Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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City of Oak Hill, Tennessee Roster of City Officials (Unaudited) As of June 30, 2023

Position	Official	Period of Service
Mayor	Dale Grimes	7/1/22 – 6/30/23
Vice Mayor	Winston Evans	7/1/22 – 6/30/23
Commissioner	David DeMarco	7/1/22 – 6/30/23
Commissioner	Joy O'Dell	7/1/22 – 6/30/23
Commissioner	Scott Price	8/23/22 – 6/30/23
City Manager	Steve Collie*	7/1/22 – 6/30/23
Administrative Assistant	Victoria Talbott	7/1/22 – 6/30/23

^{*} CMFO in progress





Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners City of Oak Hill, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Oak Hill, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and sanitation fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios and employer's contributions on pages 32-33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedules on pages 34-36 (including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the State of Tennessee on page 34) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedules (including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards) on pages 34-36 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blankership CPA Group, Pllc

Blankenship CPA Group, PLLC Brentwood, Tennessee December 13, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The City of Oak Hill, Tennessee (the City), provides this Management Discussion and Analysis as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between the two reported as net position. Comparing the year-to-year increases or decreases in net position may be used as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences). These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government and administration, Highways and streets, and the sanitation operations. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a comparison of the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements may offer readers a better understanding of the long-term effect of near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between funds and activities.

The City maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, which is a major fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Condensed Comparative Data

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position:

	Government	tal Activities
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other	\$10,470,427	\$ 9,561,653
Capital assets	3,129,851	2,182,526
Other noncurrent assets	<u>101,752</u>	150,907
Total assets	13,702,030	11,895,086
Deferred Outflows of Resources	70,067	82,041
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	1,149,282	747,071
Long-term liabilities	313,247	354,848
Total liabilities	1,462,529	1,101,919
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,124	67,706
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,788,108	1,799,482
Restricted	101,752	150,907
Unrestricted	<u>9,412,584</u>	<u>8,857,113</u>
Total net position	\$12,302,444	\$10,807,502

The overall financial condition of the City on June 30, 2023 is sound. The governmental activities net position increased from \$10,807,502 to \$12,302,444 for the current year change in net position of \$1,494,942. A portion of the City's net position, \$2,788,108 (23%) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example – land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's lease liabilities are the only debt related to these assets. At year-end, \$101,752 (1%) of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. For the City, the restricted resources must be used for pensions. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$9,412,584 (76%), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reports positive balances for both the government as a whole and for the general fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a summary of financial activities for the City during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2021:

	Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022		
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,468,326	\$ 1,203,832		
Operating grants and contributions	169,911	169,438		
General Revenues				
Sales and use taxes	1,078,692	1,045,754		
County street aid	519,173	478,500		
Grants and contributions	350,097	161,293		
Other general revenues	<u>238,776</u>	128,717		
Total revenues	3,824,975	3,187,534		
Expenses				
General government	883,471	936,665		
Highways and streets	771,477	865,957		
Public works	183,945	180,120		
Sanitation	<u>675,085</u>	<u>564,060</u>		
Total expenses	2,330,033	2,546,802		
Change in net position	1,494,942	640,732		
Net position, beginning	<u> 10,807,502</u>	<u>10,166,770</u>		
Net position, ending	\$12,302,444	\$10,807,502		

The change in net position was \$1,494,942 for 2023. Sales and use taxes continue to increase (\$32,938, or 3% in 2023) due in large part to the State's efforts to collect on internet sales. General government professional services expenses decreased \$201,349 from the prior year due to contracting with acting city manager in the prior year and decreased IT consulting. Highways and streets snow removal expenses decreased \$104,788 from the prior year due to storms.

Fund Analysis

The focus on the City's general fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of unrestricted resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements in particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure to a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$9,405,054 representing an increase of \$529,017 from the previous year, as restated. General fund cash decreased \$1,525,665, in part due to moving cash into investments during the year. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 283% of total general fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The most significant budget variance resulted from higher than anticipated state and local sales and use tax and local option sales tax revenue, and higher than projected building permits revenue. Expenditures for capital outlay were lower than anticipated, resulting in lower realization of federal and state grant revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt Activity

Following is a summary of the City's capital assets, excluding leased assets:

	Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022		
Construction in progress	\$ 83,01	6 \$ 262,881		
Buildings and improvements	387,83	387,832		
Equipment	128,01	8 74,196		
Right-to-use assets	454,23	454,238		
Infrastructure	3,094,69	1,886,234		
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,017,94</u>	<u>(882,855)</u>		
	\$ 3,129,85	1 \$ 2,182,526		

The City's investment in capital assets from its governmental activities at June 30, 2023, totaled \$3,129,851 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The construction in progress represents amounts for the culvert improvement project.

Leased right-to-use assets are comprised of building and copier rentals.

