COMPLETED, SLOPES 3:1 AND STEEPER WITHIN 7
- 6. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, PIPES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION, AND DETENTION PONDS SHALL HAVE SEDIMENT REM PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.
- 7. TOP OF GRATE ELEVATIONS FOR CURB INLETS ARE GIVEN TO THE C OF THE INLETS AT THE FACE OF CURB. THE GRATES SHALL SLOPE LONGITUDINALLY WITH THE PAVEMENT GRADE. ADJUST THE CASTING FALL ALONG THE CURB LINE.
- 8. SPOT ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS REPRESENT PROPOSED FINISHED AND TOP OF FINISHED PAVEMENT.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY EXISTING ELEVATIONS AND INVERTS PRI BEGINNING WORK.
- 10. CONTOUR LINES AND SPOT ELEVATIONS ARE THE RESULT OF A DET. ENGINEERING GRADING DESIGN AND REFLECT A PLANNED INTENT WIT REGARD TO DRAINAGE. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR HAVE QUESTIONS THIS INTENT OR PROBLEMS WITH CONTINUITY OF GRADES, THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER SHALL BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO BEGINNING W
- 11. ALL CURBS AND SIDEWALKS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH TOPSOIL, AND MULCHED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

	EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	INC.	Surveying
ALL	1. THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) APPLICATION TO DISCHARGE CONSTRUCTION—ACTIVITY STORMWATER TO THE LOCAL TENNESSEE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE CENTER AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR AND OWNER SHALL PROVIDE (WITH THE NOI FOR THIS PROJECT) EXISTING NPDES PERMIT TRACKING NUMBERS FOR SITES WHERE BORROW MATERIAL MAY BE OBTAINED AND WHERE SPOIL MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED. SHOULD PERMITS NOT EXIST FOR BORROW AND SPOIL SITES, SEPARATE NOI'S SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR.	NGINEERING,	ng Court, Suite A-6 ngs Court, Suite A-6 67 DIEGO - NASHVILLE - PHOENIX 701_GP-CO.01 Civil Notes.dwg
	2. THE NOTICE OF COVERAGE (NOC) OF THE PERMIT TO DISCHARGE CONSTRUCTION—ACTIVITY STORMWATER SHALL BE POSTED NEAR THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A SET OF APPROVED EROSION CONTROL PLANS ON SITE DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION.	WS E	Crvil Engineserna 504 Autumn Springs Franklin, TN 37067 951-704-0890 SAN DI Shoughnessy uct/SP/LOT 3/22-2701.
INTO	3. THE RECEIVING WATER/STORM SEWER OPERATOR IS METRO NASHVILLE	S	504 / 504 / 504 / 951-7
D NCRETE,	4. CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEQUENCED TO MINIMIZE EXPOSURE TIME OF CLEARED SURFACE AREA. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS. ALL CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE CHECKED AND REPAIRED AS NECESSARY, AT MAXIMUM 14 CALENDAR DAYS IN DRY PERIODS, AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ALL RAINFALL EXCEEDING 0.25 INCH PER 24 HOUR PERIOD.	CUVO	ENGINEER INC, Mo ergneerig made, possbe. ATE: Apr 18, 23 4: 46em by LE:N: /2022/22-2701/PROD/
R AT	5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGNATE IN WRITING THE NAME AND PHONE NUMBER OF THE INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS.	NINITEL	
NG LAR	6. PRE-CONSTRUCTION VEGETATIVE GROUND COVER SHALL NOT BE REMOVED MORE THAN 20 CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO GRADING. ALL GRADED AREAS EXPECTED TO REMAIN UNFINISHED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN 7 CALENDAR DAYS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TEMPORARY GRASS, SOD, STRAW, MULCH OR FABRIC MATERIAL. PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 15 CALENDAR DAYS OF FINAL GRADING.	MI CH	AGRICOLITURE AGRICOLITURE OM MER AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU
/ATION	7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN RECORDS OF EROSION CONTROL INSPECTIONS AND REPAIRS FOR A MINIMUM OF 3 YEARS AFTER COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.		OF TENAL
E BINDER DF THE 4 HOURS	8. TEMPORARY SEEDING FOR TENNESSEE PROJECTS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS; A. JAN 1—MAY 1 ITALIAN RYE/KOREAN LESPEDEZA/SUMMER OATS B. MAY 1—JULY 15 SUDAN OR STARR MILLET C. JULY 15—JAN 1 BALBOA RYE/ITALIAN RYE	Tenn	ESSEQTI.
	, 9. SILT BARRIERS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE CLEANED OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT WHEN APPROXIMATELY 50% FILLED.	Know wha Ga	rs below. I before you dig.
GREEN	10. STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED AND PROTECTED FROM EROSION. 11.UPON COMPLETION OF SITE STABILIZATION, THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR		
	SHALL PROVIDE A NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) FOR THE PROJECT TO THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE CENTER. A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER.		
E WITH ERVICES. WATER DN	12. COMPLY WITH ALL LOCAL AND STATE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS. PREVENT ALL SOIL EROSION ONTO PUBLIC ROADS OR INTO EXISTING DRAINAGE DITCHES OR WATERWAYS AS PER INSTRUCTIONS IN THE APPROVED STATE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). ALL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL COSTS, AS WELL AS REGULAR INSPECTIONS BY A STATE CERTIFIED INSPECTOR, SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PROJECT BID.		I PIKE
	13. MAINTAIN CRUSHED STONE AT THE SITE ACCESS. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL NOT TRACK SOIL ONTO PUBLIC STREETS.	TES	CLM SEF 3
AND DUAL	14. INSTALL AND MAINTAIN EROSION/SILTATION CONTROL DEVICES, AS DESIGNATED ON THE PLAN, UNTIL ADEQUATE VEGETATION IS PRESENT TO PREVENT EROSION.	2	ANK ANK
UMPER) D BY THE	15. ALL LOCATIONS OF TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ADJUSTMENT.	CML	SHALLE
) A	16. WHEN THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED THEY SHALL BE REMOVED.		80§
OMER SIDE	17. EXISTING DETENTION POND SHALL BE CLEANED TO THE ORIGINAL DESIGN CONTOURS AND RESTABILIZED AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IS STABILIZED AT THE END OF PROJECT.		54
	18. REPLACE DAMAGED AND WORN OUT SILT BARRIERS.		
N SS	19. I CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY ME AND/OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION. THIS PROJECT IS PLANNED TO DISTURB MORE THAN ONE ACRE. IT THEREFORE FALLS UNDER THE TENNESSEE DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL'S GENERAL NPDES PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORM WATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. SWS		
AREAS MORE.	ENGINEERING, INC. WILL ASSIST THE CONTRACTOR IN SUBMITTING THE NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) TO CONSTRUCT TO THE STATE AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBANCE.	REV.	
AREAS. IES IN			
ITE			
DAYS 7 DAYS.		COMMENTS	
EMOVED		COMI	
CENTER E IG TO			
D GRADE			
RIOR TO		DATE	
ETAILED WITH IS OF			
WORK. SEEDED		C	0.01
			NO.: 22-270T
		BY:	DMO BY: PDA



DEMOLITION LEGEND

EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED

) EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED - MARKED BY ARBORIST AS DEAD, DECLINING OR DAMAGED

EXISTING TRESS TO REMAIN

LOT 1 - 5421

____SF_LOT_1: 93,002__SF___

EXISTING TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 47,856 SF/51.4% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 11,500 SF/24% PERCENTAGE OF TREE CANOPY REMAINING: 75.9%, 60% Req.

LOT 2 – 5425

SF LOT 2: 92,996 SF TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 49,646 SF/53.4% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 18,612 SF/37.5% PERCENTAGE OF TREES REMAINING: 62.5%, 60% Req.

LOT 3 – 5429 SF LOT 3: 91,139SF

TREE COVERAGE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 63,709SF/70.0% REMOVED TREE AREA/PERCENTAGE: 8,100SF/17.6% PERCENTAGE OF TREES REMAINING: 82.4%, 57% Req.

240

236

224

-765-760222 223

238

196

241

816.50 TC 813.00 INV.

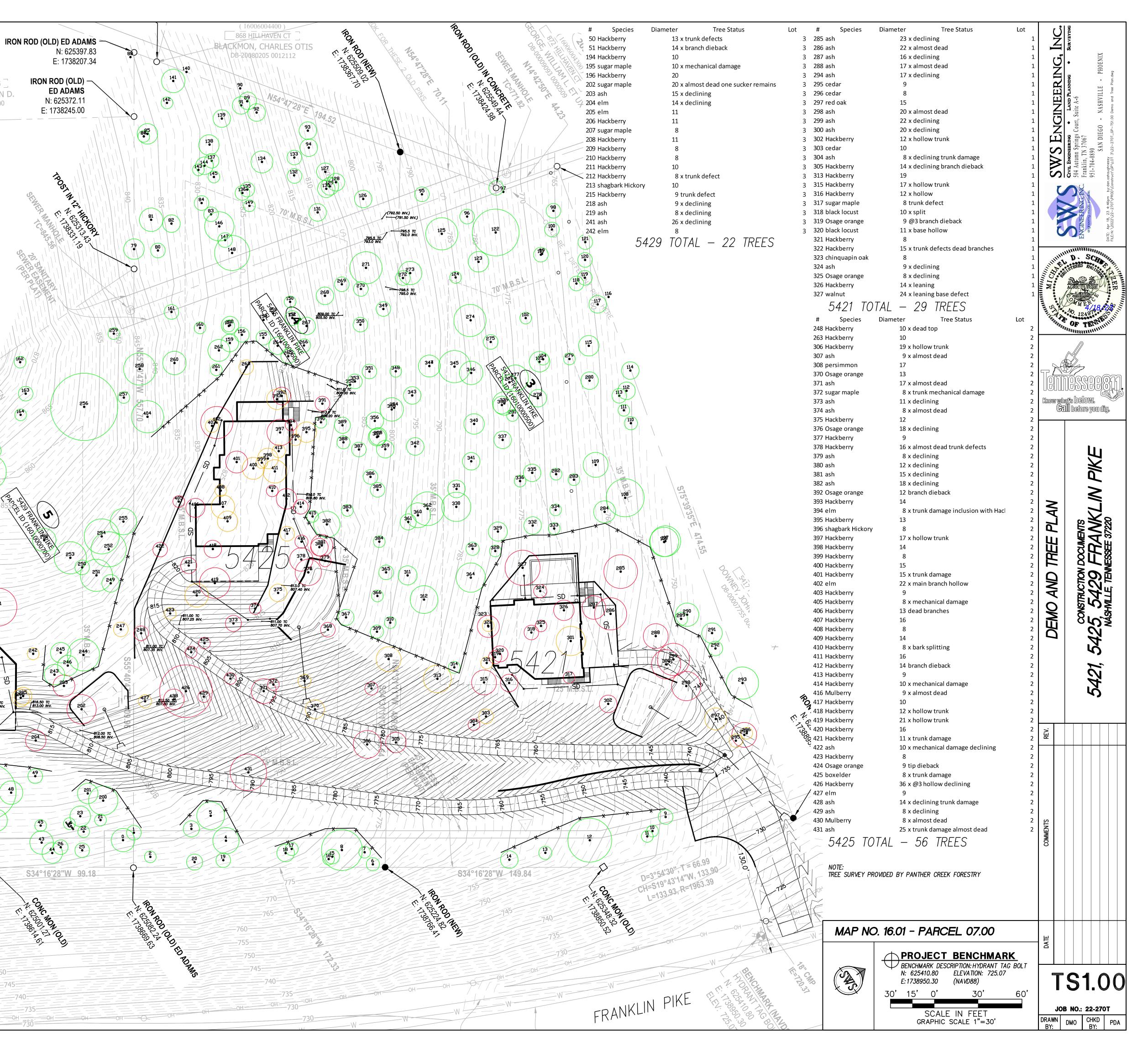
23

1 (16010000300)

809 DEERCROSSING HOLCOMB, STEPHEN D. DB-20031124 0170300

E: 1738207.34 IRON ROD (OLD) -ED ADAMS N: 625372.11

E: 1738245.00

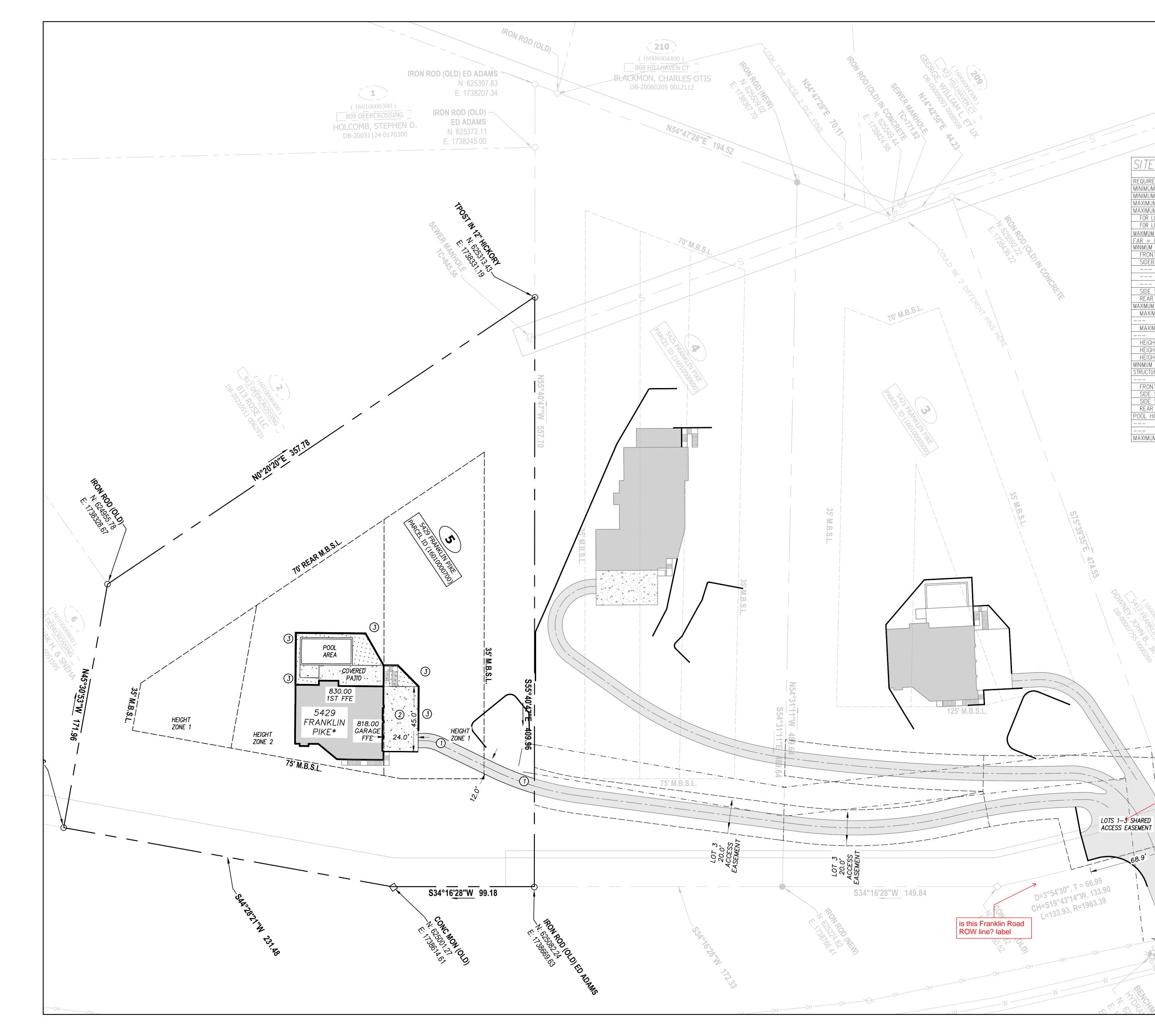


	Creation	Diamatan	Tree stat							
FID 0	Species ash	Diameter 15	Tree_stat_ x almost dead	101	Osage orange	9	x broken main branch	200	ash	20
1	cedar	10		102	Osage orange	8		201	cedar	13
2 3	cedar cedar	8 11		103 104	persimmon Hackberry	14 8		202 203	sugar maple ash	20 15
4	Hackberry	18	x hollow	104	sugar maple	8 10	sapsucker damage	203 204	elm	13
5	Hackberry	19	x hollow	106	ash	21	x declining	205	elm	11
6 7	ash wamp white ea	9 8	x declining	107 108	ash ash	21 26	x declining	206	Hackberry	11
/ 8	wamp white oa ash	° 28	x declining	108	ash	26 19	x declining x almost dead	207 208	sugar maple Hackberry	8 11
9	cedar	10	bent top	110	sugar maple	9		209	Hackberry	8
10	cedar	8	trunk damage	111	elm	8		210	Hackberry	8
11 12	redbud chinquapin oak	8 30	minor tip dieback	112 113	elm Hackberry	11 10		211 212	Hackberry Hackberry	10 8
13	red oak	9		113	elm	12		212	hagbark Hickor	10
14	red oak	12		115	ash	14	x declining	214	Hackberry	12
15 16	Osage orange	10	leaning	116	sugar maple	9		215	Hackberry	9
16 17	red oak ash	8 9	x declining	117 118	Hackberry elm	12 9	branch dieback	216 217	Hackberry Hackberry	8 11
18	ash	12	x declining	119	ash	8	x almost dead vine	218	ash	9
19	ash	10	x declining	120	elm	10		219	ash	8
20 21	ash elm	11 8	x almost dead	121 122	persimmon Hackberry	13 31		220 221	ash Mulberry	14 8
21	elm	8		122	ash	15	x declining	221	ash	о 8
23	Hackberry	14	x trunk defects	124	wamp white oa	8	-	223	Osage orange	13
24	cedar	8		125	hagbark Hickor	21	branch dieback	224	Hackberry	23
25 26	cedar ash	10 10	x declining	126 127	elm ash	12 8	x almost dead	225 226	sugar maple wamp white oa	8 12
27	ash	8	x declining	128	ash	12	x declining	227	Hackberry	23
28	elm	13	x broken branches	129	ash	10	x declining	228	sugar maple	10
29 30	ash ash	17 °	x declining x trunk damage almost dead	130 131	elm ash	10 12	dead branches x declining	229	Hackberry	10 15
30 31	ash	8 8	x truik damage annost dead x declining	131	ash	12	x declining	230 231	Hackberry Osage orange	15 23
32	ash	9	x almost dead	133	sugar maple	9	<u> </u>	232	Hackberry	13
33	ash	9	x almost dead	134	ash	15	x declining	233	Hackberry	8
34 35	ash ash	11 9	x almost x declining	135 136	Hackberry sugar maple	10 9	remove vines	234 235	Hackberry Osage orange	10 8
36	ash	11	x declining	130	Hackberry	10		235	Osage orange	33
37	ash	9	x almost dead	138	Hackberry	13		237	Hackberry	8
38	ash	9	x declining	139	Hackberry	8		238	Hackberry	12
39 40	ash ash	12 12	x declining x declining	140 141	Hackberry Hackberry	10 15		239 240	Mulberry ash	9 14
40	ash	18	x declining	142	sugar maple	8		240	ash	26
42	cedar	9		143	Hackberry	8		242	elm	8
43 44	ash	15 12	x declining x declining	144 145	Hackberry Hackberry	12 8		243	Hackberry	13
44 45	ash ash	13 8	x trunk defect almost dead	145	Hackberry	19		244 245	Osage orange Osage orange	22 13
46	ash	13	x almost dead	147	Hackberry	9		246	Osage orange	14
47	red oak	37	x base trunk defect	148	walnut	24	1 K K	247	Hackberry	10
48 49	ash ash	16 10	x declining x declining	149 150	ash Hackberry	8 9	x declining x trunk defect	248 249	Hackberry Hackberry	10 11
	Hackberry	13	x trunk defects	150	elm	9		250	sugar maple	10
51	Hackberry	14	x branch dieback	152	Hackberry	9	x trunk damage	251	Hackberry	21
52	ash	8	x declining	153 154	Osage orange Hackberry	10 9	@3.5	252	Hackberry	23
53 54	sugar maple ash	8 12	x declining	154	Hackberry	9 10		253 254	Hackberry Hackberry	22 24
55	ash	17	x declining	156	Hackberry	9		255	sugar maple	19
56	ash	19	x almost dead	157	Hackberry	9		256	chinquapin oak	45
57 58	ash ash	13 12	x declining x declining	158 159	Hackberry Hackberry	12 12		257 258	sugar maple Hackberry	8 21
59	ash	10	x declining	160	elm	8	trunk damage	259	boxelder	8
60	ash	15	x almost dead	161	sugar maple	11		260	ash	17
61	ash	14 12	x almost dead	162 163	Hackberry sugar maple	8 10	trunk defect x hollow base	261	Hackberry	8
62 63	ash ash	12 11	x almost dead x almost dead	164	sugar maple	9		262 263	Hackberry Hackberry	15 10
64	ash	11	x almost dead	165	sugar maple	9		264	Hackberry	12
65	ash	8	x declining	166	Osage orange	23	veloclining	265	Hackberry	10
66 67	ash ash	8 8	x almost dead x almost dead	167 168	ash sugar maple	15 10	x declining x trunk damage	266 267	Hackberry Hackberry	9 11
68	ash	17	x declining	169	Hackberry	8	<u> </u>	268	Hackberry	12
69	ash	8	x almost dead	170 171	ash	12 °	x declining	269	elm	10
70 71	sugar maple ash	17 13	x hollow fire damage x declining	171 172	Hackberry Hackberry	8 9		270 271	Hackberry walnut	8 21
71	elm	15	Auconing	173	red oak	15		271 272	boxelder	9
73	sugar maple	10		174	ash	8	x declining	273	Hackberry	17
74 75	sugar maple	11 16	x almost dead	175 176	boxelder sugar maple	8 11	x trunk defects	274 275	Hackberry	22 10
75 76	ash Hackberry	16 8	x annost dead	178	cedar	13		275 276	ash ash	10 9
77	elm	9		178	Hackberry	10	x trunk defect dead top	277	elm	18
78 70	Hackberry	10		179 180	Hackberry ash	9 10	x trunk defects declining	278	Hackberry	12
79 80	chinquapin oak Hackberry	13 10	x broken main branch	180	boxelder	8	x trunk defects deciming	279 280	Hackberry Hackberry	8 11
81	Hackberry	16		182	sugar maple	9	<u> </u>	280	Osage orange	8
82	Hackberry	12		183	Hackberry	26		282	wamp white oa	8
83 84	Hackberry	9		184 185	Hackberry Hackberry	14 9		283	elm	8
84 85	Hackberry Hackberry	10 14		185	Hackberry	9	x trunk defect	284 285	Hackberry ash	15 23
86	sugar maple	8		187	Hackberry	8		286	ash	22
87	Hackberry	8		188 189	sugar maple Hackberry	8 8	base defect	287	ash	16
88 89	ash elm	10 8	x declining	189 190	Hackberry ash	8 11	x declining	288 289	ash red oak	17 9
89 90	Hackberry	8 10		190	Hackberry	10	U	289 290	ash	9 16
91	, chinquapin oak	12	tip dieback	192	sugar maple	9	x mechanical damage	291	ash	14
92 02	ash Hackbarny	8	x almost dead	193 194	chinquapin oak Hackberry	24 10		292	ash	10 22
93 94	Hackberry Hackberry	10 8		194 195	sugar maple	10	x mechanical damage	293 294	ash ash	22 17
95	boxelder	9		196	Hackberry	20		294 295	cedar	9
96	Hackberry	9		197 108	Hackberry	8	x trunk damage declining	296	cedar	8
97 98	Hackberry Hackberry	8	x hollow base x trunk damage	198 199	Hackberry chinquapin oak	19 8		297 298	red oak	15 20
98 99	Hackberry chinquapin oak	8 13	A UNIK Udilidge	1.55		~		298 299	ash ash	20 22
100	elm	8								

x broken top almost dead
x almost dead one sucker remains x declining
x declining
x trunk defect
trunk defect
x declining x declining
x declining
x trunk defect declining x declining
x dead top declining
x dead top deciming
x dead top trunk damage
x trunk defects
x mechanical damage
x trunk defects dead top
x declining x declining
x broken limbs
x @3.5 broken limbs x broken limbs
x broken minbs
x dead top x trunk defects
x dead top x declining branch dieback
x almost dead x dead branches
x trunk defects
x almost dead
x declining
x trunk defects
x trunk defects
trunk defect
x @4 hollow trunk
x declining
x declining
xuechning
Xuechning
-
x trunk defects
-
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x almost dead
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x almost dead x almost dead x declining
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x almost dead x almost dead
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x almost dead x almost dead x declining
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead
x trunk defects x trunk defects x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x almost dead x declining x declining x declining x declining