Following is a summary of the City's long-term liabilities:

	•	Governmental Activities				
		2023		2022		
Lease liabilities	\$	298,804	\$	341,778		
Compensated absences		14,443	_	13,070		
	\$	313,247	\$	354,848		

More detailed information can be found in notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City received its second half of ARPA funds in the current year for a total amount of \$1,339,958. The 2023-24 budget represents expenditure of these funds for eligible purposes.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors, and all others with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be forwarded to the City Manager at:

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee 5548 Franklin Road, Suite 101 Nashville, Tennessee 37220 **Governmental Activities**

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets \$ 3,561,237 Investments 6,648,228 Accounts receivable 5,195 Intergovernmental receivables 239,097 Prepaid expenses 16,670 Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearmed revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Compensated absences 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 9,412,584 Total net position <td< th=""><th></th><th colspan="2">Governmental activities</th></td<>		Governmental activities	
Investments 6,648,228 Accounts receivable 5,195 Intergovernmental receivables 239,097 Prepaid expenses 16,670 Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities 70,067 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 42,939 Compensated absences 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 7,124 Net Position Net position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Assets		
Accounts receivable 5,195 Intergovernmental receivables 239,097 Prepaid expenses 16,670 Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 20,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 42,939 Compensated absences 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted	\$ 3,561,237	
Intergovernmental receivables 239,097 Prepaid expenses 16,670 Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 27,977 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 2788,108 Pension related 7,124 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Investments		
Prepaid expenses 16,670 Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 7,124 Net Position Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Accounts receivable	5,195	
Capital assets not being depreciated 83,016 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Intergovernmental receivables	239,097	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,046,835 Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 7,124 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Prepaid expenses	16,670	
Net pension asset 101,752 Total assets 13,702,030 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 2,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,124 Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Capital assets not being depreciated	83,016	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities 78,366 Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 100 within one year - lease liabilities Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 7,124 Net red Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,046,835	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 200 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Compensated absences 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,124 Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Net pension asset	101,752	
Pension related 70,067 Liabilities Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year	Total assets	13,702,030	
LiabilitiesAccounts payable78,366Unearned revenues1,027,977Noncurrent liabilities42,939Due within one year - lease liabilities42,939Due in more than one year14,443Compensated absences14,443Lease liabilities298,804Total liabilities1,462,529Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net Position101,752Unrestricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Accounts payable 78,366 Unearned revenues 1,027,977 Noncurrent liabilities 42,939 Due within one year - lease liabilities 42,939 Due in more than one year 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Pension related	70,067	
Unearned revenues1,027,977Noncurrent liabilities42,939Due within one year - lease liabilities42,939Due in more than one year14,443Compensated absences14,443Lease liabilities298,804Total liabilities1,462,529Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net PositionValue of the pensions of the pension	Liabilities		
Noncurrent liabilities Due within one year - lease liabilities Due in more than one year Compensated absences Lease liabilities 114,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Accounts payable	78,366	
Due within one year - lease liabilities42,939Due in more than one year14,443Compensated absences14,443Lease liabilities298,804Total liabilities1,462,529Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net PositionValue of the position of the pensions of the pen	Unearned revenues	1,027,977	
Due in more than one year Compensated absences 14,443 Lease liabilities 298,804 Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences14,443Lease liabilities298,804Total liabilities1,462,529Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net PositionValue of the position of the pensions of the pensi	Due within one year - lease liabilities	42,939	
Lease liabilities298,804Total liabilities1,462,529Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net Position2,788,108Net investment in capital assets2,788,108Restricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Due in more than one year		
Total liabilities 1,462,529 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related 7,124 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 2,788,108 Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Compensated absences	14,443	
Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related7,124Net Position2,788,108Net investment in capital assets2,788,108Restricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Lease liabilities	298,804	
Pension related7,124Net Position2,788,108Net investment in capital assets2,788,108Restricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Total liabilities	1,462,529	
Net Position2,788,108Net investment in capital assets2,788,108Restricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net investment in capital assets2,788,108Restricted for pensions101,752Unrestricted9,412,584	Pension related	7,124	
Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Net Position		
Restricted for pensions 101,752 Unrestricted 9,412,584	Net investment in capital assets	2,788,108	
Unrestricted <u>9,412,584</u>		101,752	
	·	9,412,584	
	Total net position		

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

									Go	vernment
					Progr	am Revenue	ne.		Rev C	(Expenses) venues and hanges in et Position
						perating		apital	146	et r'Osition
			(harges for		rants and		nts and	Gov	vernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		services	_	ntributions	_	ributions		ctivities
Primary Government							-			
General government	\$	883,471	\$	997,967	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,496
Highways and streets		771,477		-		169,911		-		(601,566)
Public works		183,945		-		-		-		(183,945)
Sanitation		491,140	_	470,359		_				(20,781)
Total governmental activities	\$	2,330,033	\$	1,468,326	\$	169,911	\$	-		(691,796)
	Ge	eneral Reven	ues							
		Sales and use	taxe	S						1,078,692
	I	ncome taxes								722
	ı	Payments in I	ieu o	f taxes						58,806
	I	Beer taxes								2,233
	(Gas taxes								8,961
	(County street	aid							519,173
		Sports betting	_							8,720
	(outions not re	stricte	ed				
		to specific p								350,097
	l	Jnrestricted i	nvest	tment earning	gs					153,356
	(Other								5,978
		Total gener	al rev	enues/						2,186,738
	Ch	ange in net p	ositi	on						1,494,942
	Ne	t position, be	ginni	ing of year						10,807,502
	Ne	t position, en	d of	year					\$ 1	12,302,444