300	ash	20	x declining	400	Hackberry	15		ENGINEERING, INC.	• LAND FLANNING • SURVEYING Court, Suite A-6 GO - NASHVILLE - PHOENIX SP-TS1.01 Tree Table.dwg
301 302	Hackberry Hackberry	20 12	x hollow trunk	401 402	Hackberry elm	15 22	x trunk damage x main branch hollow	L E	Land Plan uite A-6 NASHVILLE Tree Toble.dwg
303 304	cedar ash	10 8	x declining trunk damage	403 404	Hackberry sugar maple	9 22	x trunk defects		• ourt, Su 0
305	Hackberry	14	x declining branch dieback x hollow trunk	405 406	Hackberry	8	x mechanical damage dead branches	E	Crvil Encineering Cou ENCINEERING, INC. Franklin, TN 37067 951-704-0890 SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO DATE: Apr 18, 23 4:47pm by dan.oshaughnessy FILE:N: \2022\22-270T\PROD\Construct\GP\LOT 3\22-270T_GP-T
306 307	Hackberry ash	19 9	x almost dead	408 407	Hackberry Hackberry	13 16	dead branches	S	спиек mn Spr 7N 37 0890 SAN SAN 5A22-:
308 309	persimmon elm	17 9		408 409	Hackberry Hackberry	8 14			Crvit Encryte 504 Autumn Sr Franklin, TN 3 951-704-0890 SA Sshoughnessy ruct\GP\LOT 3\22
310	elm	8		410	Hackberry	8	x bark splitting		Fr 50
311 312	ash Hackberry	13 19	x declining trunk damage dead branches	411 412	Hackberry Hackberry	16 14	branch dieback		Par by: Typerod (1)
313 314	Hackberry chinquapin oak	19 8		413 414	Hackberry Hackberry	9 10	x mechanical damage		BRUN 9 made. 22 4:4
315	Hackberry	17	x hollow trunk	415	sugar maple	8			Apr 18
316 317	Hackberry sugar maple	12 8	x hollow trunk defect	416 417	Mulberry Hackberry	9 10	x almost dead		
318 319	black locust Osage orange	10 9	x split @3 branch dieback	418 419	Hackberry Hackberry	12 21	x hollow trunk x hollow trunk	NININ T	
320	black locust	11	x base hollow	420	Hackberry	16			SISTERED ENC
321 322	Hackberry Hackberry	8 15	x trunk defects dead branches	421 422	Hackberry ash	11 10	x trunk damage x mechanical damage declining		AGRICOLTURE R
323 324	chinquapin oak	8	x declining	423 424	Hackberry	8 9	tip dieback		MMER 110 MAR
325	ash Osage orange	9 8	x declining	425	Osage orange boxelder	8	x trunk damage	in An	10. 124979 55 111
326 327	Hackberry walnut	14 24	x leaning x leaning base defect	426 427	Hackberry elm	36 9	x @3 hollow declining		OF TENNE
328	sugar maple	8	-	428	ash	14	x declining trunk damage		
329 330	ash ash	13 20	x declining x declining	429 430	ash Mulberry	8 8	x declining x almost dead		
331 332	ash ash	12 13	x declining x declining	431	ash	25	x trunk damage almost dead		
333	Mulberry	8	x dead limbs						
334 335	Osage orange ash	8 12	x declining x declining					Know wh Ge	arts below. 111 before you dig.
336 337	ash red oak	9 11	x declining						
338	ash	12	x almost dead						
339 340	ash ash	15 14	x declining x almost dead						
341 342	ash	12	x declining						× ×
343	sugar maple sugar maple	11 12							
344 345	Hackberry sugar maple	15 21	x leaning heavily x trunk hollow						\leq
346	ash	17	x declining						
347 348	ash ash	11 8	x trunk damage x trunk mechanical damage						
349 350	sugar maple Hackberry	9 11						Ш	
351	sugar maple	10	y hollow hasa					TABL	TION DOCUM
352 353	Mulberry Hackberry	8 9	x hollow base						
354 355	Hackberry Hackberry	9 15	dead branches					TREE	S N щ
356	Hackberry	9	x trunk defects						CONSTR 5, 54 NASHMIL
357 358	persimmon sugar maple	8 8							
359 360	persimmon ash	11 17							Ň
361	ash	11	x declining						24
362 363	chinquapin oak ash	23 9	x almost dead						
364 365	sugar maple elm	20 10							5421,
366	ash	8	x almost dead						ν
367 368	chinquapin oak Osage orange	11 10	x hollow trunk						
369 370	redbud Osage orange	9 13							
371 372	ash	17	x almost dead x trunk mechanical damage					REV	
373	sugar maple ash	8 11	x declining						
374 375	ash Hackberry	8 12	x almost dead						
376	Osage orange	18	x declining						
377 378	Hackberry Hackberry	9 16	x almost dead trunk defects						
379 380	ash ash	8 12	x declining x declining					0	
381 382	ash ash	15 18	x declining x declining					COMMENTS	
383	redbud	8	x trunk defects					CON	
384 385	sugar maple persimmon	8 10	x mechanical damage base						
386	persimmon	10							
387 388	Hackberry sugar maple	10 9	x bark damage declining						
389 390	sugar maple Hackberry	11 8							
391	Hackberry	10	x base hollow branch dieback						
392 393	Osage orange Hackberry	12 14	branch dieback						
394 395	elm Hackberry	8 13	x trunk damage inclusion with Hackberry					DATE	
396	hagbark Hickor	8	1 II - I						
397 398	Hackberry Hackberry	17 14	x hollow trunk						S1.01
399	Hackberry	8							
									B NO · 22-270T

JOB NO.:22-270TDRAWN
BY:DMOCHKD
BY:PDA



SITE LEGEND

ASPHALT

CONCRETE

1 PRIVATE ASPHALT DRIVEWAY

2 CONCRETE DRIVEWAY

 $\breve{\mathfrak{3}}$ retaining wall, structural design by others

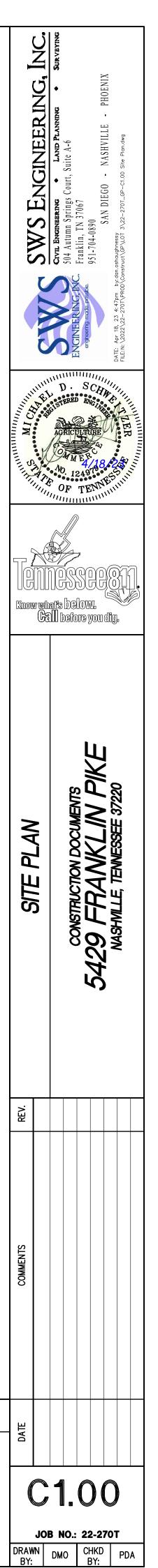
SITE DATA TABLE	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
REQUIREMENT	D	D
MINIMUM LOT AREA	2 ACRE	2.09 ACRES
MINIMUM FRONT LOT LINE	150 FEET	330.66 FT
MAXIMUM LOT DEPTH LOT WIDTH RATIO	4:1	1.24:1
MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE		1.2 1.1
FOR LOTS LESS THAN THE MINIMUM LOT AREA	13,000SF UP TO 20%	N/A
FOR LOTS GREATER THAN THE MINIMUM LOT AREA	20% UP TO 35,000SF	7700 SF
MAXIMUM GROSS FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR)	14% WITH A MAXIMUM	1100 01
FAR = GROS FLOOR AREA/LOT AREA	OF 18,000 SF	6.6%
MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS FOR PRIMARY STRUCTURE		01070
FRONT SETBACK	75FT	75 FT
SIDEBACK : INTERIOR LOT LINE	20 FEET SIDE YARD OF 22% OF	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	LOT WIDTH, WHICHEVER IS	35'
	GREATER. UP TO 35 FEET	
	40FT	
SIDE SETBACK: SIDE STREET	70FT	N/A
REAR SETBACK		/
MAXIMUM PRIMARY STRUCTURE HEIGHT – OVERALL		
MAXIMUM STORIES	2 FLOORS	2 FLOORS
MAXIMUM HEIGHT	VARIES	VARIES
HEIGHT ZONE 1 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	28 FT	28'
HEIGHT ZONE 2 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	40 FT	40'
HEIGHT ZONE 3 HEIGHT MAXIMUM	NOT APPLICABLE	N/A
MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESSORY		,
STRUCTURES, POOL HOUSES, POOLS, AND POOL DECK	D	D
	BEHIND THE PRIMAY	BEHIND HOUSE
FRONT SETBACK	STRUCTURE	D
SIDE SETBACK	25 FT	25'
SIDE SETBACK: SIDE STREET	40 FT	40'
REAR SETBACK	40 FT	40'
POOL HOUSE	MAXIMUM FOOTPRINT OF	
	25% OF THE PRIMARY	
	STRUCTURE	
MAXIMUM HEIGHT	25 FEET & 1 FLOOR	

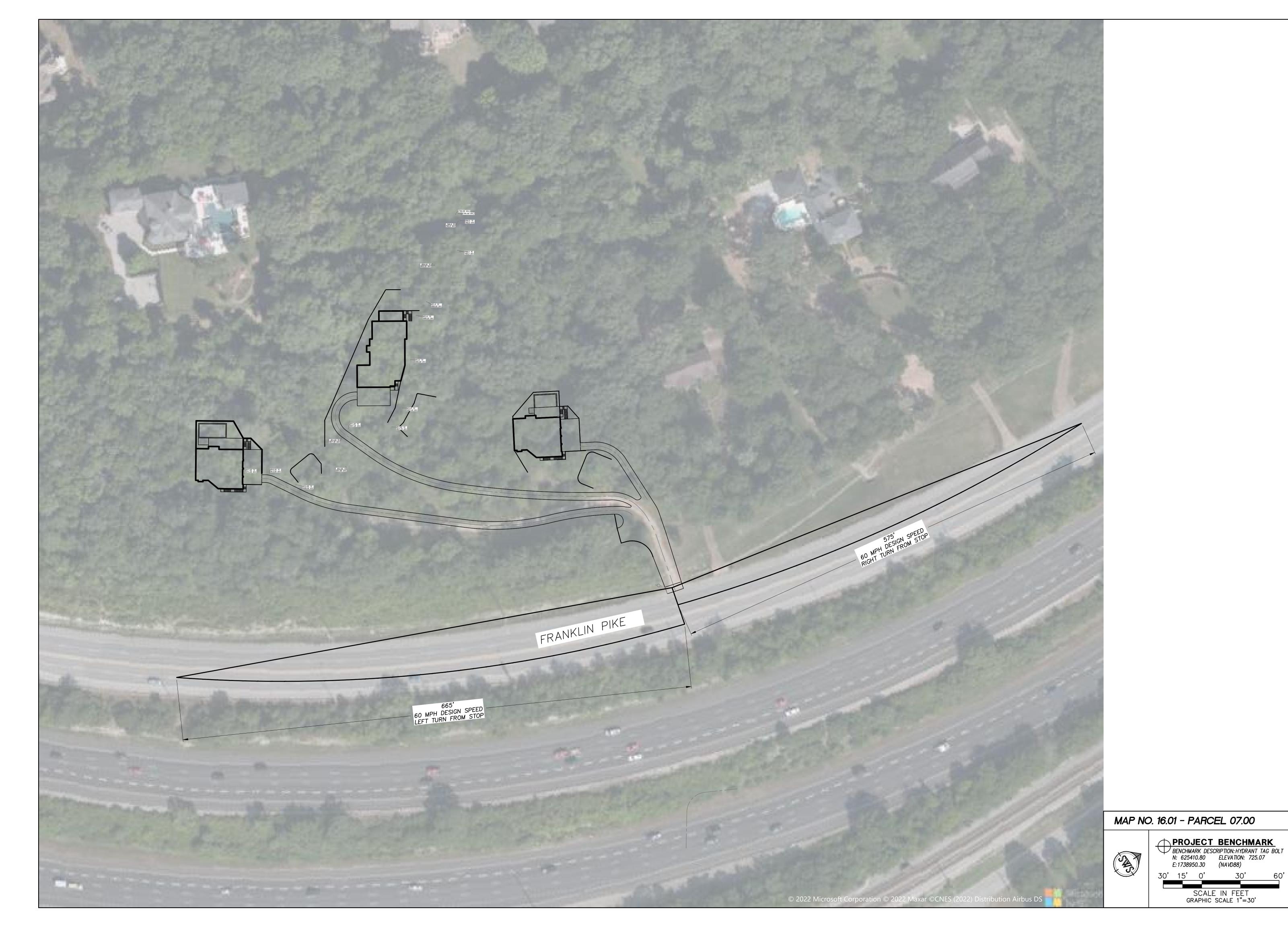


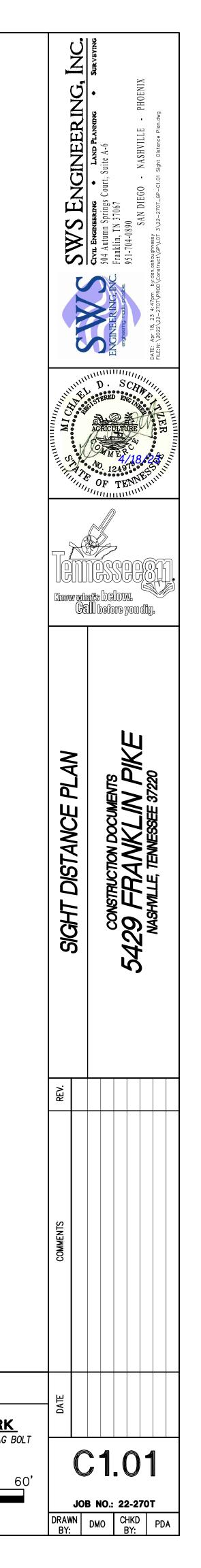
it is hard to distinguish between all these easements. join easement for part of drive used by all 3 owners, easements for use by 2 owners, NES easement, etc.

will need some kind of easement here or agreement from TDOT for maintenance responsibility for driveway in TDOT ROW