Primary

City of Oak Hill, TennesseeBalance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General		Sanitation		Total
Assets					
Cash	\$	3,561,237	\$	-	\$ 3,561,237
Investments		6,648,228		-	6,648,228
Accounts receivable		-		5,195	5,195
Intergovernmental receivables		239,097		-	239,097
Due from other funds		-		139,825	139,825
Prepaid items		16,670		-	16,670
Total assets	\$	10,465,232	\$	145,020	\$ 10,610,252
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	27,376	\$	50,990	\$ 78,366
Due to other funds		139,825		-	139,825
Unearned revenues		892,977		135,000	 1,027,977
Total liabilities		1,060,178		185,990	 1,246,168
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable		16,670		-	16,670
Unassigned		9,388,384		(40,970)	9,347,414
Total fund balance		9,405,054		(40,970)	9,364,084
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,465,232	\$	145,020	\$ 10,610,252

City of Oak Hill, TennesseeReconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 9,364,084
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets	4,023,969
Less: accumulated depreciation	(894,118)
Net pension asset in governmental activities is not a financial resource	101 752
and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	101,752
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions are	
not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in	
governmental funds.	70.067
Deferred outflows of resources, TCRS pension plan	70,067
Deferred inflows of resources, TCRS pension plan	(7,124)
Liabilities not due and payable currently are not recorded in	
governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(14,443)
Lease liabilities	 (341,743)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,302,444

City of Oak Hill, TennesseeStatement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General		Sanitation		Total	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,149,414	\$	-	\$ 1,149,414	
Intergovernmental		1,187,878		-	1,187,878	
Charges for services		-		470,359	470,359	
Licenses and permits		857,990		-	857,990	
Investment earnings (loss)		153,356		-	153,356	
Other		5,978		-	5,978	
Total revenues		3,354,616		470,359	 3,824,975	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		852,854		-	852,854	
Highways and streets		1,737,127		-	1,737,127	
Public works		183,945		-	183,945	
Sanitation		-		491,140	491,140	
Debt service		51,673			 51,673	
Total expenditures		2,825,599		491,140	3,316,739	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		529,017		(20,781)	 508,236	
Net change in fund balance		529,017		(20,781)	508,236	
Fund balance, beginning of year		8,855,848		-	8,855,848	
Prior period adjustment		20,189		(20,189)	 	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,405,054	\$	(40,970)	\$ 9,364,084	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	508,236
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Capital outlay		1,082,416
Depreciation expense		(135,091)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Payments on lease liabilities		41,301
Change in compensated absences		(1,373)
Changes in pension asset and related deferred outflows of resources		
and deferred inflows of resources	_	(547)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,494,942

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted amounts					Actual		Variance with	
	Original			Final	amounts		final budget		
Revenues									
Taxes									
State sales and use	\$	450,000	\$	450,000	\$	581,895	\$	131,895	
State income		-		-		722		722	
State petroleum special		8,951		8,951		8,961		10	
State beer		2,299		2,299		2,233		(66)	
Local option sales		250,000		250,000		496,797		246,797	
Payments in-lieu		49,235		49,235		58,806		9,571	
Total taxes	760,485			760,485		1,149,414		388,929	
Intergovernmental									
Gasoline and motor fuel tax		176,076		176,076		87,154		(88,922)	
Gas 3-cent tax		-		-		25,185		25,185	
Gas 1989 tax	-			-		13,639		13,639	
Gas 2017 tax		-	-		43,933			43,933	
Federal and state grants		669,978		669,978		350,097 (3		(319,881)	
State sports betting		7,336	7,336		8,720			1,384	
County franchise fees		125,000		125,000		139,977		14,977	
County street aid		502,425		502,425		519,173		16,748	
Total intergovernmental		1,480,815		1,480,815	· ·	1,187,878		(292,937)	
Licenses and permits									
Building permits		400,000		400,000		764,950		364,950	
Planning and zoning fees		8,500		8,500		86,100		77,600	
Sign permits		-		-		150		150	
Other fines and permits		13,500		13,500		6,790		(6,710)	
Total licenses and permits		422,000		422,000	· ·	857,990		435,990	
Investment earnings (loss)		80,000		80,000		153,356		73,356	
Other revenues	_			_	_	5,978		5,978	
Total revenues		2,743,300		2,743,300		3,354,616		611,316	