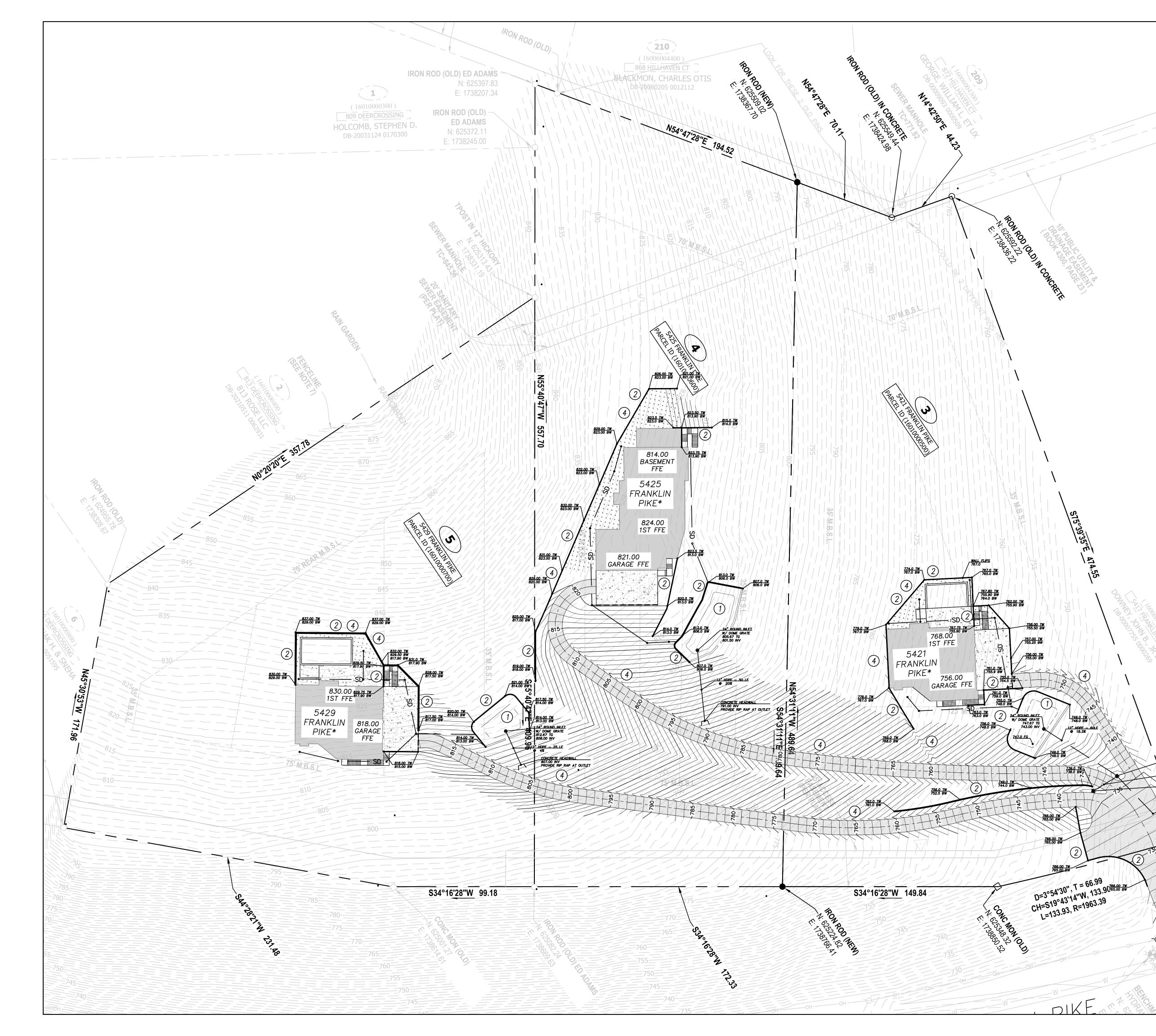
MAP NO. 16.01 - PARCEL 07.00							
	BEN N:	CHMARK DES	BENCHMA CRIPTION: HYDRANT ELEVATION: 725. (NAVD88)	TAG BOLT			
5	30'1	SCALE	30' E IN FEET SCALE 1"=30'	60			







30'



GRADING/DRAINAGE, EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

_____ XXX -_____ X X X XXX.XX TW

XXX.XX BW

EXISTING CONTOUR PROPOSED CONTOUR STORM PIPE TOP OF WALL BOTTOM OF WALL

- (1) LEVEL 1 BIORETENTION BASIN
- (2) RETAINING WALL, STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS
- (3) CONCRETE HEADWALL, #2/C5.10 (4) 2' WIDE, 6" DEEP SWALE

NOTE:

<u>A3 24" SQUARE INLET</u> 736.00 TG 733.00 INV

<u>12" HOPE - 57 LE</u> **0** 5.2**%**

ALL PERIMETER MEASURES MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE GRADING.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AREA FOR CONCRETE WASH DOWN AND EQUIPMENT FUELING IN ACCORDANCE WITH METRO CP-10 AND CP-13, RESPECTIVELY. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE EXACT LOCATION WITH NPDES DEPARTMENT DURING PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. CONTROL OF OTHER SITE WASTES SUCH AS DISCARDED BUILDING MATERIALS, CHEMICALS, LITTER, AND SANITARY WASTES THAT MAY CAUSE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY IS ALSO REQUIRED BY THE GRADING PERMITTEE.

ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING TO TDEC'S SPECIFICATIONS.

PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER.

SITE CONTAINS 15% OR GREATER SLOPES ACROSS THE PROPERTY.

ALL GRASSED AREAS ON SLOPES 15% OR GREATER WILL REQUIRE SOD.

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL BE ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MONITOR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER SHALL SUBMIT A GEOTECHNICAL CERTIFICATION LETTER CERTIFYING THE STABILITY OF THE SLOPE AND THE STRUCTURE TO THE CITY OF OAK HILL UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY.

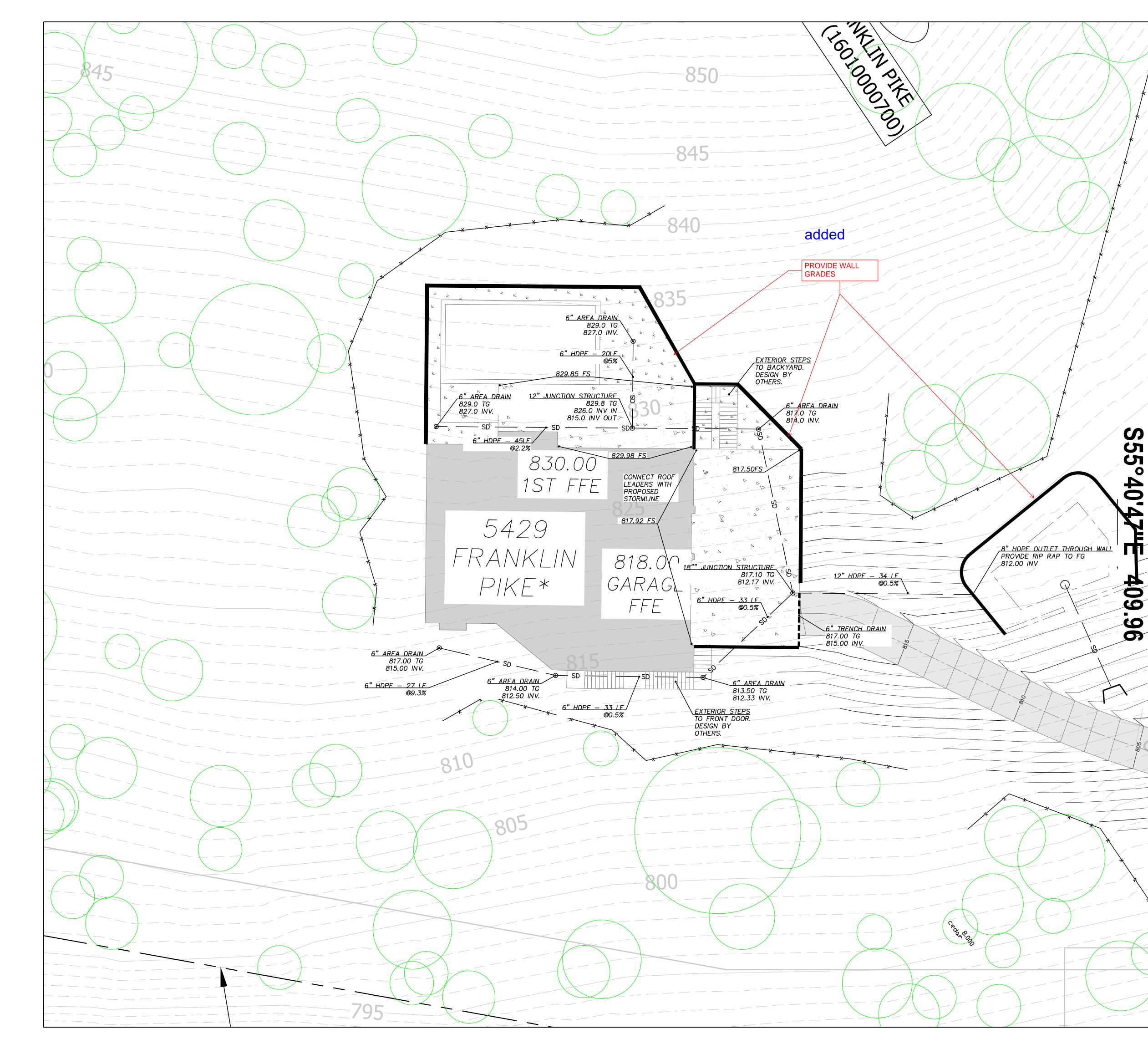
PRE/POST SITE RUNOFF						
	PRE (CFS)	POST (CFS)				
2 YEAR	9.487	9.235				
5 YEAR	16.01	15.44				
10 YEAR	20.58	20.43				
25 YEAR	26.73	26.17				
50 YEAR	31.38	30.50				
100 YEAR	36.01	35.90				

MAP NO. 16.01 - PARCEL 07.00

SAS

STING CONTOUR POSED CONTOUR RM PIPE OF WALL TOM OF WALL ON BASIN RUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS L, #2/C5.10 WALE MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE DE AN AREA FOR CONCRETE ENT FUELING IN ACCORDANCE AND CP-13, RESPECTIVELY. NATE EXACT LOCATION WITH IG PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. WASTES SUCH AS DISCARDED MCALS, LITTER, AND SANITARY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER BY THE GRADING PERMITTEE. CFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD HALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1	Ten Kinow wi	CVIL ENCINEERING · LAND PLANNING · SUL ENCINEERING · SUL
OPES 15% OR GREATER WILL ALL BE ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER DAL CERTIFICATION LETTER OF THE SLOPE AND THE OAK HILL UPON COMPLETION OR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A C V V VPOST SITE RUNOFF PRE (CFS) POST (CFS) 9.487 9.235 16.01 15.44 2.20.58 20.43 2.26.73 2.6.17 2.31.38 30.50 2.35.90	OVERALL GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN	5421, 5425, 5429 FRANKLIN PIKE NASHMLE, TENNESSEE 3720
	REV.	
	COMMENTS	
16.01 – PARCEL 07.00 PROJECT BENCHMARK BENCHMARK DESCRIPTION: HYDRANT TAG BOL	DATE	
 BEROMMAN DESONATION: 100 DOE N: 625410.80 ELEVATION: 725.07 E: 1738950.30 (NAVD88) 30' 15' 0' 30' 60 SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30' 		2.00 B NO.: 22-270T DMO CHKD PDA

INC.



GRADING/DRAINAGE, EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

— XXX -_____ XXX _____ XXX.XX FS XXX.XX TW XXX.XX BW XXX.XX FG

EXISTING CONTOUR PROPOSED CONTOUR FINISHED SURFACE TOP OF WALL BOTTOM OF WALL FINISHED GRADE

NOTE:

ALL PERIMETER MEASURES MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE GRADING.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AREA FOR CONCRETE WASH DOWN AND EQUIPMENT FUELING IN ACCORDANCE WITH METRO CP-10 AND CP-13, RESPECTIVELY. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE EXACT LOCATION WITH NPDES DEPARTMENT DURING PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. CONTROL OF OTHER SITE WASTES SUCH AS DISCARDED BUILDING MATERIALS, CHEMICALS, LITTER, AND SANITARY WASTES THAT MAY CAUSE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY IS ALSO REQUIRED BY THE GRADING PERMITTEE.

ANY DISTURBED AREA LEFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD GREATER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING TO TDEC'S SPECIFICATIONS.

PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER.

SITE CONTAINS 15% OR GREATER SLOPES ACROSS THE PROPERTY.

ALL GRASSED AREAS ON SLOPES 15% OR GREATER WILL REQUIRE SOD.

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL BE ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MONITOR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER SHALL SUBMIT A GEOTECHNICAL CERTIFICATION LETTER CERTIFYING THE STABILITY OF THE SLOPE AND THE STRUCTURE TO THE CITY OF OAK HILL UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY.

MAP NO. 16.01 - PARCEL 07.00

SAS)

SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=10'

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND STING CONTOUR POSED CONTOUR SHED SURFACE OF WALL TOM OF WALL SHED GRADE MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE MUST BE IN PLACE BEFORE MDE AN AREA FOR CONCRETE IENT FUELING IN ACCORDANCE AND CP-13, RESPECTIVELY. NATE EXACT LOCATION WITH NG PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. WASTES SUCH AS DISCARDED MICALS, LITTER, AND SANITARY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER BY THE GRADING PERMITTEE. EFT EXPOSED FOR A PERIOD HALL BE STABILIZED ACCORDING MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 EATER SLOPES ACROSS THE				A CONDEMNCE IN CONDEMNCE INC. Franklin, TN 37067			
LOPES 15% OR GREATER WILL HALL BE ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER ICAL CERTIFICATION LETTER OF THE SLOPE AND THE FOAK HILL UPON COMPLETION OR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A Y.						NESSEE 37220	
	REV.						
	COMMENTS						
16.01 - PARCEL 07.00	DATE						
PROJECT BENCHMARK BENCHMARK DESCRIPTION: HYDRANT TAG BOLT	DA						
N: 625410.80 ELEVATION: 725.07 E:1738950.30 (NAVD88)		C	2		0	1	
10' 5' 0' 10' 20'		-	NO.	-	•	_	

DRAWN DMO CHKD PDA BY: PDA



EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

EROBION OUNTROE EEOEND	
DESCRIPTION	<u>SYMBOL</u>
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	EZ
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
CHECK DAM, TCP-12	
TREE PROTECTION	xx
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

NOTE:

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PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MATTING ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER.

SITE CONTAINS 15% OR GREATER SLOPES ACROSS THE PROPERTY.

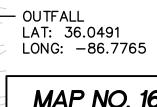
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	MODELING, INC.			A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	120-40/-1C6	DATE: Arr 19 37 8-36mm hirrestin nuer	NATT NATT NATT NATT NATT NATT NATT NATT	
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INITIAL EPSC PLAN)		CONSTRUCTION DOC! MAENTR	ξL	5421 5425 5479 FHANKI IN PIKE		INNOTIVILLE, ILINACOLE U/ 220	
REV.								
COMMENTS								
DATE								
		3		C) (0)	

JOB NO.: 22-270T

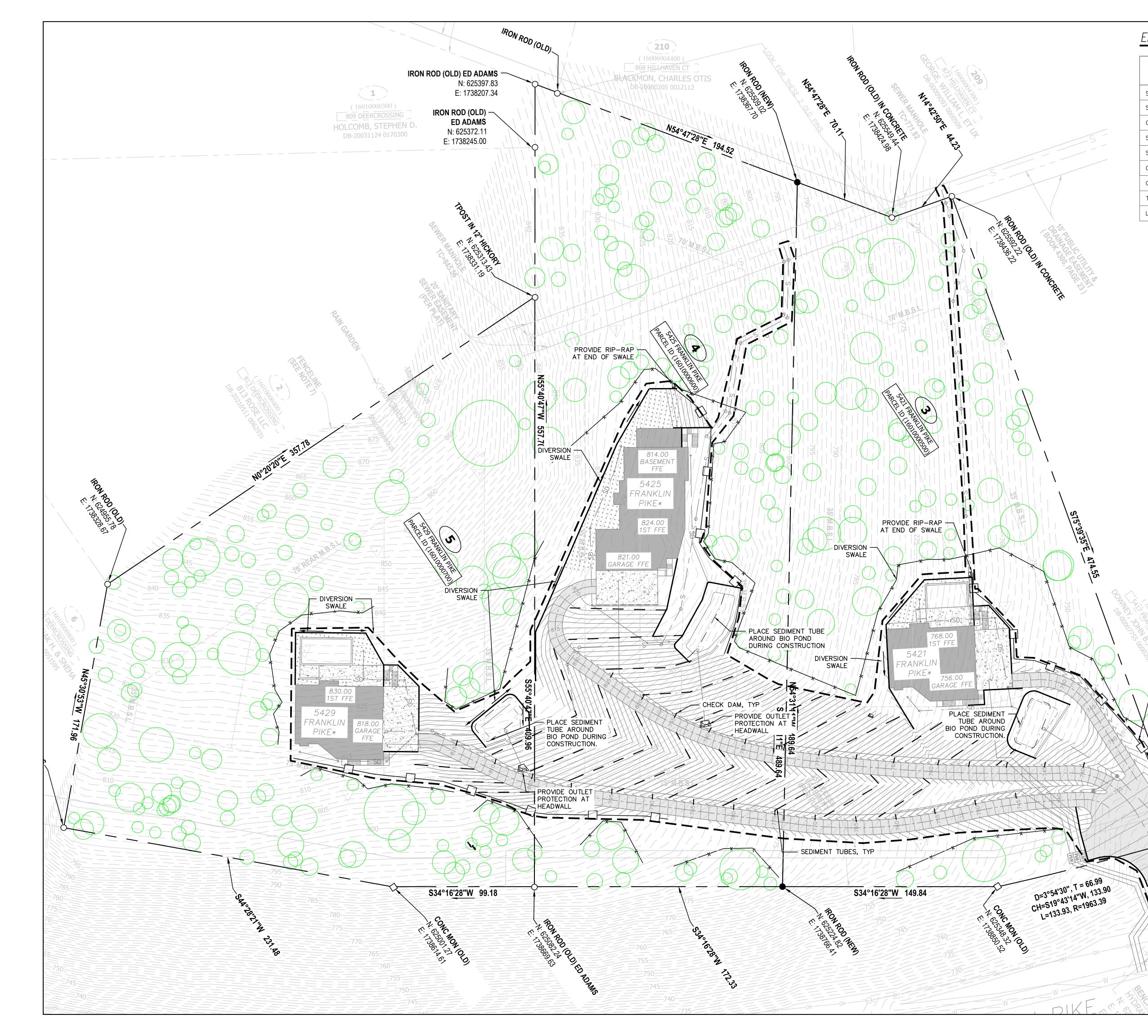
DRAWN DMO CHKD PDA



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PNC). 16 .0	01 – F	PARC	EL 07	.00	
	\triangle	PRO	JECT	BENC	НМА	RK
	∇		410.80	CRIPTION: HY ELEVATIOI (NAVD88)	N: 725.	
	30 '	15'	0'	3() '	6
			SCALE	E IN FEI	ET	

GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30'



EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
CHECK DAM, TCP-12	
TREE PROTECTION	XXX
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

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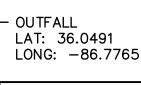
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- J-HOOK SILT FENCH RUNNING PERPENDICULAR TO SLOPE (TYP.)

> PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AT HEADWALL

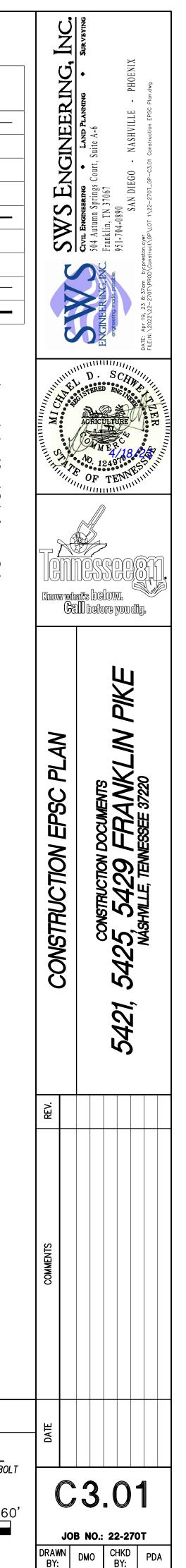


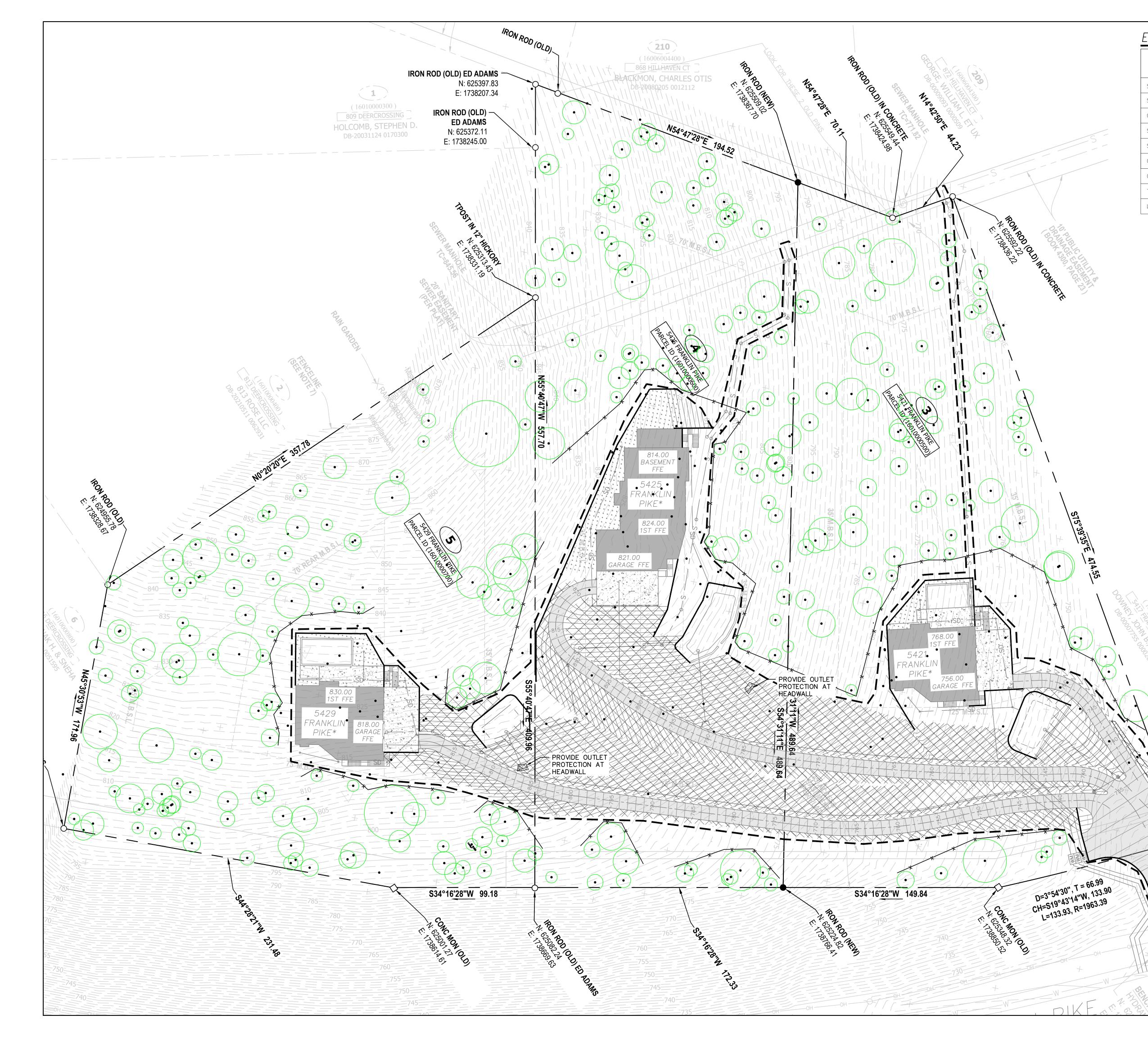
MAP

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36.7	765				
NC	D. 16 .0	01 - F	PARC	CEL 07.0	00
7	\oplus	BENCHM	ARK DE: 10.80	T BENCH SCRIPTION: HYDR ELEVATION: (NAVD88)	ANT TAG BO
	30 '	15'	0'	30'	6

SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30'





EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

DESCRIPTION	<u>SYMBOL</u>
SILT FENCE, TCP-13	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TCP-03	
CONCRETE WASHOUT	CW
SLOPE MATTING, TCP-09	
SEDIMENT TUBE, TCP-14	
OUTLET PROTECTION, PESC - 07	
CHECK DAM, TCP-12	
TREE PROTECTION	xx
LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE = 2.21 ACRES	