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final	amounts		final budget	
Expenditures								
General government								
Current								
Salaries and wages	\$	453,092	\$	453,092	\$	408,042	\$	45,050
Employee benefits		136,515		136,515		128,834		7,681
Occupancy		13,060		13,060		5,179		7,881
Professional services		117,000		117,000		170,189		(53,189)
Public relations/legal notices		13,200		13,200		945		12,255
Office expenses		20,218		20,218		25,590		(5,372)
Insurance		23,425		23,425		22,119		1,306
Repairs and maintenance		2,500		2,500		2,695		(195)
Dues and subscriptions		15,437		15,437		12,022		3,415
Travel and vehicle expenses		2,400		2,400		2,400		-
Bank and credit card fees		5,000		5,000		8,183		(3,183)
Marketing		14,800		14,800		12,283		2,517
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		450		99,550
Debt service		49,800		49,800		51,673		(1,873)
Capital outlay		114,000		114,000		53,923		60,077
Total general government		1,080,447	_	1,080,447		904,527		175,920
Highways and streets								
Current								
Street lights		89,800		89,800		80,375		9,425
Emergency		10,000		10,000		133,670		(123,670)
ROW maintenance		53,770		53,770		63,637		(9,867)
Street maintenance		60,000		60,000		70,685		(10,685)
Snow removal		100,000		100,000		193,550		(93,550)
Contractual services		80,000		80,000		135,099		(55,099)
Permit/fees		3,000		3,000		3,825		(825)
Capital outlay		1,908,000		1,908,000		1,056,286		851,714
Total highways and streets		2,304,570		2,304,570		1,737,127		567,443
Public works								
Current								
Chipper and tree services	_	180,500		180,500		183,945	_	(3,445)
Total public works	_	180,500		180,500		183,945	_	(3,445)
Total expenditures		3,565,517		3,565,517		2,825,599		739,918
Net change		(822,217)		(822,217)		529,017		1,351,234
Fund balance, beginning of year		8,855,848		8,855,848		8,855,848		-
Prior period adjustment	_	20,189	_	20,189		20,189	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	8,053,820	\$	8,053,820	\$	9,405,054	\$	1,351,234

City of Oak Hill, TennesseeStatement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - Sanitation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	a	mounts	fin	al budget
Revenues		•						_
Charges for services								
Garbage and recycling fees	\$	536,000	\$	536,000	\$	470,359	\$	(65,641)
Expenditures								
Current								
Contract services		511,085		511,085		491,140		19,945
Net change		24,915		24,915		(20,781)		(45,696)
Fund balance, beginning of year		_		_		-		_
Prior period adjustment		(20,189)		(20,189)		(20,189)		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,726	\$	4,726	\$	(40,970)	\$	(45,696)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Entity

The City of Oak Hill, Tennessee (the City) was incorporated under the Private Act of the Tennessee General Assembly. The City provides the following services, as authorized by its charter and duly passed ordinances: streets, public improvements, and general administrative services. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accounting policies of the City conform to GAAP applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the City's significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The City's accompanying financial statements present the governmental units relevant to the operations of the City. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City.

Based on criteria in GASB pronouncements, there are no component units to be included within the City's financial reporting entity as of June 30, 2023.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position, and the statement of activities report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the City. The statement of net position presents the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt and lease liabilities that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, improvement, and use of those assets. Debt that was issued for capital purposes is not a part of the calculation of net investment in capital assets until the proceeds have been used to acquire capital assets. As of June 30, 2023, the City has no debt.

Restricted net position – results from restrictions placed on net position by external sources such as creditors, grantors, and contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – consists of elements of net position that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The statement of activities presents the amount of direct expenses of a given function that are offset by the related program revenues. The direct expenses are those that are clearly related to a specific function. Program revenues include charges to those who use, purchase, and/or directly benefit from the services and/or goods provided by a given function. Taxes and other revenues not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. On this basis, the City deems revenues to be available if the revenues are collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year, and up to one year for certain grant revenues.

Sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Some expenditures (debt service, long-term compensated absences, and claims and judgments expenditures) are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Fund Types and Major Funds

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. Any nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the combining section. Interfund receivables and payables are attributable to charges between funds that are outstanding.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General – The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sanitation – The sanitation fund is used to account for the City's solid waste collection and recycling activities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost and include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing accounts, short-term investments maturing within three months or less, and amounts held by the State Local Government Investment Pool.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Tennessee statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) securities and obligations guaranteed by the US government; (2) deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; and (3) the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee. During the current fiscal year, the City invested funds that were not immediately needed in savings. Deposits in financial institutions are required by statute to be secured and collateralized by the institutions holding the deposits. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a total minimum fair value of 105% of the value of the deposits placed in the institutions, less the amount protected by federal depository insurance. Collateral requirements are not applicable for financial institutions that participate in the state of Tennessee's collateral pool.