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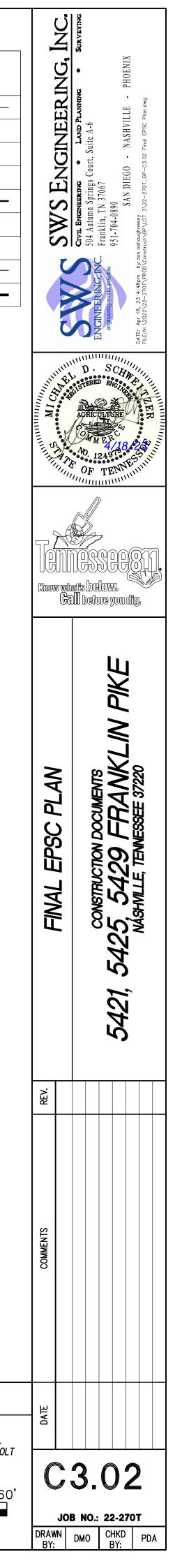
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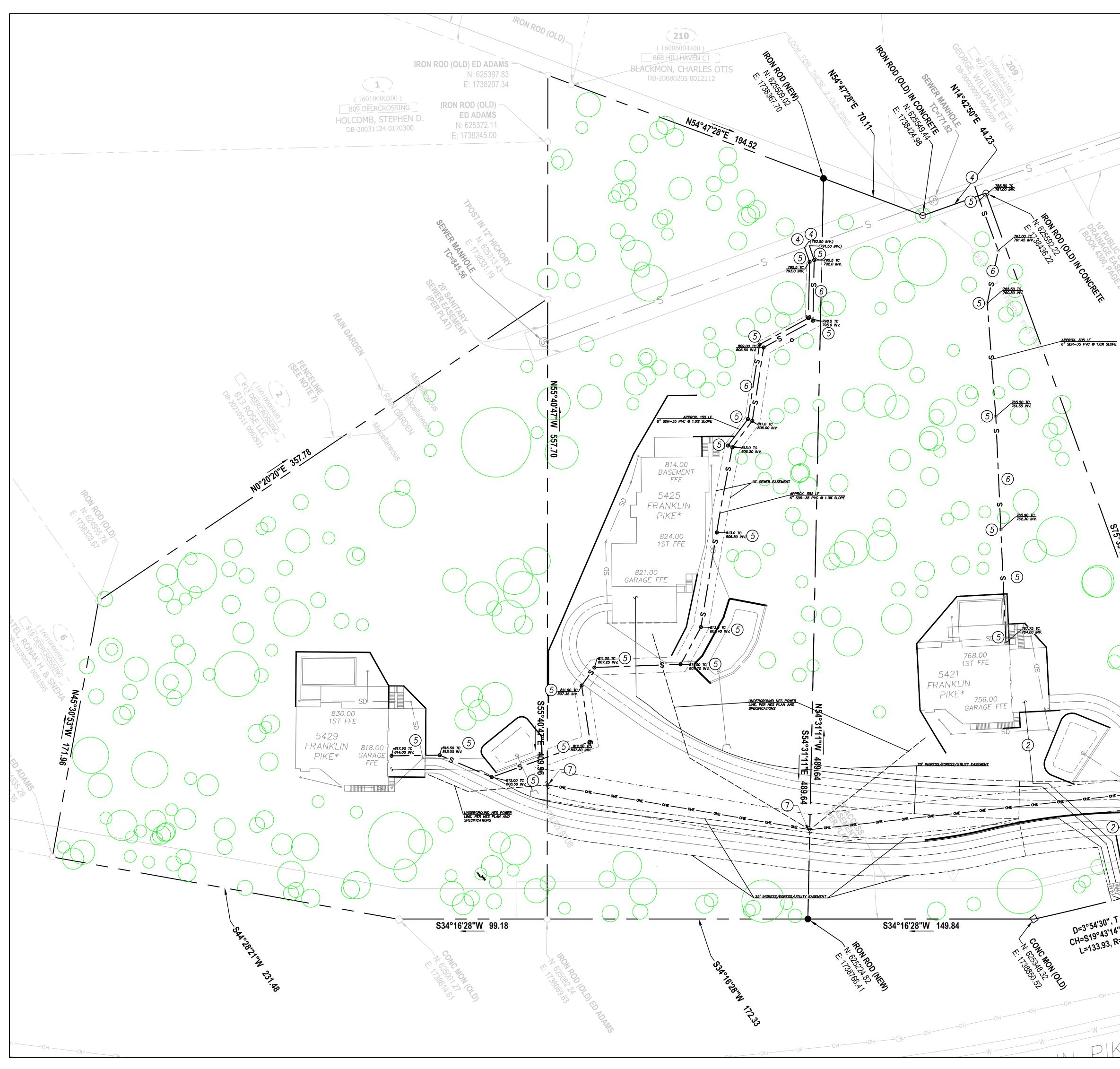
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> - PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AT HEADWALL

> > – OUTFALL LAT: 36.0491 LONG: –86.7765

MAP NO). 16 .0	1 – F	PARC	CEL 07.0	00	
	$ \nabla$	BENCHM	ARK DES 10.80	BENCH SCRIPTION: HYD ELE VA TION: (NA VD88)	RANT TAG	
	30'	15'	0'	30'		6
		GF		E IN FEE SCALE 1"=		





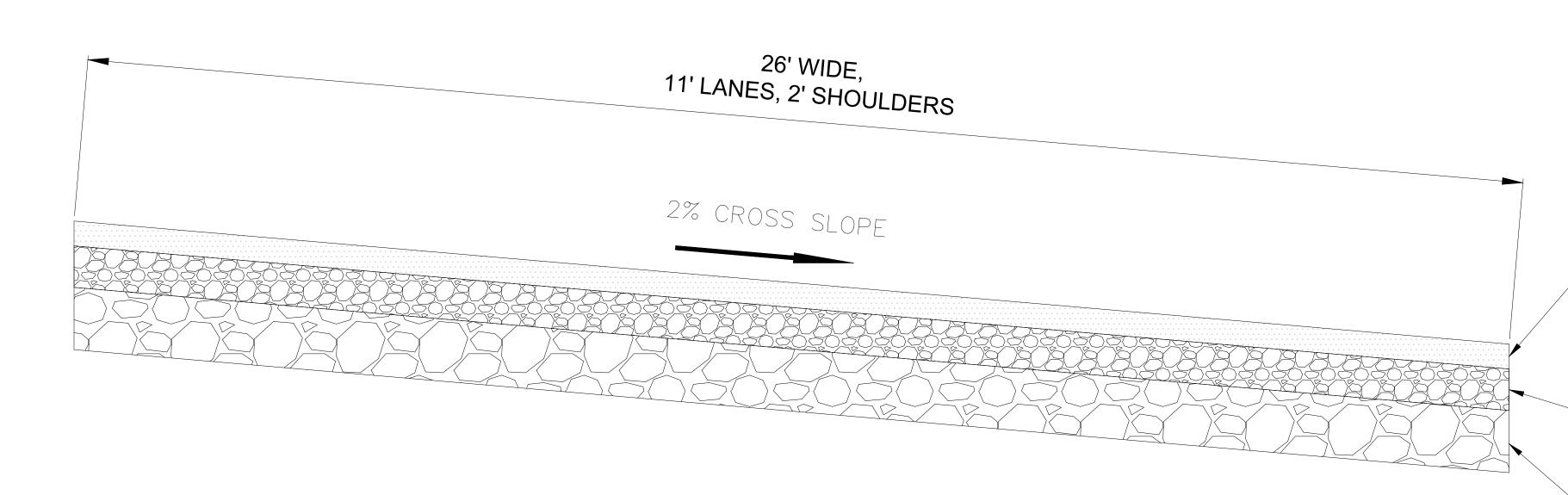
UTILITY LEGEND

- 1) 3/4" WATER METER. #1/C5.30
- (2) 1" WATER SERVICE LINE
- 3 WATER SERVICE CONNECTION POINT (TYP.),
- 1" CORPORATION STOP
- (4) SEWER SERVICE CONNECTION POINT (TYP.)
- 5 CLEANOUT, #2/C5.30
- 6) PRIVATE SDR-35 PVC SEWER SERVICE LINE
- POWER POLE, OVERHEAD ELECTRIC/UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC PER NES PLANS, 20' NES EASMENT

INC.

SWS ENGINEERING, I CUL ENGINEERING • LAND PLANNING • SI 504 Autumn Springs Court, Suite A-6 Franklin, TN 37067 951-704-0890

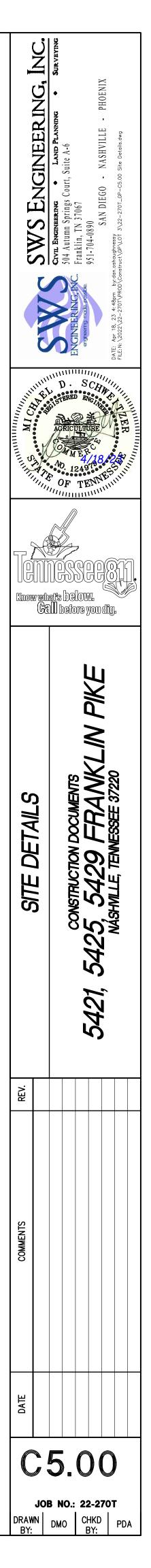
Know what's below. Cell before you dig. N DOCUMENTS FRANKLIN PIKE NESSEE 3720 /လိ AN חדודא ארי AIA CONSTRUCTION L 5425, 5429 | NÁSHMILE, TENNE 5421, $D=3^{\circ}54'30'', T = 66.99$ CH=S19^{\circ}43'14''W, 133.90 L=133.93, R=1963.39 MAP NO. 16.01 - PARCEL 07.00 PROJECT BENCHMARK BENCHMARK DESCRIPTION: HYDRANT TAG BOLT N: 625410.80 ELEVATION: 725.07 E: 1738950.30 (NAVD88) SAS C4.00(3) 60' 30 15' 30' JOB NO.: 22-270T SCALE IN FEET GRAPHIC SCALE 1"=30' DRAWN DMO CHKD PDA BY: PDA DIK



DETAIL #1 - ENTRANCE DRIVE

provide NDOT ST-322 Drive Apron detail

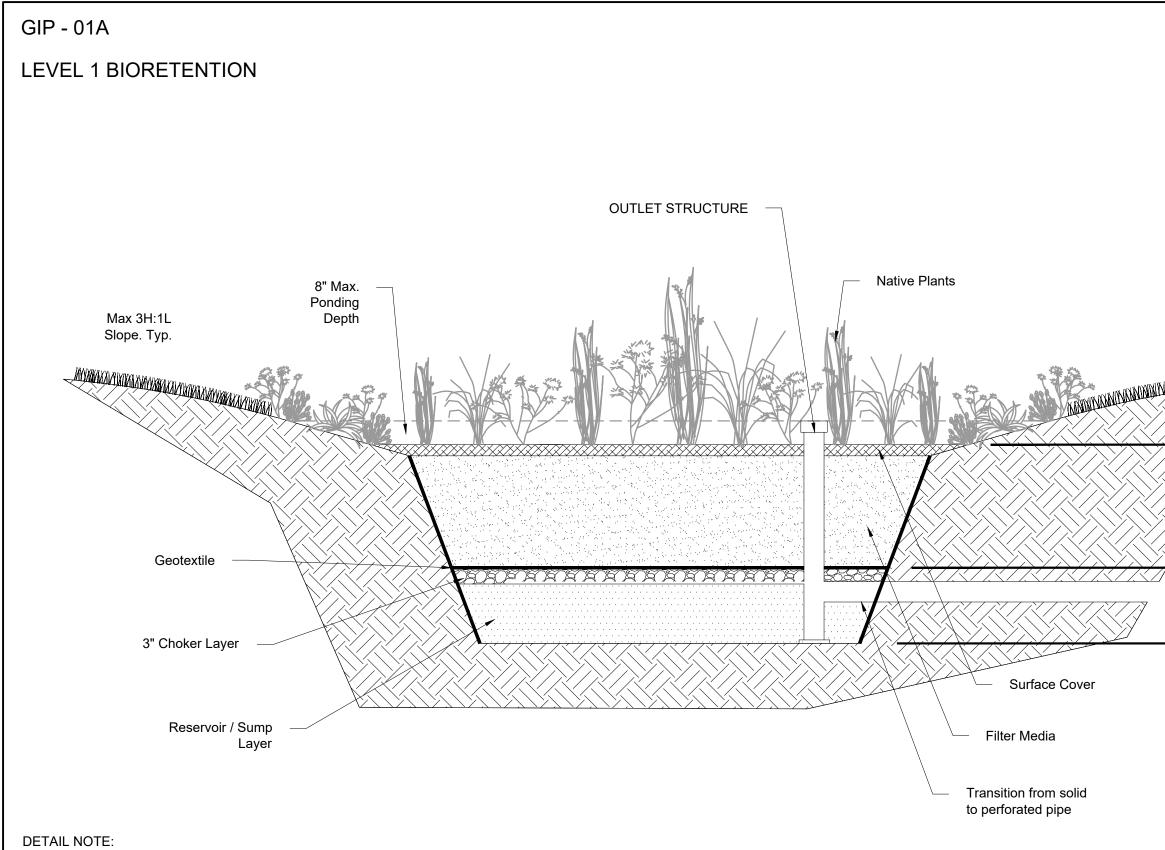
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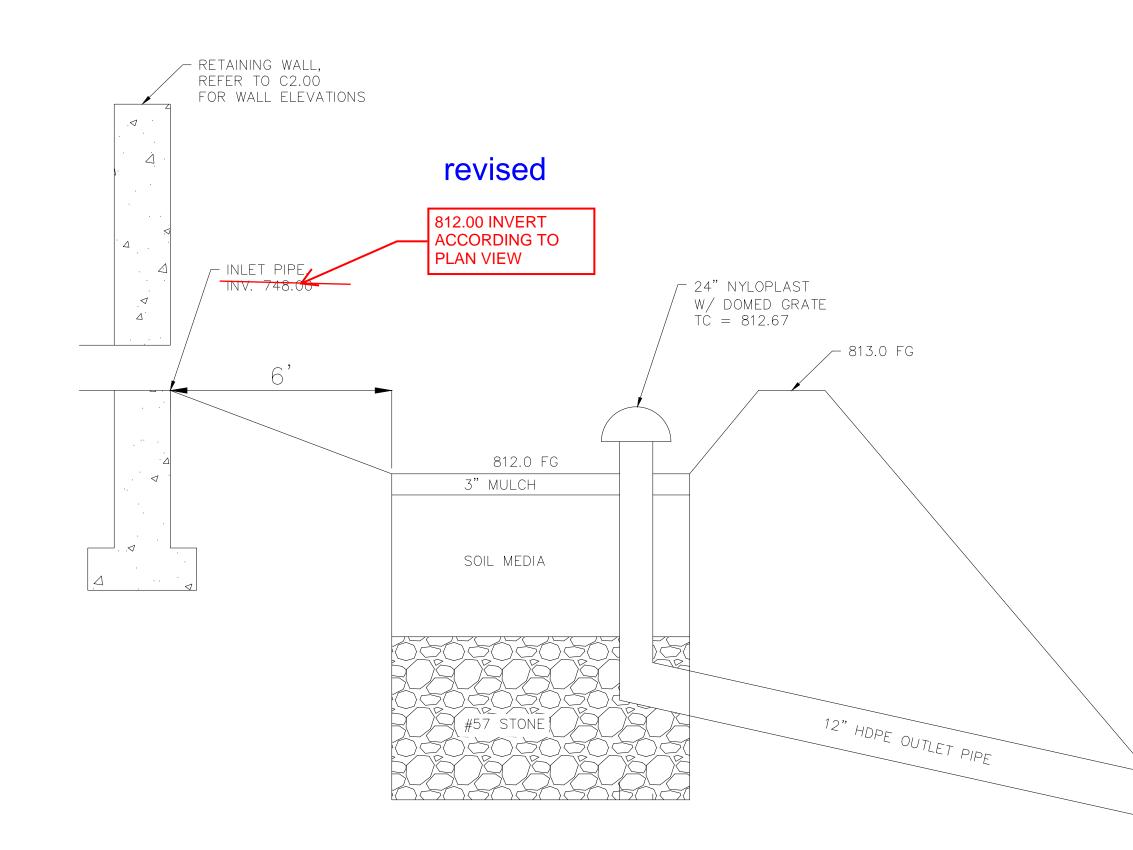
— 1.5" ASPHALTIC CONCRETE WEARING SURFACE