Receivables

All trade and tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. There was no allowance recorded at June 30, 2023.

Investments

Investments for the City are reported at fair value; securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued primarily at quoted market prices.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include: property, plant, and equipment; infrastructure assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, streets, and sidewalks; and drainage systems. These are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is provided over the estimated lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Building and improvements	15 – 30 years
Equipment	3 – 15 years
Infrastructure	20 – 30 years

Leased assets include building and copier rentals. Amortization is provided over the lives of the leases, which are 10 and 5 years, respectively.

Unearned Garbage and Recycling Fees

The City provides pickup and disposal of garbage and recycling services to its residents and charges a fee of \$25 per month. The City also offers its residents the option of paying an annual or quarterly fee in advance of monthly services being provided, which includes a 10% and 5% overall discount, respectively. These advance payments are considered unearned revenues, and are recognized as income on a monthly basis as garbage and recycling services are provided by the City. The discount program was discontinued effective November, 1, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Compensated Absences

City policy provides for the accumulation of unused vacation and sick days equal to those earned in the current year. In the event of employee termination or retirement, the employee is entitled to payment for unused vacation and sick leave. All annual leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if amounts are actually due to employees as a result of termination and/or retirement.

Leases

The City determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The City also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The City monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Governmental Fund Equity Classification

The governmental funds report fund balances in classifications that comprise a hierarchy, based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories of fund balance are as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City's related items are not in spendable form.

Restricted – amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources that are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (either ordinance or resolutions) at the Board of Mayor and Commissioners level of decision-making authority (the Board). These are reported as committed fund balance. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – amounts that are constrained by the City's intent that they be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. The City Commission has authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance up to certain amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Governmental Fund Equity Classification

Unassigned – amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes have exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, those amounts are reported as a negative unassigned fund balance.

The City does not have any committed or assigned fund balances at June 30, 2023. The City's practice is to expend any available restricted, committed or assigned resources, in that order, prior to expending unassigned resources.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and which, as such, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category, all relating to pensions: differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, certain changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between actual and expected investment earnings, and amounts of employer contributions to the pension plan made subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and which, as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has the following items of this type that qualify for reporting on the statement of net position, all relating to pensions: differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, certain changes in actuarial assumptions, and differences between actual and expected investment earnings.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Postemployment healthcare benefits other than pension benefits are accounted for under GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and presentation of postemployment healthcare benefits expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to opening capital assets and long-term liabilities balances to conform to the current year presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The City adopts an annual budget for the general fund. The City's budgetary process accounts for transactions using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the basis used in the governmental fund statements, in accordance with GAAP.

Total expenditures for the fund may not exceed the total amount appropriated in the budget ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within an individual fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations for any fund must be approved through the passage of an ordinance by the City Commission. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note 3. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) US government securities and obligations guaranteed by the US government; (2) deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; and (3) the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee. The City's cash is held by a financial institution that participates in the bank collateral pool administered by the Treasurer of the State of Tennessee. Deposits in financial institutions are required by statute to be secured and collateralized by the institutions. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a total minimum market value of 105% of the value of the deposits placed in the institutions, less the amount protected by federal depository insurance. Collateral requirements are not applicable for financial institutions that participate in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool.

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City, minimizes this risk by requiring full collateralization on all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, except when the institution issuing the certificate of deposit belongs to the State of Tennessee bank collateral pool. The City's deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the City's name.

Note 4. Investments

The City has investments totaling \$6,648,228 with an investment manager. These investments include cash and cash equivalents and fixed income securities. Interest income and unrealized gains on investments totaled \$108,956 and \$44,400, respectively, for the year.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The framework for measuring fair value provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 4. **Investments**

Level 2 – Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, like interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, or credit spreads; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments measured at fair value and the noted weighted average:

					Weighted Average Maturity
	 Level 1	L	evel 2	Total	(Years)
Fixed income securities					
Government bonds	\$ 2,158,014	\$	-	\$ 2,158,014	0.46
US Treasury notes	3,430,638		-	3,430,638	0.98
Certificates of deposit	977,524		-	977,524	0.94
Money market access	 82,052			 82,052	-
	\$ 6,648,228	\$	-	\$ 6,648,228	

As of June 30, 2023, each of the investment types listed above constitute a concentration risk due to the investments exceeding 5% of the portfolio balance.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk for adverse interest rate changes. City policy provides that, to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Typically, fixed income securities include certificates of deposit issued at fixed interest rates over their maturity periods. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are available daily. At June 30, 2023, investments of the City had average weighted maturities as noted above.