-2.5" BITUMINOUS PLANT MIX BASE (BINDER)

— 8" MINERAL AGGREGATE BASE, IN 2-4" LIFTS



- Contractor, Engineer, or Owners Representative shall notify MWS NPDES Staff at least 48 hours prior to the installation of the bioretention filter media. At the completion of installation, the above referenced person will collect one sample per bioretention area for analysis and confirmation of the
- filter media as defined by GIP-01. Media testing not required when using a certified media product.
- Vehicular traffic shall be prohibited on the planting bed in order to prevent compactions.
- Minimum 2' separation between subgrade and water table / bedrock required.



SECTION VIEW

Bioretention Number : 5429					
	Design As-Bui				
Treatment Volume (Tv), CF	943				
Surface Area, SF	360				
Top of Bank Elevation	813.0				
Emergency Spillway Elevation*	N/A				
Overflow (TOC) Elevation*	812.67				
(A) GIP Surface Elevation	812.0				
(B) Top of Stone Elevation	808.75				
Underdrain Invert*	N/A				
Outlet Elevation*	808.0				
(C) Subgrade Elevation	805.75				
* N/A if not required					

All elevations shall be NAVD88

Material Specifications Notes Surface Cover • Shredded hardwood • Hardwood bark • River stone • Coir or jute matting • Turf Lay a 3 inch layer on the surface of the filter bed in order to suppress weed growth & prevent erosion. Stone shall not comprise more than 50% of the surface area. Filter Media * Composition • 70% - 85% sand; • 10%-30% silt + clay, with clay ≤ 10%; and • 5% to 10% organic matter The volume of filter media based on 110% of the plan volume, to account for settling or compaction. Contact staff for testing procedures Geotextile Use a non-woven geotextile fabric with a flow rate of > 110 gal./min./ft ² (e.g., Geotex 351 or equivalent) Apply to the sides and above the underdrain (2'-4' wide strip). AASHTO M288-06, ASTM D4491 & D4751	Bioretention With Underdrain Material Specifications					
Surface Cover • Hardwood bark • Lay as inch layer of the surface of the inter- • Hardwood bark • River stone • bed in order to suppress weed growth & prevent erosion. Stone shall not comprise more than 50% of the surface area. Filter Media * • 70% - 85% sand; • The volume of filter media based on 110% of the plan volume, to account for settling or compaction. Contact staff for testing procedures Geotextile Use a non-woven geotextile fabric with a flow rate of > 110 gal./min./ft ² (e.g., Geotex 351 Apply to the sides and above the underdrain (2'-4' wide strip).						
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Geotextile rate of > 110 gal./min./ft ² (e.g., Geotex 351 $(2'-4' \text{ wide strip})$.						
Choker Layer * #8 or #89 clean washed stone Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.						
Reservoir Layer * #57 clean washed stone Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.						
Underdrain 6-inch dual wall HDPE or SDR 35 PVC pipe with 3/8-inch perforations at 6 inches on center AASHTO M 252 Place perforated pipe at base of reservoir layer.						
Cleanout 6-inch SDR 35 PVC pipe with vented cap Provide cleanouts at the upper end of the under	Irain					
Observation Well 6-inch SDR 35 PVC pipe with vented cap and anchor plate Number of wells equals the number of test pits required for infiltration testing (see Appendix 1-//	.)					
Sump Layer #57 clean washed stone Meet TDOT Construction Specifications.						

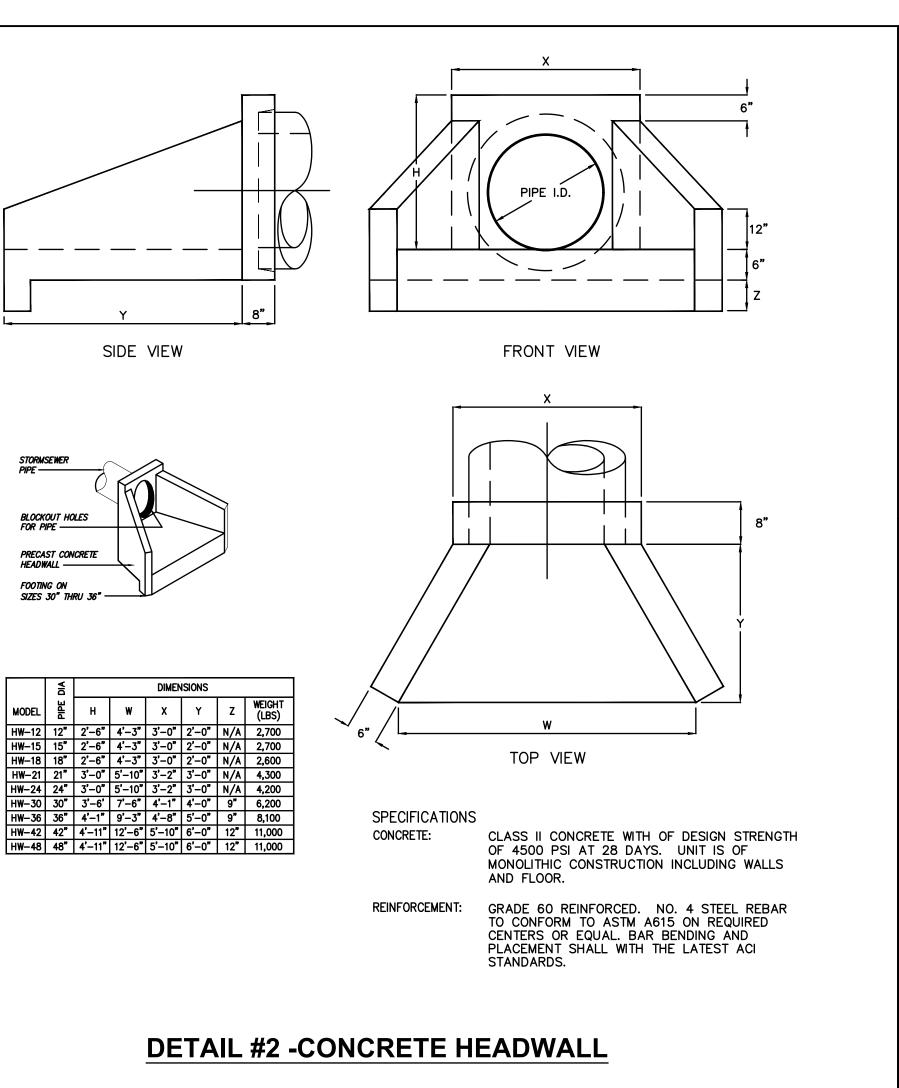
*Item receipts may be required to be included with as-built submittal.

DETAIL NOTES:

- The main goal of pretreatment filtering is to capture floatables, debris, grease, oils, silt and sediment where they can be easily cleaned at the surface of the GIP through regular maintenance, and before they have the opportunity to clog the practice.
- When concentrated flow is directed at a GIP through curb turnouts or pipe outlets, a sediment forebay shall be used to allow material to be captured where it can be easily cleaned.
- A sediment forebay shall be designed so that it is integrated into the GIP.
- Direct mainenance access to the forebay must be provided.
- Exit velocities from the forebay must be non-erosive. Velocities over the weir shall be provided. If high runoff velocity is a potential problem, some type of energy dissipation device must be incorporated.
- Sediment removal in the forebay shall occur in accordance with the long-term maintenance plan.
- A fixed vertical sediment depth marker shall be installed in the forebay to measure sediment deposition over time. The marker shall be made of durable, non-corroding material (not steel). The elevation at which sediment removal is required shall be marked with a line in contrasting color or shade.
- All disturbed areas must be immediately stabilized after construction to minimize erosion.