Credit Risk – The City's policies limit deposits and investments to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws. Statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) US government securities and obligations guaranteed by the US government; (2) deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; and (3) the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee. As of June 30, 2023, all bank deposits were fully collateralized or insured.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

4	5,195 239,097
\$	244.292
	\$

Note 6. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	 Beginning balance	 Additions	etirements nd transfers	Ending balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 262,881	\$ 550,648	\$ (730,513)	\$ 83,016
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	387,832	-	-	387,832
Equipment	74,196	53,822	-	128,018
Right-to-use assets	454,238	-	-	454,238
Infrastructure	 1,886,234	 477,946	 730,513	 3,094,693
	2,802,500	531,768	-	4,064,781
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Building and improvements	(279,346)	(19,477)	-	(298,823)
Equipment	(68,914)	(8,167)	-	(77,081)
Right-to-use assets	(79,325)	(44,503)	-	(123,828)
Infrastructure	 (455,270)	 (62,944)	 	 (518,214)
	 (882,855)	 (135,091)	 	 (1,017,946)
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,182,526	\$ 947,325	\$ -	\$ 3,129,851

Construction in progress consisted of the culvert improvement project.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows for the year:

	\$ 135,091
Highways and streets	 62,944
General government	\$ 72,147
Governmental activities	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7. Lease Liabilities

The City leases a portion of its office space from Nashville Cambridge Court. Lease payments are \$3,736 per month, with escalating increases through lease expiration in December 2030. Additionally, the City leases copier equipment, with payments of \$99 per month. The lease extends through June 2026. The City used the risk free rate in effect as of the lease inception dates, which was between 1.26% and 2.03%. Neither lease contains variable payments, residual value guarantees, or commitments before the commencement of the lease term.

During the year the changes in long-term liabilities were as follows:

	В	eginning					Ending	D	ue within
		<u>balance</u>	Ac	ditions	Re	<u>tirements</u>	balance		one year
Lease liabilities	\$	383,044	\$	-	\$	(41,301)	\$ 341,743	\$	42,939

Principal and interest requirements on these leases are as follows:

Year ended					
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		lr	nterest	Total
2024	\$	42,939	\$	4,083	\$ 47,022
2025		44,612		3,524	48,136
2026		46,349		2,943	49,292
2027		46,939		2,349	49,288
2028		48,771		1,747	50,518
Thereafter		112,133		1,609	 113,742
Total	\$	341,743	\$	16,255	\$ 358,033

Note 8. **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Employees of the City are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by statute under Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reportingand-Investment-Policies.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8. **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

General Information about the Pension Plan

Benefits Provided

Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive years average compensation and the member's service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 60 and vested or pursuant to the rule of 80 in which the member's age and service credit total 80. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service-related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. The service-related and nonservice-related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10% and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3%, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than .5%. A 1% COLA is granted if the CPI change is between .5% and 1%. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	TCRS Hybrid
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active employees	3
	11

Contributions

Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5% of salary. The City makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the employer contributions for the City were \$8,141, based on a rate of 2.13% of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the City's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contributions (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Pension Liabilities (Assets)

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72% to 3.44%, based on age,
	including inflation, and averaging 4.00%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including
	inflation
Cost of living adjustment	2.125%

Mortality rates were based on actual experience, including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2020 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.25%. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term	
	expected real	Target
Asset class	rate of return	allocation
US equity	4.88%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.37%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.09%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	6.57%	20%
US fixed income	1.20%	20%
Real estate	4.38%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 6.75% based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the City will be made at the ADC rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	tal pension liability (a)	n fiduciary t position (b)	et pension pility (asset) (a)-(b)
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 343,802	\$ 494,709	\$ (150,907)
Service cost	11,780	-	11,780
Interest	23,844	-	23,844
Experience differences	6,728	-	6,728
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions, employer	-	3,759	(3,759)
Contributions, employees	-	8,825	(8,825)
Net investment income	-	(19,072)	19,072
Benefit payments/refunds	(4,683)	(4,683)	-
Administrative expenses	 	 (315)	 315
Net changes	 37,669	 (11,486)	 49,155
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 381,471	\$ 483,223	\$ (101,752)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.75%) or 1% higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease	 urrent rate	% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (45,666)	\$ (101,752)	\$ (148,026)

Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense) and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions
Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) of \$7,421.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8. **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense) and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ou	Deferred Itflows of Esources	in	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	26,100	\$	7,124
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		2,170		-
Changes in assumptions		33,656		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date				
of June 30, 2022		8,141		_
	\$	70,067	\$	7,124

The amount shown above for "Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2022," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	
2024	\$ 8,313
2025	13,741
2026	10,865
2027	21,885
2028	-
Thereafter	-

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the City reported no amounts payable for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9. **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

City employees are eligible to participate in the following defined contribution pension plans depending on date of hire and certain eligibility factors:

	Plan	
Plan name	administrator	Plan type
State of Tennessee Deferred Compensation Plan II – 401(k)	TCRS	401(k)
Tennessee State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust – 457(b)	TCRS	457(b)

Participation in the defined contribution pension plans permits participants to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to them until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The City has determined that none of its defined contribution pension plans are fiduciary component units or fiduciary activities of the government.

State of Tennessee Deferred Compensation Plan II – 401(k)

The City's participating employer agreement for the State of Tennessee Deferred Compensation Plan II -401(k) (State 401(k) Plan) was effective on October 1, 2013. The plan's investments are held in trust by Empower Retirement.

Each employee hired after July 1, 2014, is eligible to participate in the plan for the purpose of making elective deferrals and receiving non-matching contributions. Employee salary reduction contributions are voluntary. Participating employees vest 20% per year after one year of service in non-matching contributions. Forfeitures of unvested amounts for employees that leave employment prior to becoming fully vested will be used first to reduce the employer's non-matching contributions and then to offset plan expenses. The City's non-matching contribution amount is 7% of the employee's compensation for participating employees.

Benefit terms and contribution rates are established and may be amended by formal resolution of the City's Board of Commissioners.

The City's contributions to the State 401(k) Plan recognized in pension expense for the year totaled \$17,138. No forfeitures were used by the City during the year. At June 30, 2023, there were no amounts relating to required contributions payable to the plan.

Tennessee State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust – 457(b)

The City's participating employer agreement for the Tennessee State Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust – 457(b) (State 457(b) Plan) was effective on October 1, 2013. The plan's investments are held in trust by Empower Retirement.

Each employee hired after July 1, 2014, is eligible to participate in the plan for the purpose of making elective deferrals. Employee salary reduction contributions are voluntary. The City does not make matching or non-matching contributions and, as such, forfeiture policies are not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9. **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

Benefit terms and contribution rates are established and may be amended by formal resolution of the City's Board of Commissioners.

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Employees of the City are provided with pre-age 65 retiree health insurance benefits through the Local Government OPEB Plan (LGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide OPEB benefits to employees. However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. All eligible pre-age 65 retired employees and disability participants of local governments who elect this coverage participate in the LGOP. The City made no contributions to the plan during the year and the associated liability is not material to the City.

Note 11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of general liability and property and casualty losses. The City has determined it is more economically feasible to join a public entity risk pool than to purchase commercial insurance for general liability and property and casualty coverage. The City joined the TML Insurance Pool, which is a public entity risk pool established by the Tennessee Municipal League, an association of member cities. The City pays an annual premium to the TML for its general liability and property and casualty insurance coverage. The creation of the pool provides for it to be self-sustaining through member premiums. The pool reinsures through commercial insurance companies. The City has not had claims in excess of insurance coverage during the last three years.

Note 12. Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment of \$20,189 was made to beginning fund balance for the general fund and an offsetting adjustment of (\$20,189) to beginning fund balance for the sanitation fund to properly report solid waste collection activities for years prior to 2023 within the sanitation fund. There was no change to beginning net assets.

Note 13. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 13, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance.



Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios City TCRS Pension Plan (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability																	
Service cost	\$ 11,780	\$	15,790	\$	16,062	\$	15,915	\$	13,775	\$	3,055	\$	27,159	\$	65,703	\$	-
Interest	23,844		19,249		16,023		13,339		10,768		8,512		11,682		5,504		-
Changes in benefit terms	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between actual and																	
expected experience	6,728		10,346		13,600		7,622		8,781		8,720		(56,999)		49,714		7,680
Changes in assumptions	-		49,624		-		-		-		4,018		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of																	
employee contributions	(4,683)		(1,840)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in total pension liability	37,669		93,169		45,685		36,876		33,324		24,305		(18,158)		120,921		7,680
Total pension liability, beginning of year	343,802		250,633		204,948		168,072		134,748		110,443		128,601		7,680		-
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	381,471		343,802		250,633		204,948		168,072		134,748		110,443		128,601		7,680
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																	
Contributions, employer	3,759		5,465		5,221		4,668		7,229		3,245		887		2,953		3,719
Contributions, employees	8,825		10,929		12,255		10,957		16,969		7,617		2,083		62,749		78,897
Net investment income	(19,072)		99,978		17,569		23,417		22,600		25,953		5,744		5,446		14,605
Benefit payments, including refunds																	
of employee contributions	(4,683)		(1,840)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Administrative expenses	(315)		(198)		(266)		(267)		(285)		(229)		(76)		(51)		(137)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 (11,486)		114,334		34,779		38,775		46,513		36,586		8,638		71,097		97,084
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	494,709		380,375		345,596		306,821		260,308		223,722		215,084		143,987		46,903
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year (b)	 483,223		494,709		380,375		345,596		306,821		260,308		223,722		215,084		143,987
Net pension liability (asset), end of year (a)-(b)	\$ (101,752)	\$	(150,907)	\$	(129,742)	\$	(140,648)	\$	(138,749)	\$	(125,560)	\$	(113,279)	\$	(86,483)	\$	(136,307)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	126.67%		143.89%		151.77%		168.63%		182.55%		193.18%		202.57%		167.25%		1874.83%
•		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Covered payroll Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of	\$ 235,964	\$	218,588	\$	245,109	\$	219,143	\$	211,916	\$	152,342	\$	41,661	\$	138,648	\$	174,586
covered payroll	(43.12%)		(69.04%)		(52.93%)		(64.18%)		(65.47%)		(82.42%)		(271.91%)		(62.38%)		(78.07%)