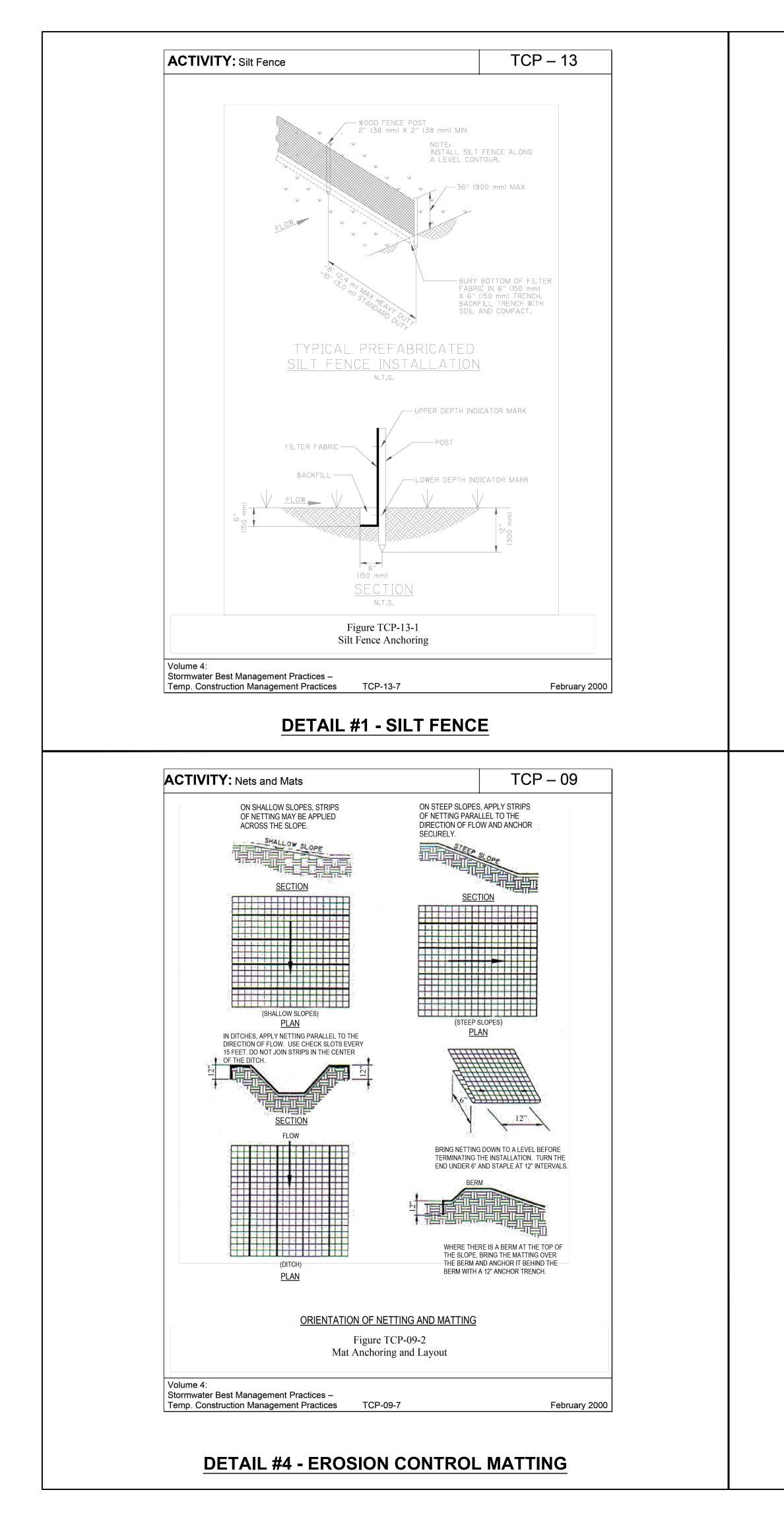
CONCRETE HEADWALL

To Outlet

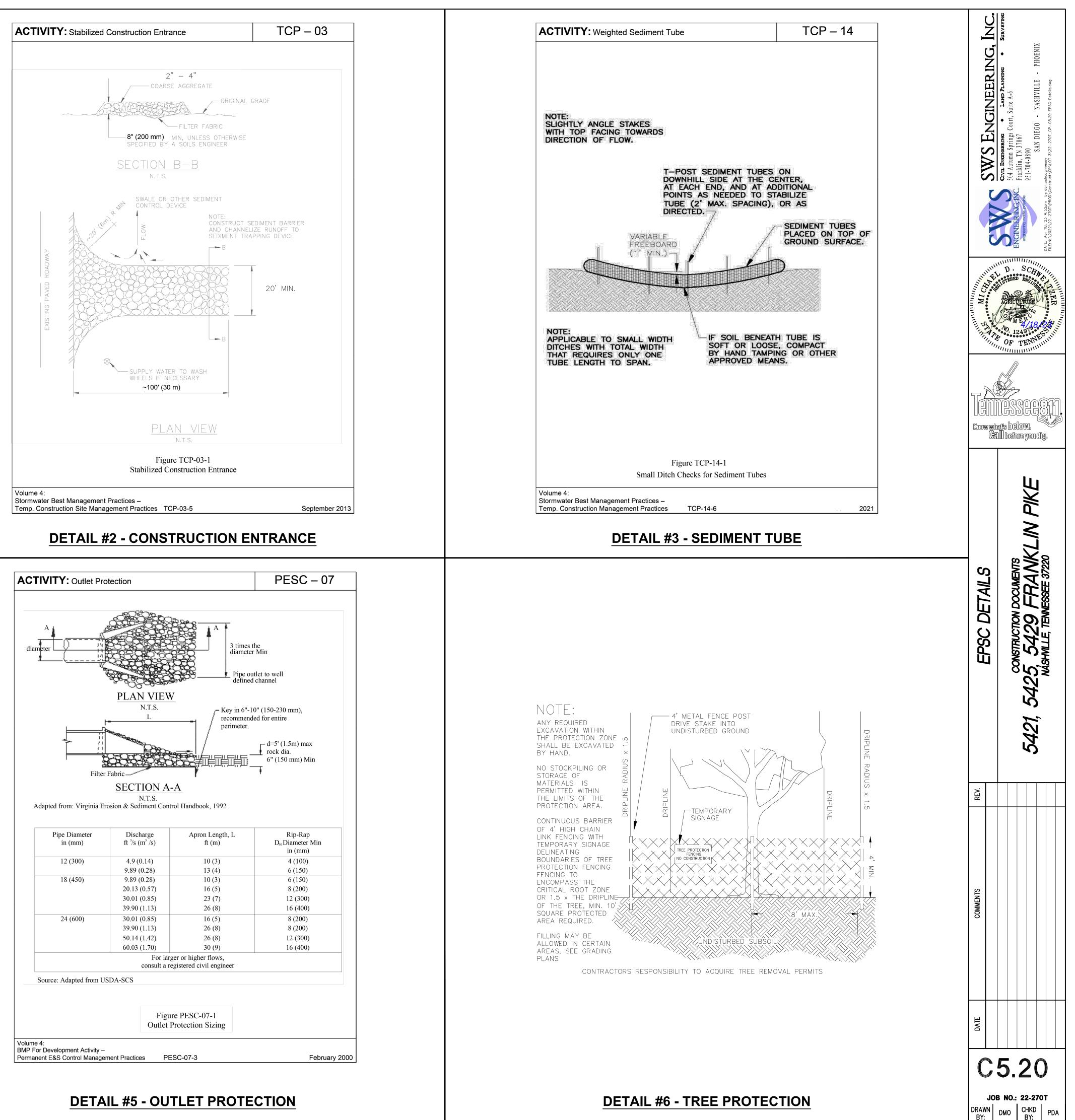


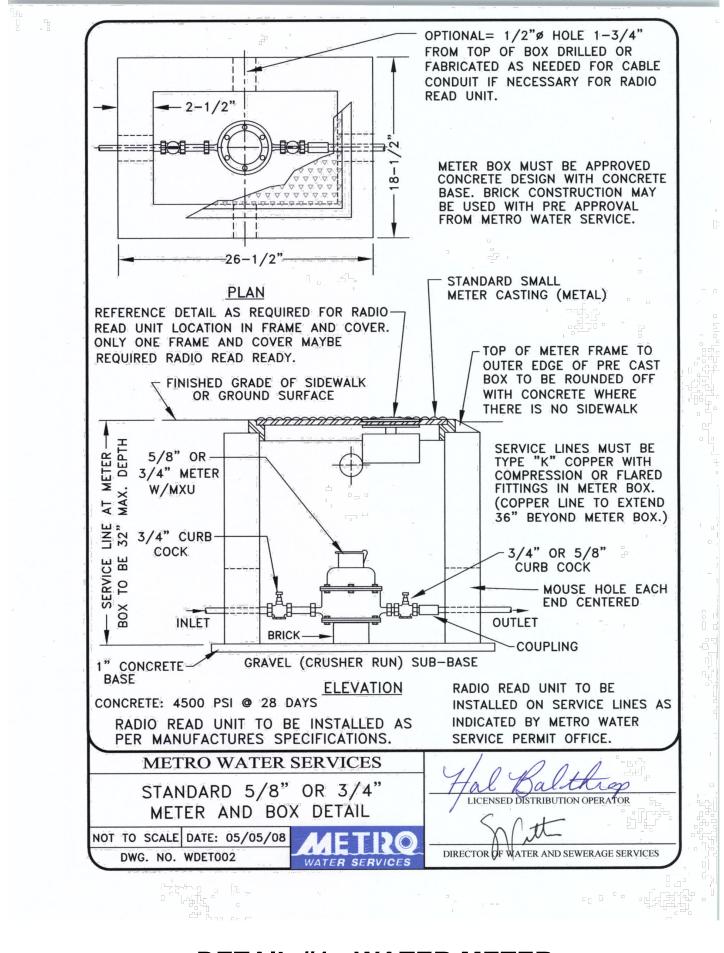
MODEL



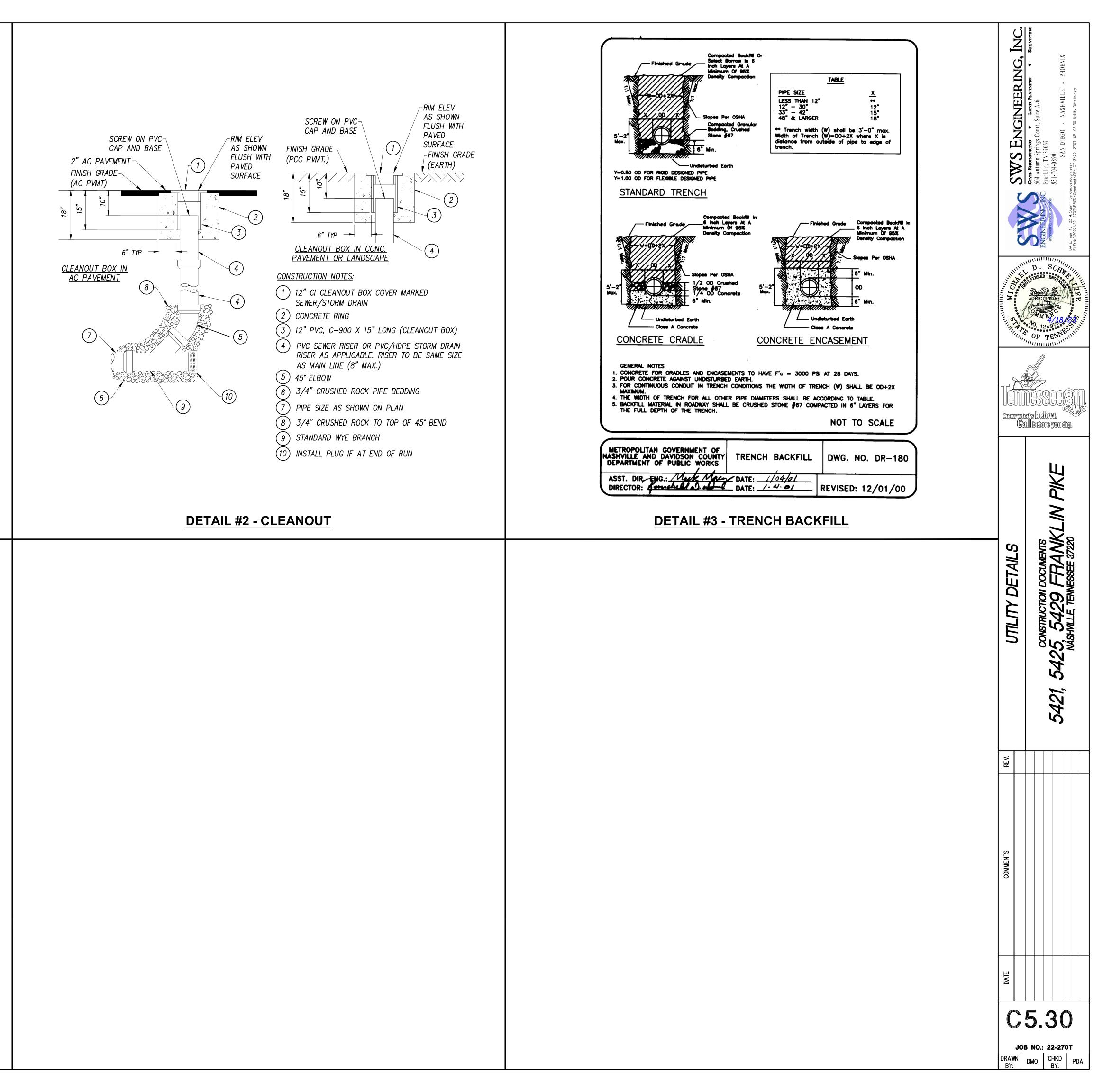




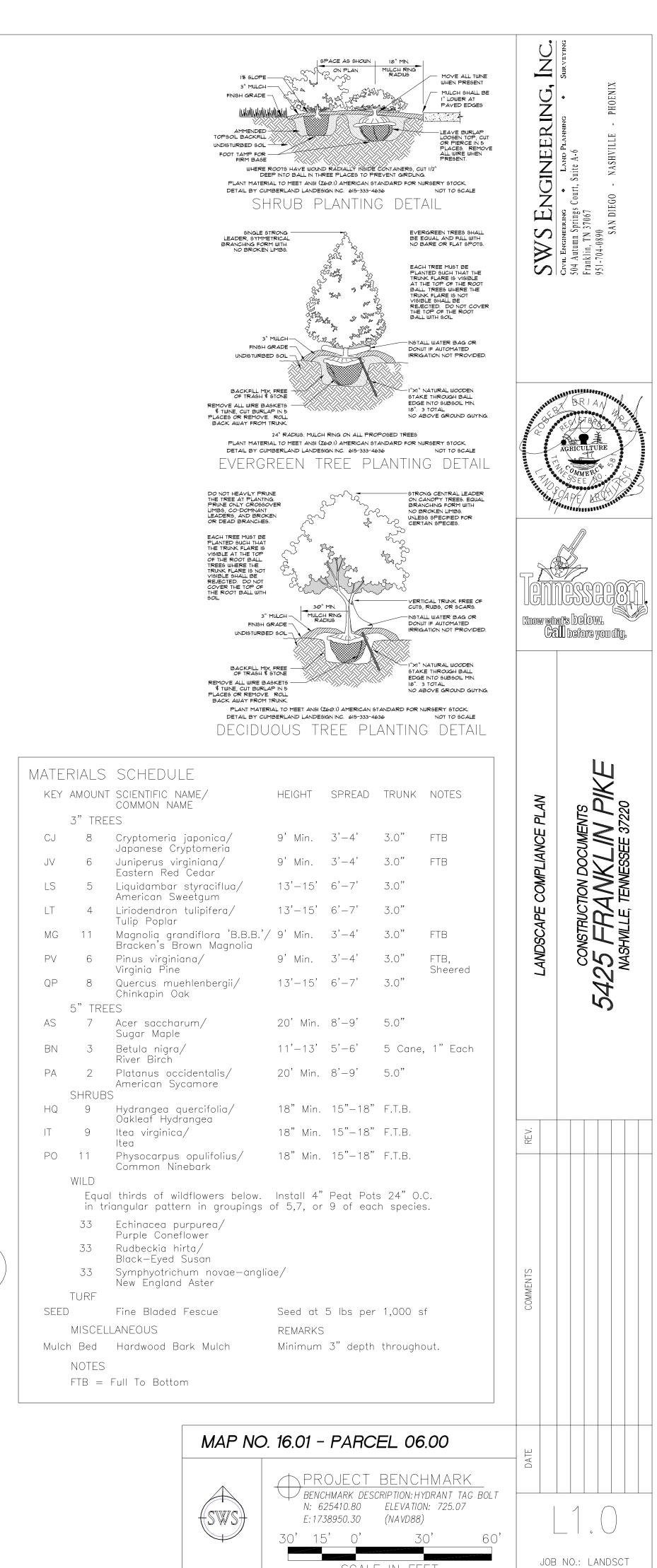












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