Notes to Schedule

GASB 68 requires a 10-year schedule for this data to be presented starting with the implementation of GASB 68. The information in this scheule is not required to be presented retroactively prior to the implementation date. Please refer to previously supplied data from the TCRS GASB website for prior years' data, if needed.

In 2021, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from changes to the inflation rate, investment rate of return, cost-of-living adjustment, and mortality improvements. In 2017, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from changes to the inflation rate, investment rate of return, cost-of-living adjustment, salary growth, and mortality improvements.

See independent auditor's report

Schedule of Employer's Contributions City TCRS Pension Plan (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,229	\$ 3,245	\$ 887	\$ 2,953	\$ 3,719
actuarially determined contribution	8,141	3,759	5,465	5,221	4,668	7,229	3,245	887	2,953	3,719
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (8,141)	\$ (3,759)	\$ (5,465)	\$ (5,221)	\$ (4,668)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 382,217	\$ 235,964	\$ 218,588	\$ 245,109	\$ 219,143	\$ 211,916	\$ 152,342	\$ 41,661	\$ 138,648	\$ 174,586
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.13%	1.59%	2.50%	2.13%	2.13%	3.41%	2.13%	2.13%	2.13%	2.13%

Notes to Schedule

GASB 68 requires a 10-year schedule for this data to be presented starting with the implementation of GASB 68. The information in this scheule is not required to be presented retroactively prior to the implementation date. Please refer to previously supplied data from the TCRS GASB website for prior years' data, if needed.

In 2021, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 2.25% to 2.125%; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.25% to 6.75%; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.25% to 2.125%; and modified mortality assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00% to 2.50%; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50% to 7.25%; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50% to 2.25%; and decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25% to an average of 4.00%.

Actuarially determined contribution rates for fiscal year 2023 were calculated based on the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period Varies by year

Asset valuation 10-year smoothed, within a 20% corridor to market value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.72% to 3.44%, based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation Retirement age Pattern of retirement determined by experience study

Mortality Customized table based on actual experience, including adjustment for some anticipated improvement

Cost-of-living adjustment 2.125%

See independent auditor's report



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor / Pass-through Grantor	Program name	Assistance Listing number	Contract number	Expenditures	
Federal Awards U.S. Department of the Treasury / N/A - Direct	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	\$ 350,097	
Total federal awards				\$ 350,097	

Notes

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

This schedule of expenditures of federal awards summarizes the expenditures of the City under programs of the federal governments for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the City. Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

City of Oak Hill, Tennessee Schedule of Changes in Lease Obligations For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description of indebtedness	а	Original mount f issue	Interest rate	Date of issue	Maturity date	itstanding ly 1, 2022	(ssued during period	n	id and/or natured during period	dι	unded Iring eriod	tstanding e 30, 2023
Governmental Activities Leases payable through general fu	nd												
Building rental Copier rental	\$	448,298 5,940	1.26% 2.03%	10/01/2020 06/18/2021	09/01/2030 06/18/2026	\$ 378,292 4,752	\$	-	\$	40,149 1,152	\$	-	\$ 338,143 3,600
Total leases payable - Governmen	tal Ac	tivities				\$ 383,044	\$	-	\$	41,301	\$	-	\$ 341,743

City of Oak Hill, TennesseeSchedule of Lease Obligations, Principal, and Interest Requirements by Fiscal Year
June 30, 2023

	Building	rental	Copier	rental	To	tal
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	41,763	4,021	1,176	62	42,939	4,083
2025	43,412	3,486	1,200	38	44,612	3,524
2026	45,125	2,929	1,224	14	46,349	2,943
2027	46,939	2,349	-	-	46,939	2,349
2028	48,771	1,747	-	-	48,771	1,747
2029	50,662	1,122	-	-	50,662	1,122
2030	52,603	473	-	-	52,603	473
2031	8,868	14			8,868	14
	\$ 338,143	\$ 16.141	\$ 3.600	\$ 114	\$ 341,743	\$ 16.255





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Commissioners City of Oak Hill, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Oak Hill, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blankowship CPA Group, Pllc

Blankenship CPA Group, PLLC Brentwood, Tennessee December 13, 2023



City of Oak Hill, TennesseeSummary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
2022-001	Timely and Accurate Bank Reconciliations	Corrected

Timely and Accurate Other Account Reconciliations Corrected 2022-002

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
N/A	There were no prior findings reported	N/A